

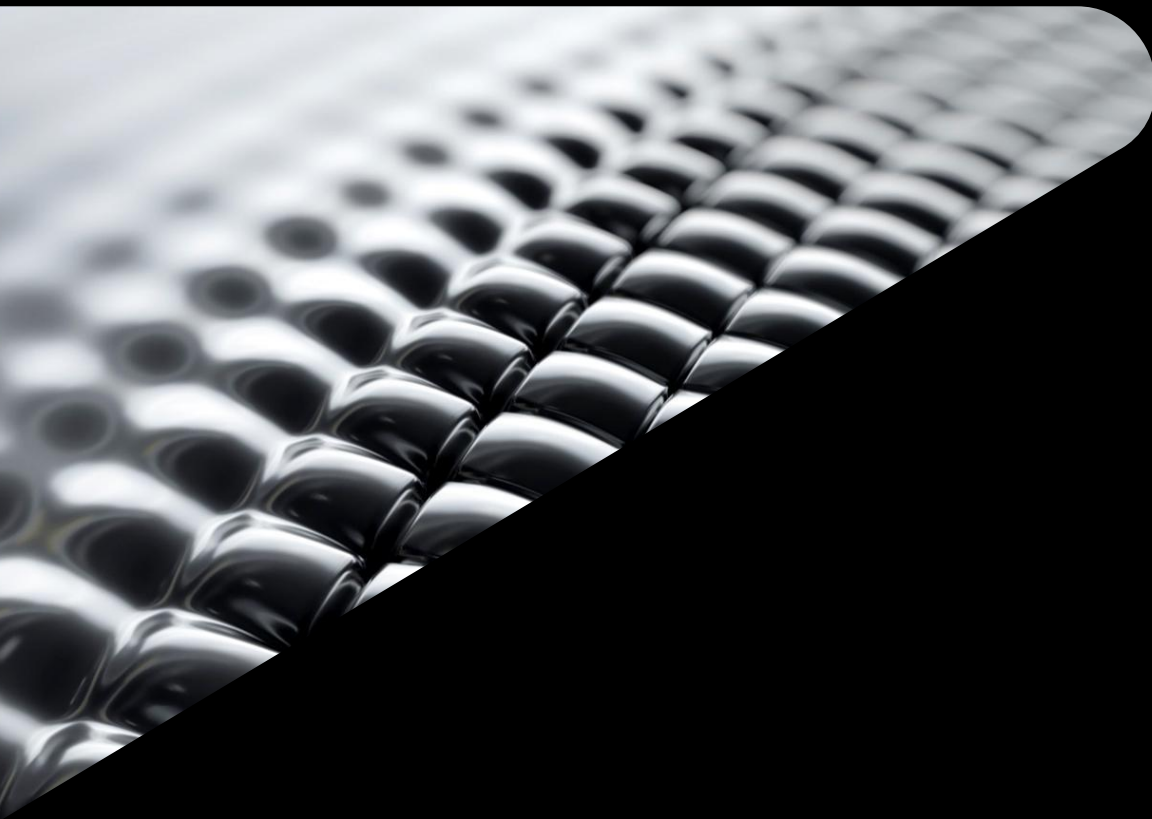


Autodesk Fusion 360 for Architects & Designers

Jeffrey McGrew

Architect & Co-Founder | becausewecan.design



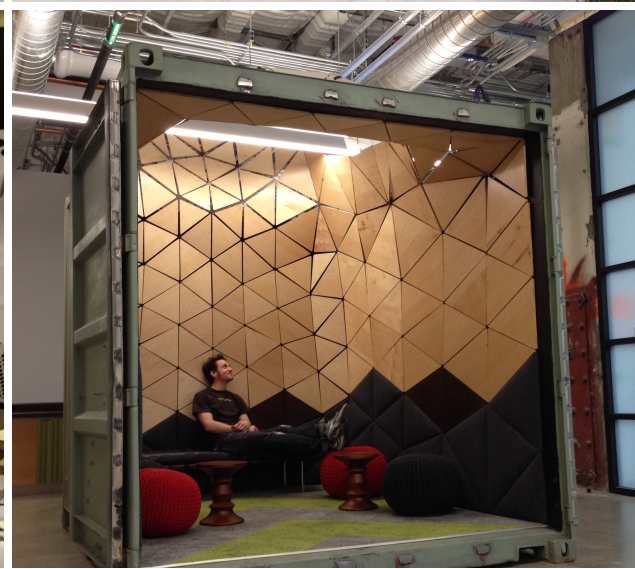
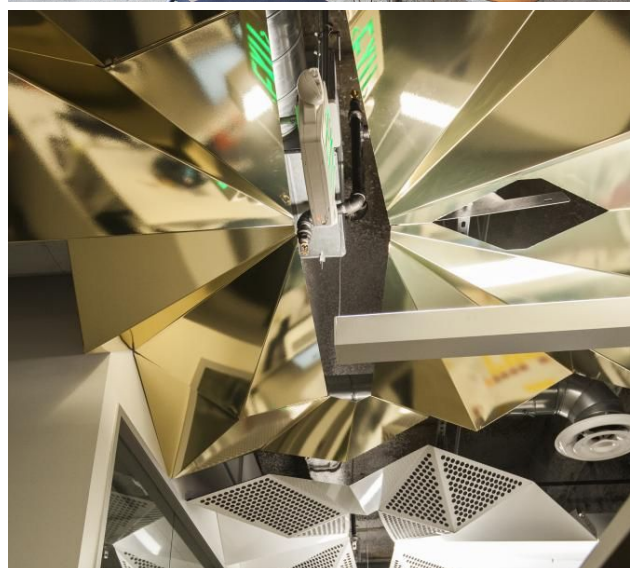
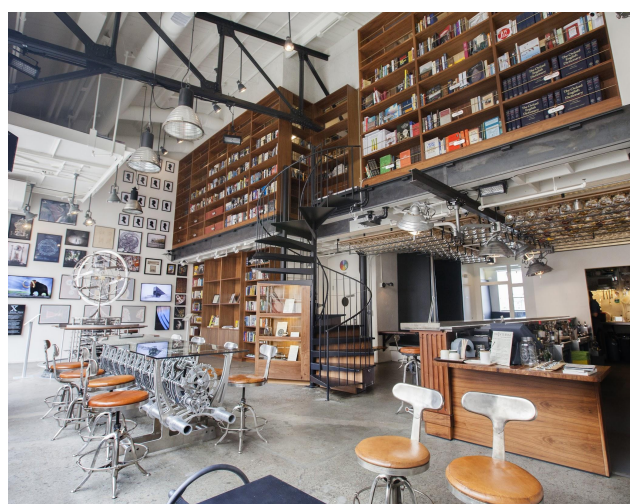


Intro

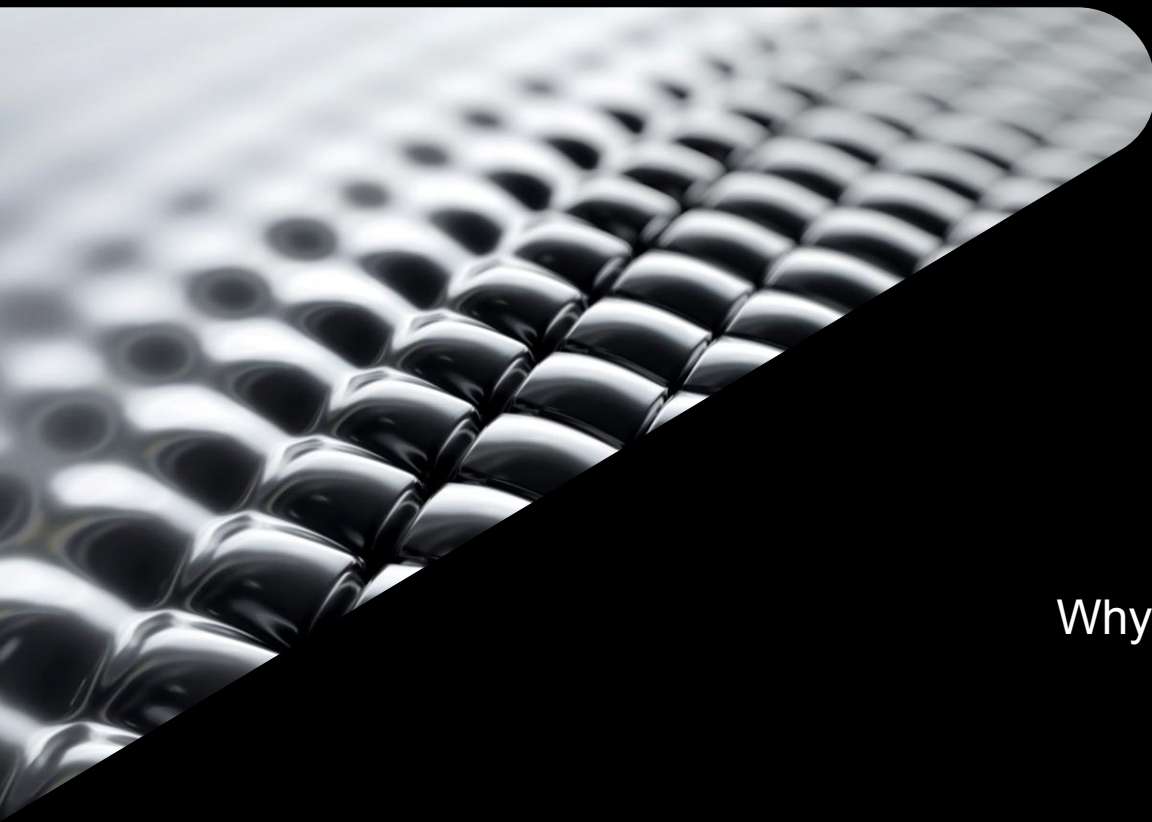


Jeffrey McGrew

- Licenced Architect in California, fabricator, and entrepreneur
- Co-founder of [becausewecan.design](#), a design-build architecture studio.
- Co-founder of [model-no.com](#), a 3D printed sustainable furniture start-up.





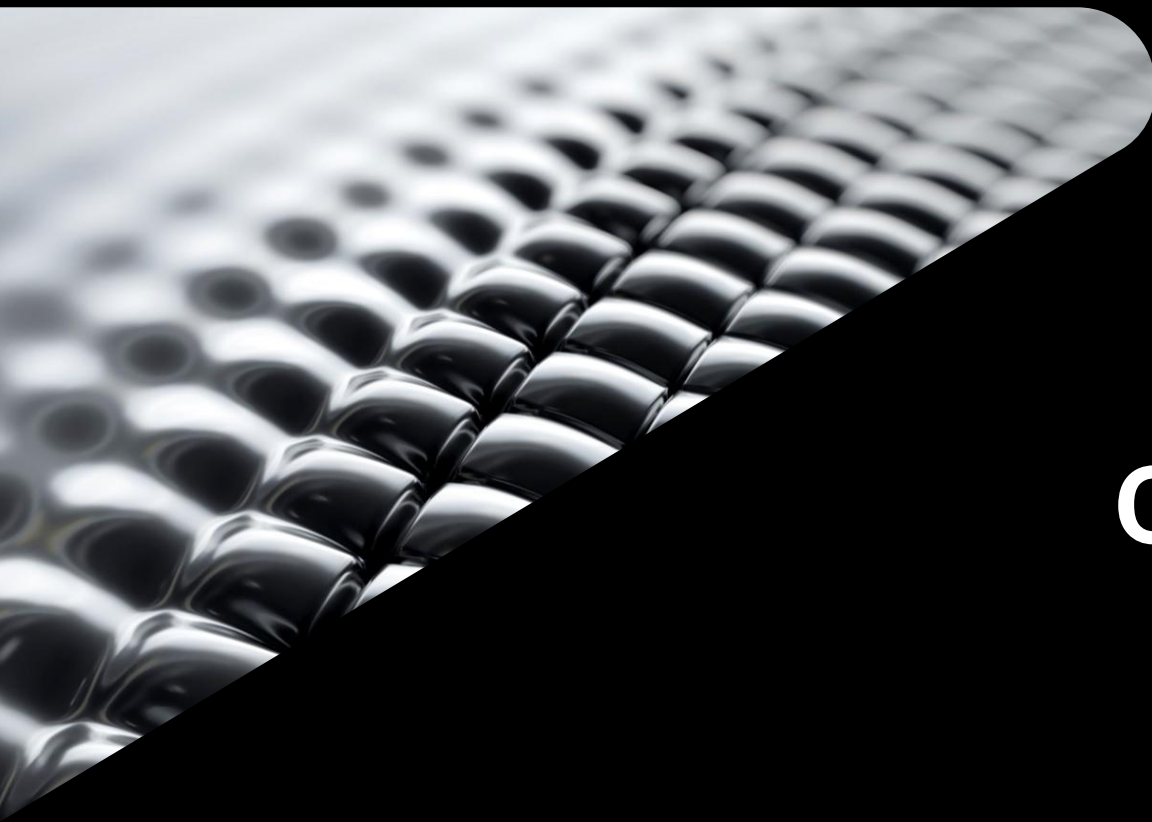


Fusion 360

Why it's a great addition to your tools

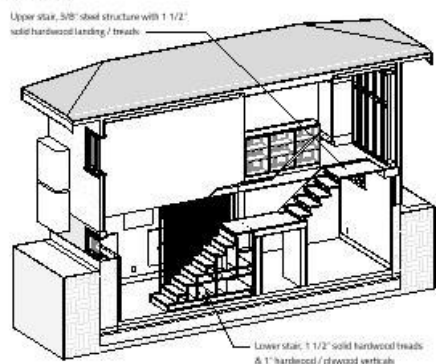
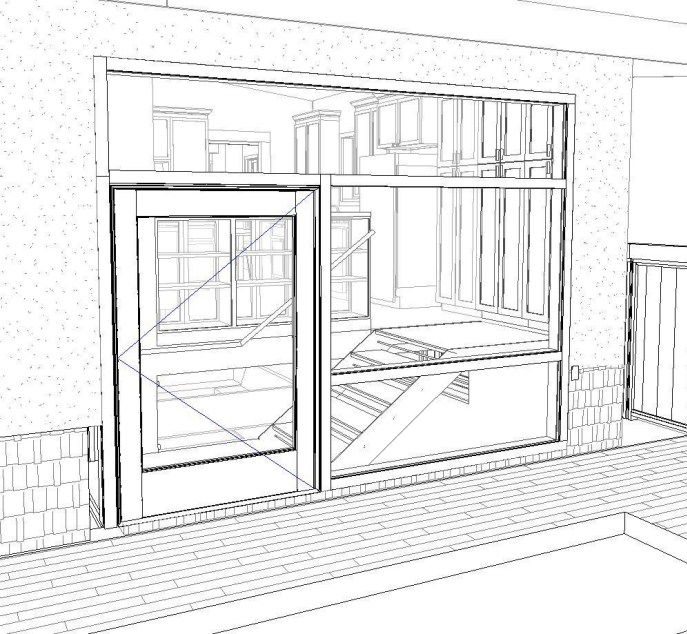
Why Fusion is a great tool to add to your work

- Because you can do things with it you can't do in Revit or AutoCAD
- It's easy to learn, easy to use, and really affordable
- It's much more supportive of design work than other MCAD platforms
- It works with Revit and AutoCAD (kinda)

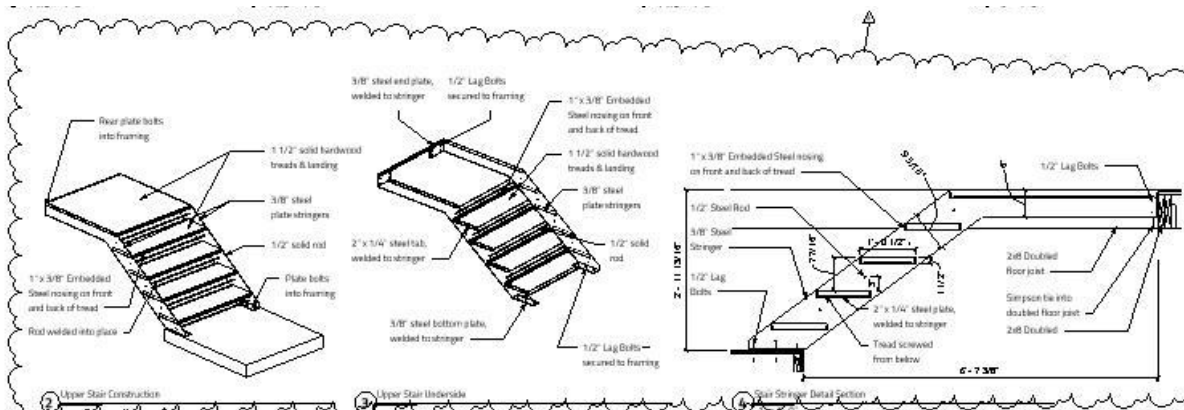


Case Study #1

An easy way to use FEA



1 Rear Stair Catwalk - Looking into house

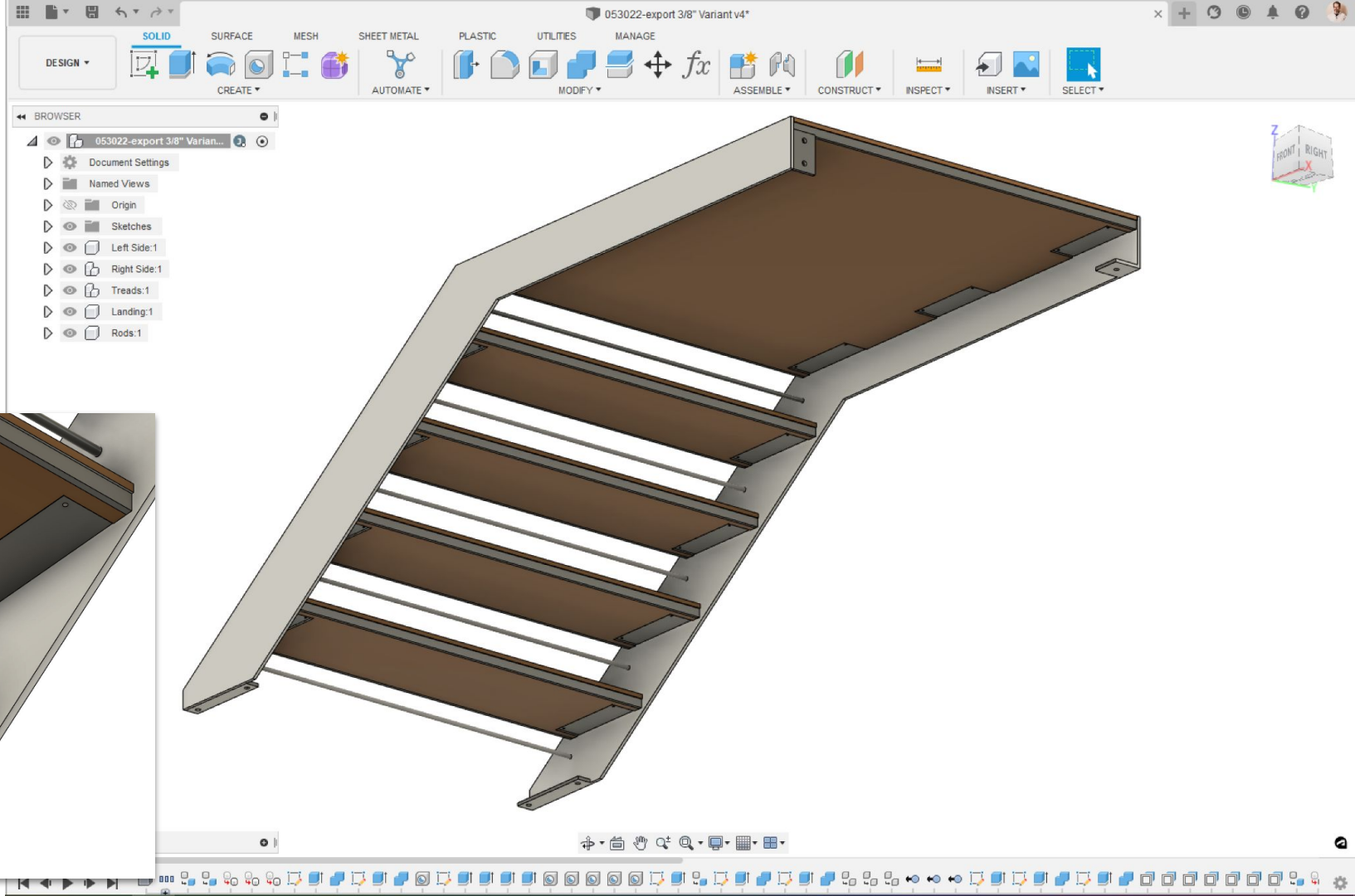


2 Upper Stair Construction

3 Upper Stair Underside

4 Stair Stringer Detail Section

| | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| 2526 San Jose Ave. Alameda CA | 6/10/22 |
| 2526 San Jose Ave. | A4.00 |
| Details / Schedules | As indicated |
| Date | 6/10/22 |
| Scale | As indicated |



Simulations

Units: Custom

Simulation Model 1

Named Views

Origin

Model Components

Study 1 - Static Stress

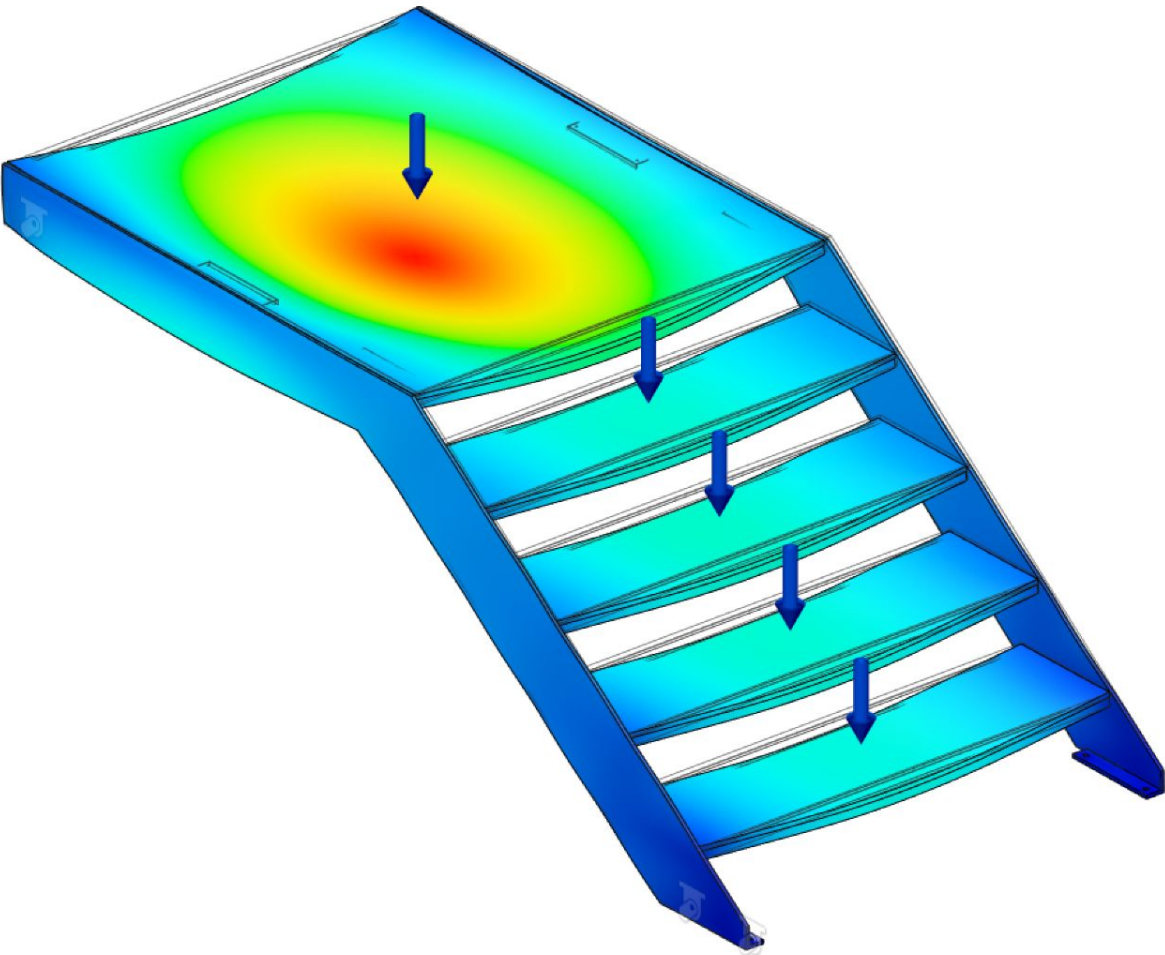
Study Materials

Load Case1

Contacts

Mesh

Results



| | |
|---------------|---------------------------------|
| Analyzed File | 053022-export.v14 |
| Version | Autodesk Fusion 360 (2.0.13158) |
| Creation Date | 2022-05-30, 17:41:15 |
| Author | jeffr |

Project Properties

| Title | Studies |
|--------|---------|
| Author | jeffr |

Simulation Model 1:1

Study 1 - Static Stress

| Study Properties | |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| Study Type | Static Stress |
| Last Modification Date | 2022-05-30, 17:40:19 |

Settings

| General | |
|-------------------------|-------------|
| Contact Tolerance | 0.003937 in |
| Remove Rigid Body Modes | No |

Damping

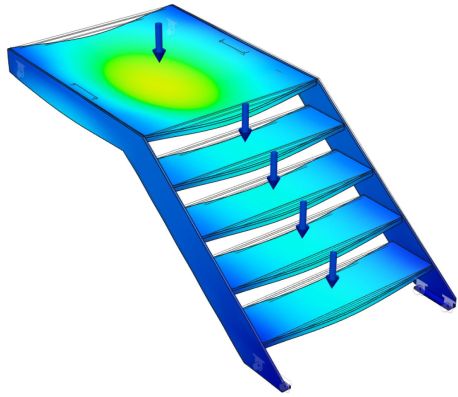
| Mesh | |
|--|-----------|
| Average Element Size (% of model size) | |
| Solids | 10 |
| Scale Mesh Size Per Part | No |
| Average Element Size (absolute value) | - |
| Element Order | Parabolic |
| Create Curved Mesh Elements | Yes |
| Max. Turn Angle on Curves (Deg.) | 60 |
| Max. Adjacent Mesh Size Ratio | 1.5 |
| Max. Aspect Ratio | 10 |
| Minimum Element Size (% of average size) | 20 |

| Adaptive Mesh Refinement | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| Number of Refinement Steps | 0 |
| Results Convergence Tolerance (%) | 20 |
| Portion of Elements to Refine (%) | 10 |
| Results for Baseline Accuracy | Von Mises Stress |

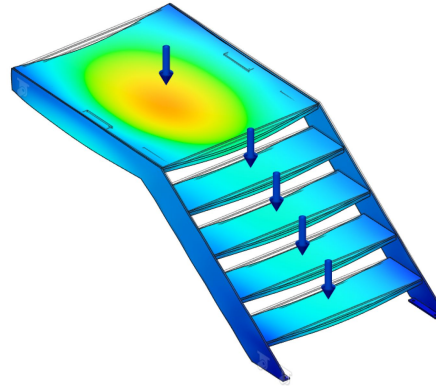
Materials

| Component | Material | Safety Factor |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
| Left Side:1 | Steel | Yield Strength |
| Right Side:1 | Steel | Yield Strength |
| Treads:1/Tread:1/Body6 | Steel | Yield Strength |
| Treads:1/Tread:1/Body5 | Steel | Yield Strength |
| Treads:1/Tread:1/Body1 | MDF Medium Density Fiberboard | Yield Strength |
| Treads:1/Tread:2/Body6 | Steel | Yield Strength |
| Treads:1/Tread:2/Body5 | Steel | Yield Strength |
| Treads:1/Tread:2/Body1 | MDF Medium Density Fiberboard | Yield Strength |
| Treads:1/Tread:3/Body6 | Steel | Yield Strength |
| Treads:1/Tread:3/Body1 | MDF Medium Density Fiberboard | Yield Strength |
| Treads:1/Tread:4/Body6 | Steel | Yield Strength |
| Treads:1/Tread:4/Body1 | MDF Medium Density Fiberboard | Yield Strength |
| Landing:1/Body3 | Steel | Yield Strength |
| Landing:1/Body2 | Steel | Yield Strength |
| Landing:1/Body1 | MDF Medium Density Fiberboard | Yield Strength |

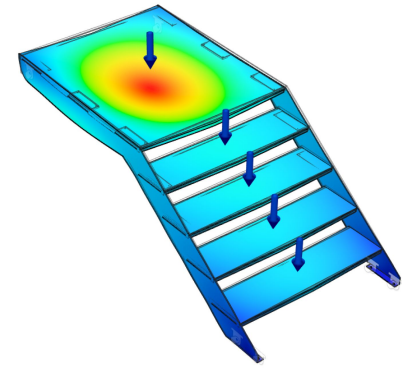
| Steel | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Density | 0.1286 kg / in^3 |
| Young's Modulus | 210000 MPa |
| Poisson's Ratio | 0.3 |
| Yield Strength | 207 MPa |
| Ultimate Tensile Strength | 345 MPa |
| Thermal Conductivity | 1.422 W / (in C) |
| Thermal Expansion Coefficient | 1.2E-05 / C |
| Specific Heat | 480 J / (kg C) |



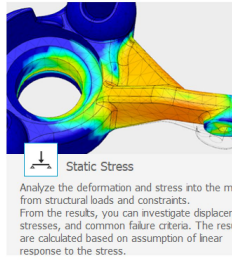
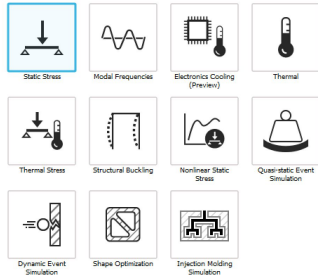
$\frac{1}{2}$ " Stringers



$\frac{3}{8}$ " Stringers



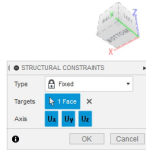
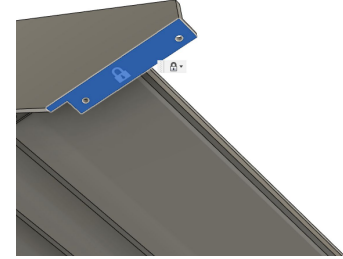
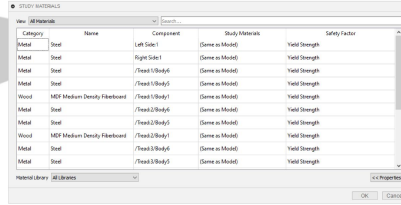
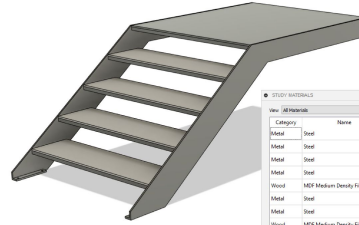
$\frac{1}{4}$ " Stringers



Help me choose a study type.

Create Study

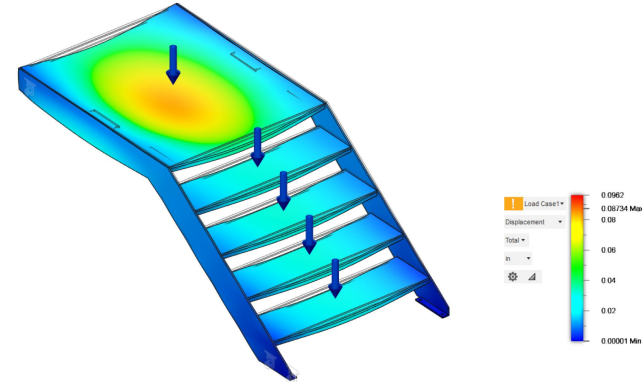
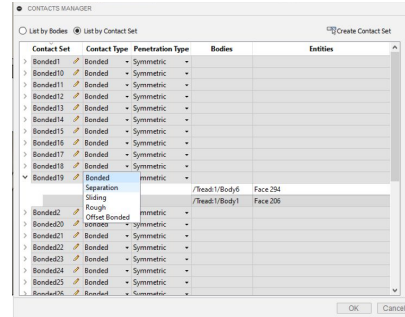
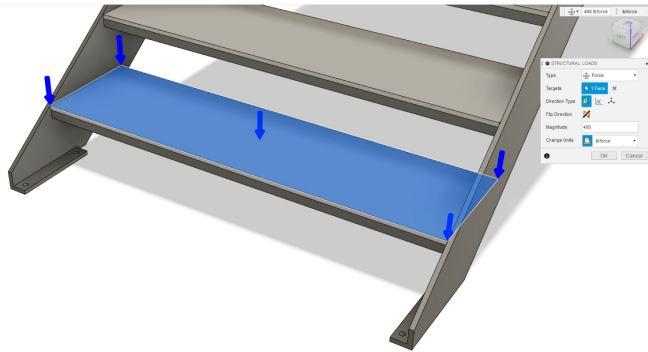
C



1. Create a New Study, and use Static Stress

2. Set Materials

3. Set Constraints



4. Set Loads

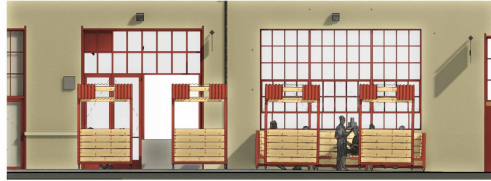
5. Set Contacts (be careful of Automatic Contacts!)

6. Run!

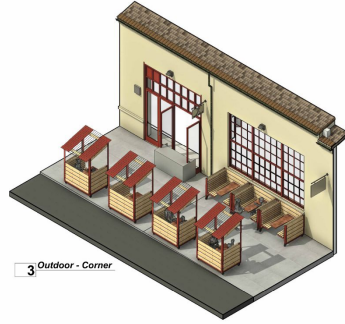


1 Outdoor Front Area
3/16" = 1'-0"

2
OD-1



2 Outdoor Front Area Elevation
3/16" = 1'-0"

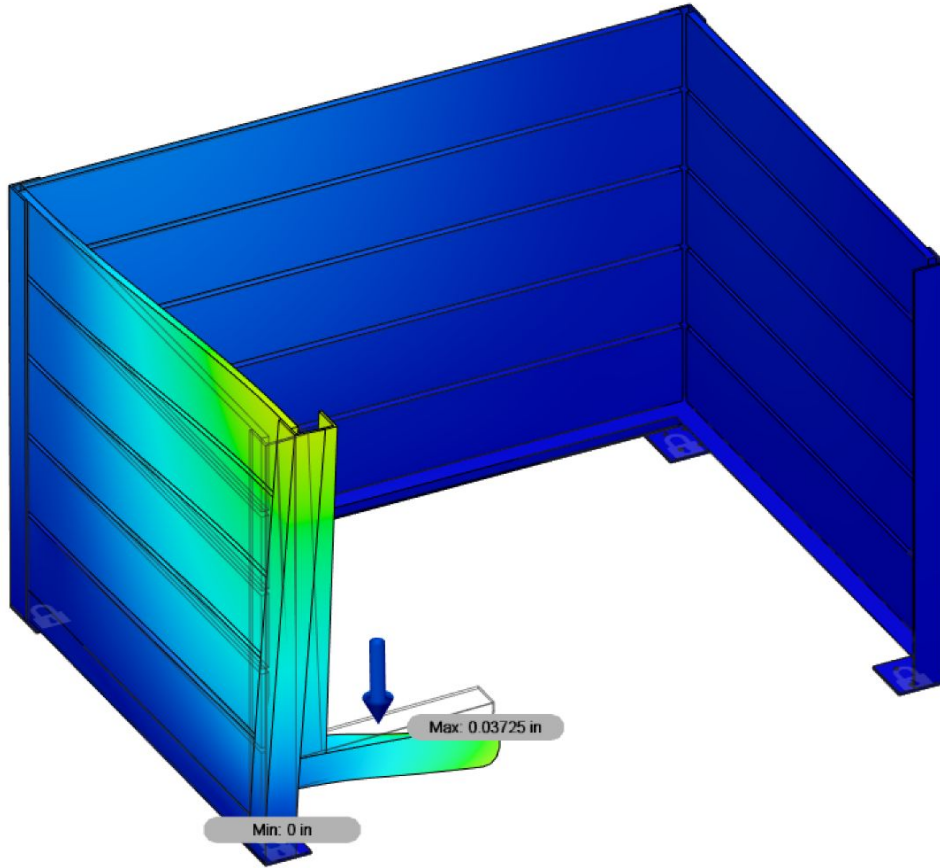


3 Outdoor - Corner



OD-1





RESULTS DETAILS

Actual Minimum Safety Factor 4.70

The design is not expected to bend or break with the current analysis criteria. It's a good idea to validate the analysis criteria and also ensure the Safety Factor Targets meet the standards of your company, application and industry.

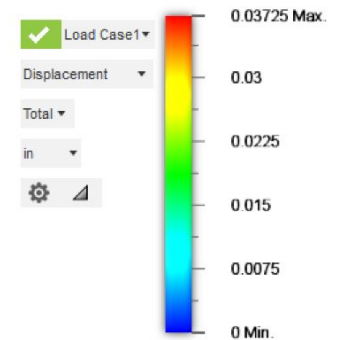
► Safety Factor Targets

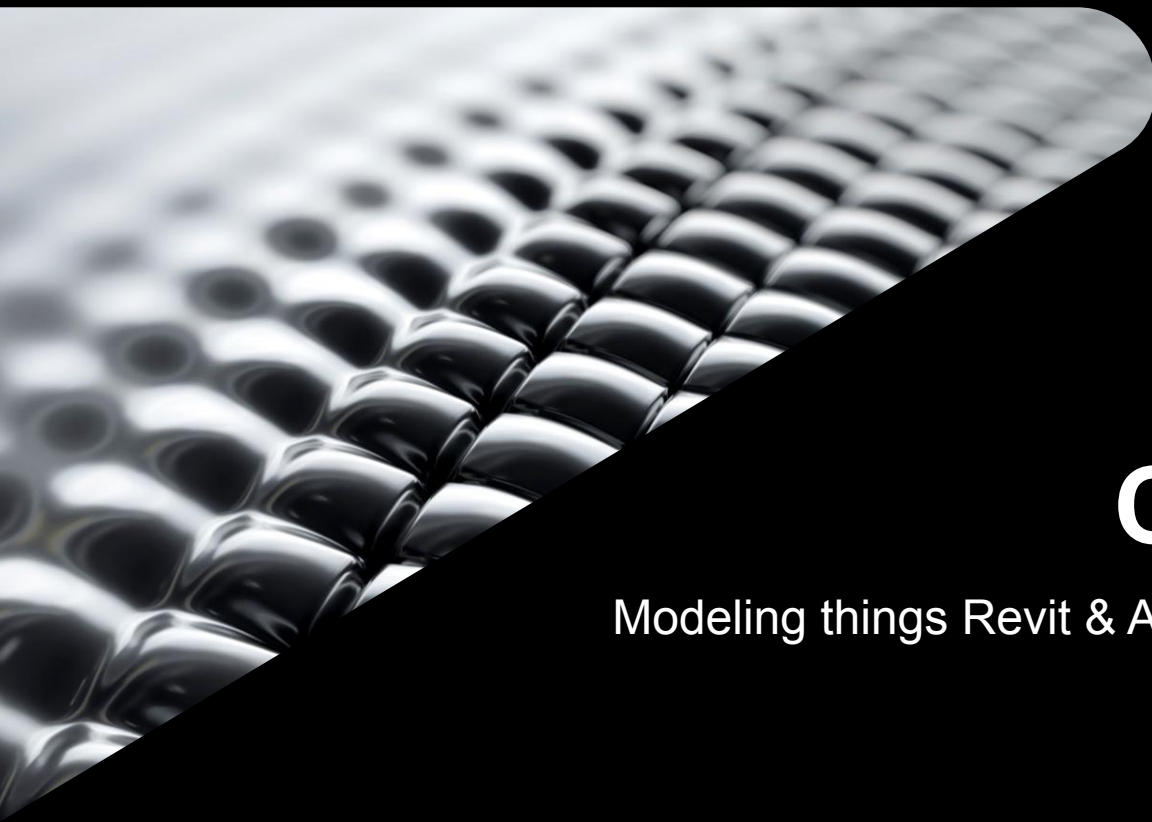
Deformation Scale

Adjusted

Don't show this automatically ☐

Close

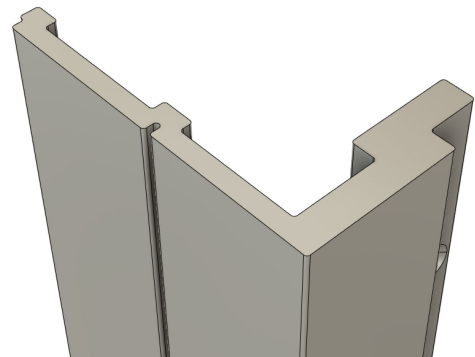
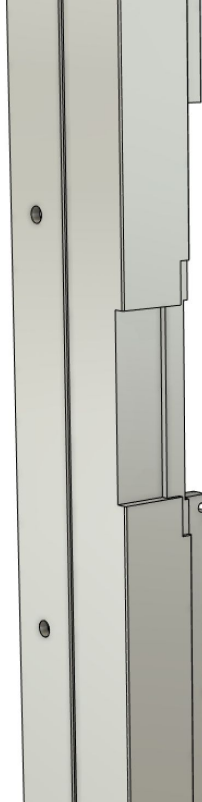
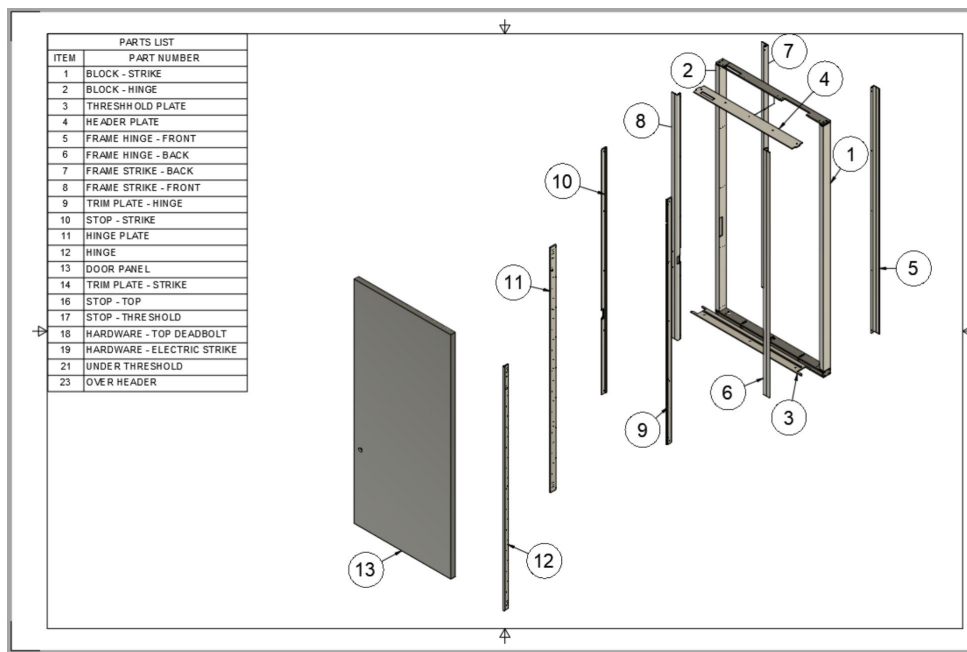




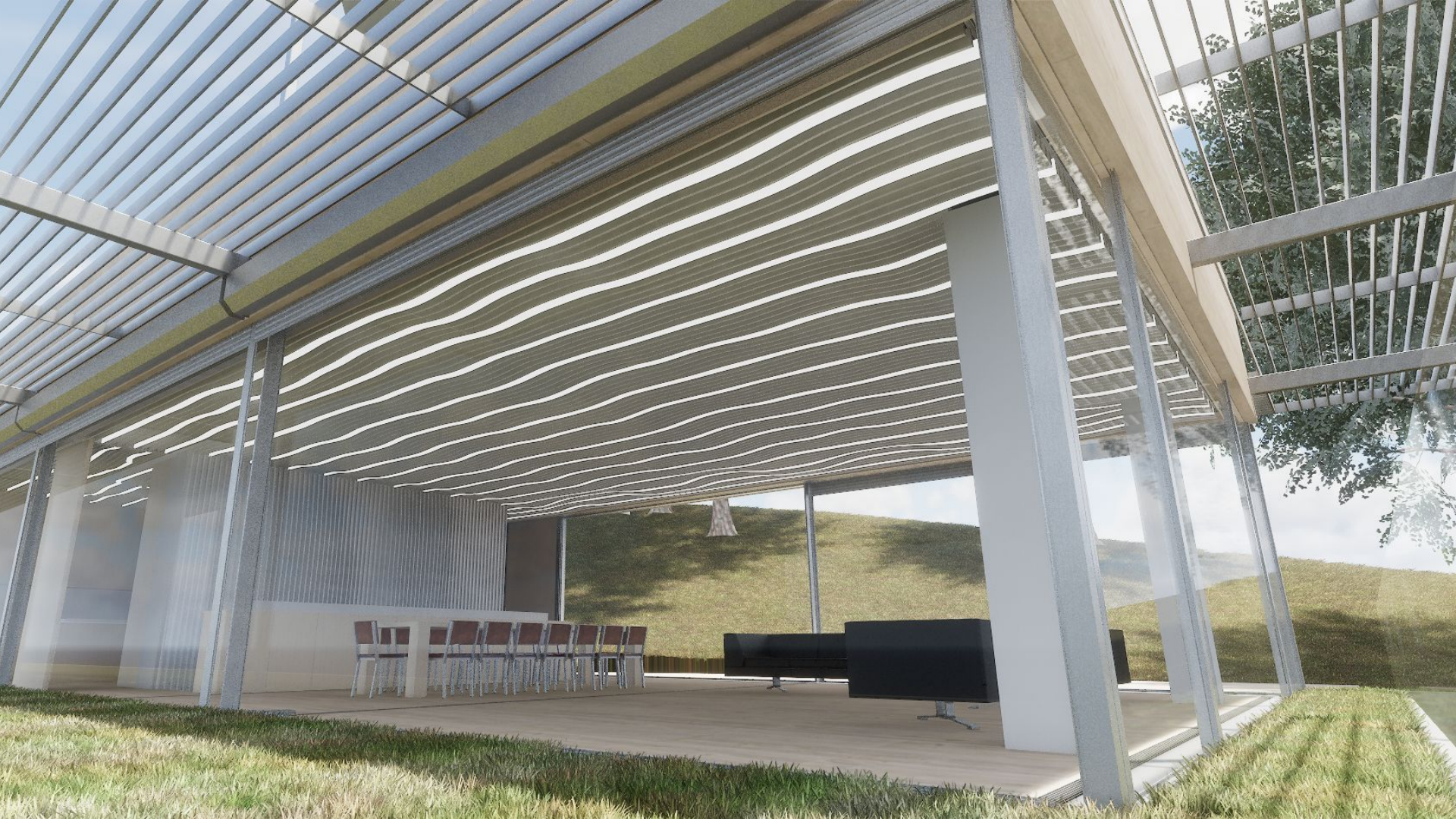
Case Study #2

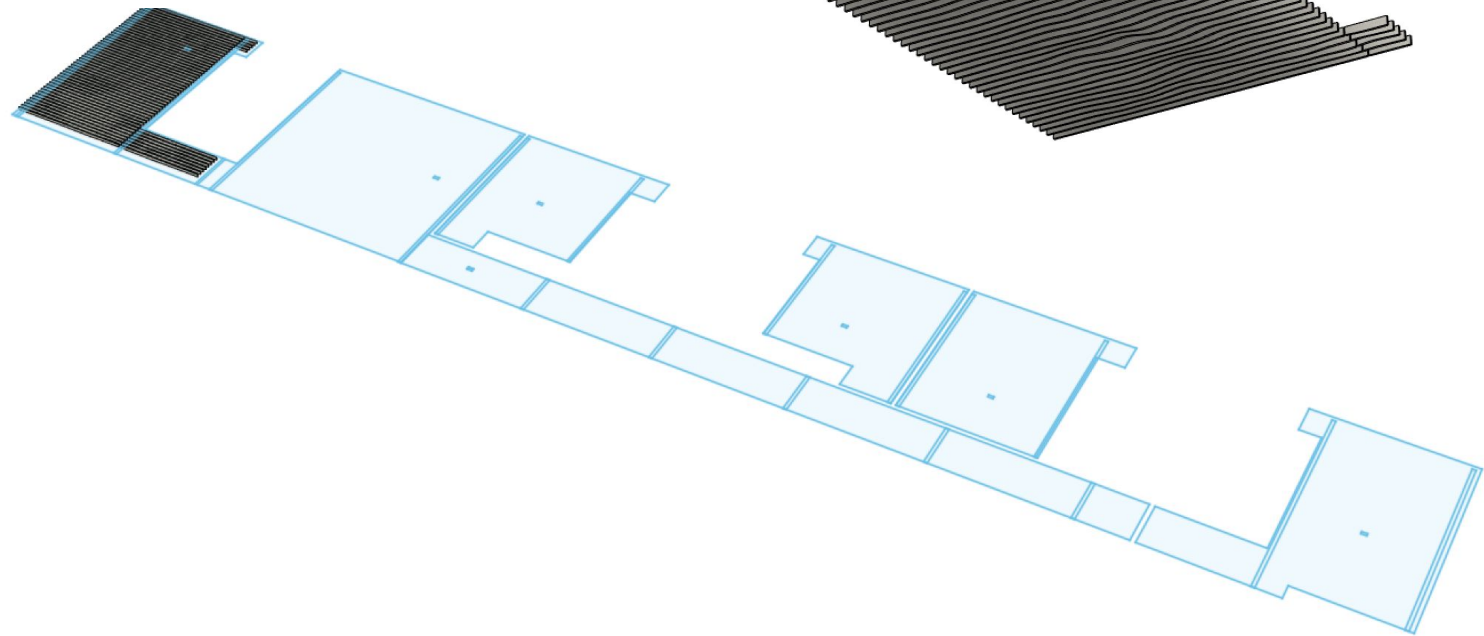
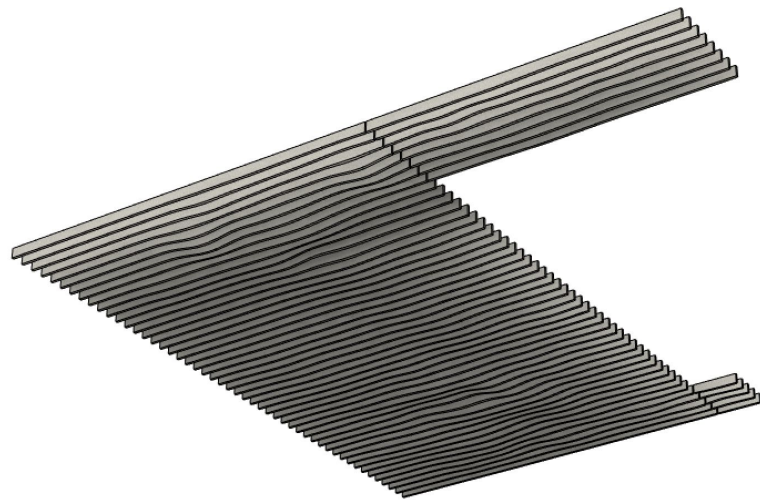
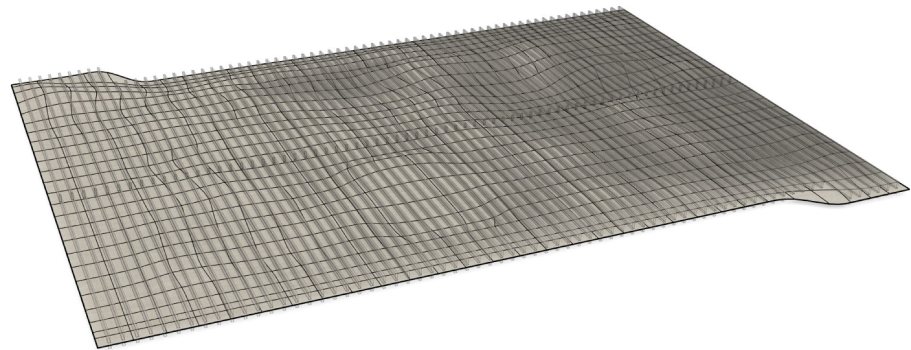
Modeling things Revit & AutoCAD aren't good at modeling

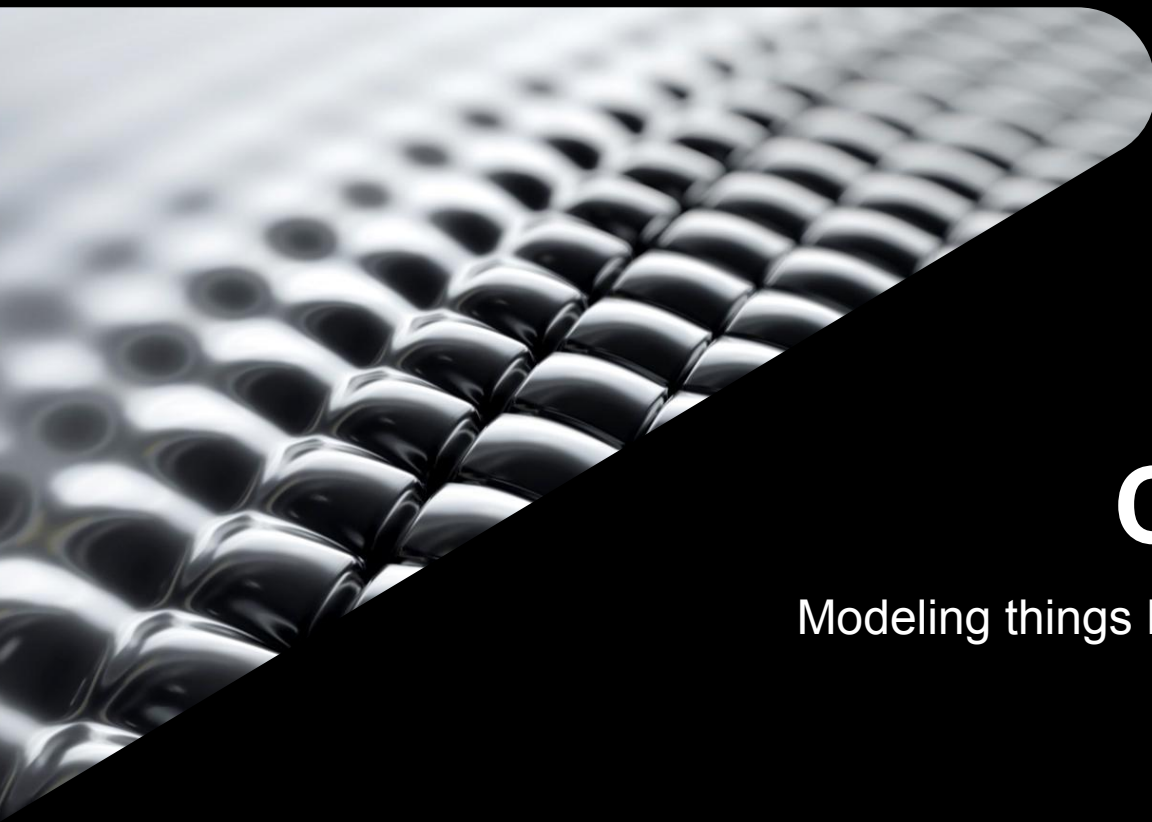




Complex Assemblies with small details

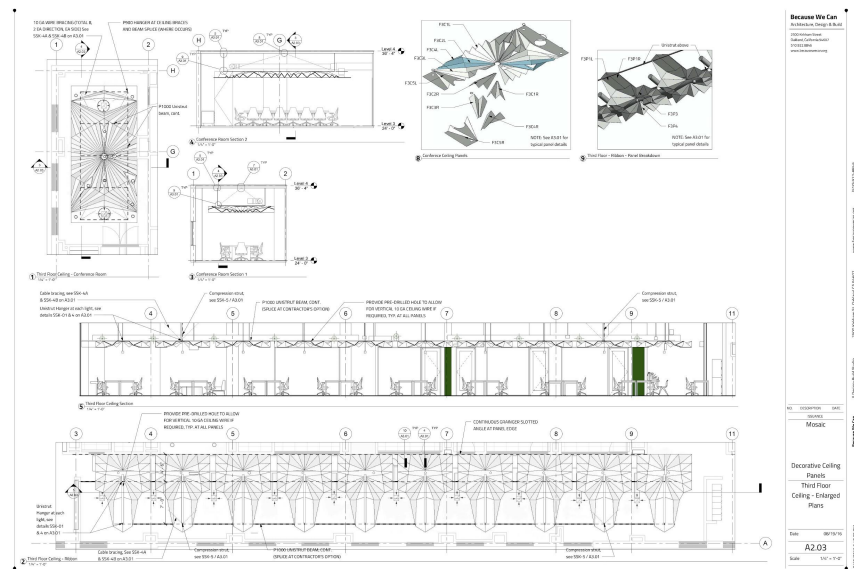


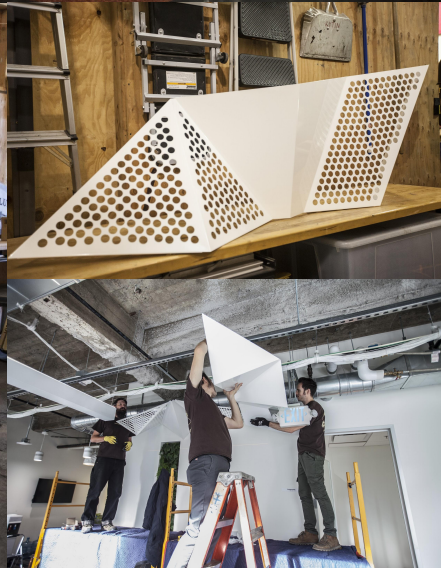
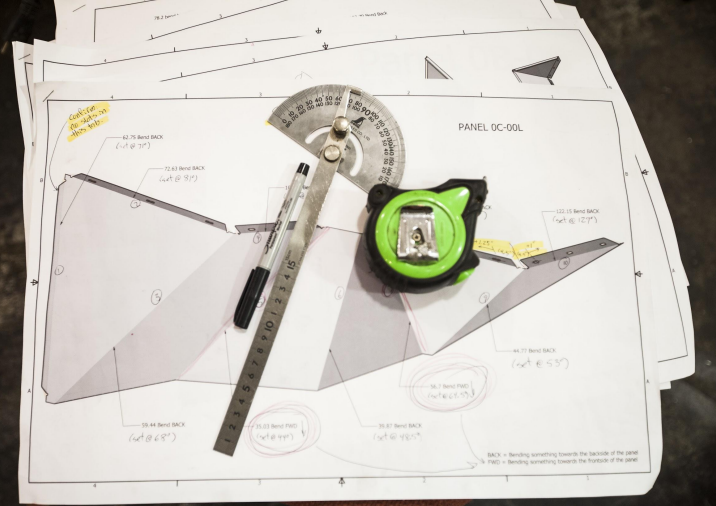
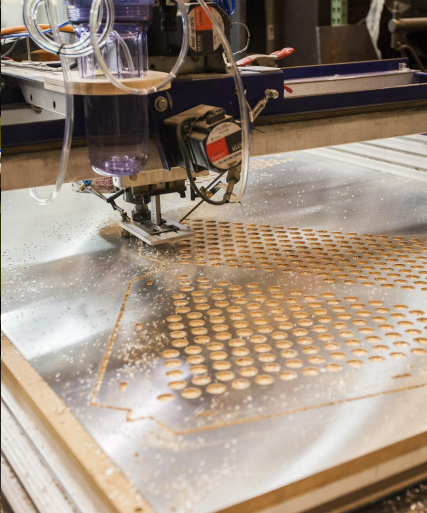
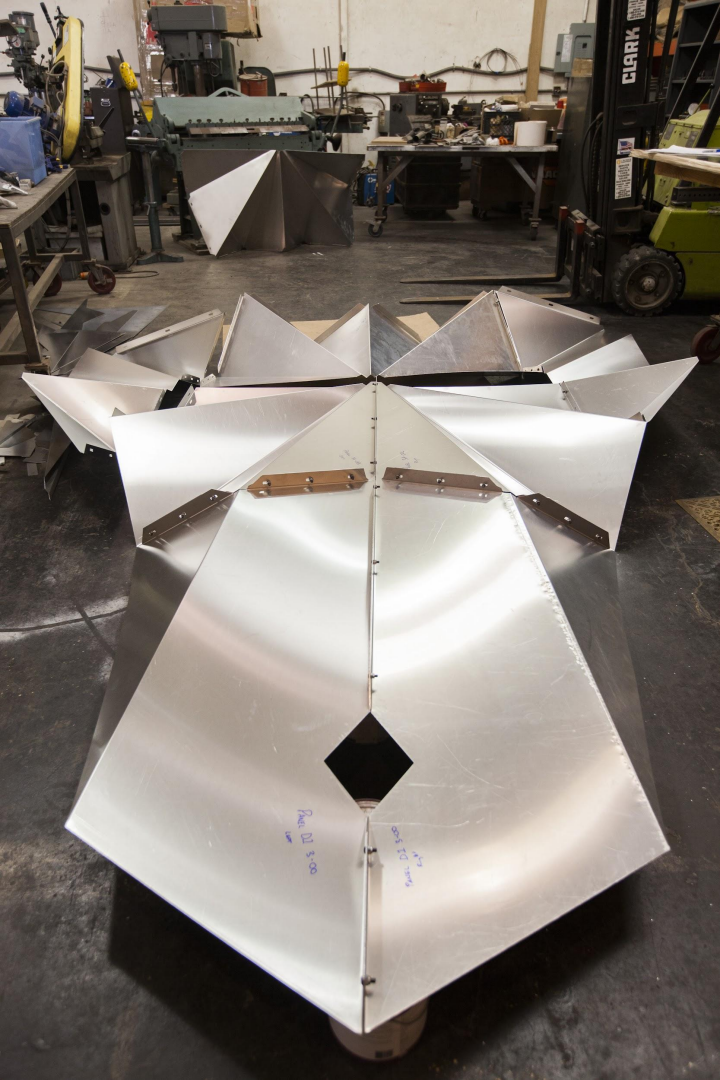




Case Study #3

Modeling things Revit & AutoCAD don't automate

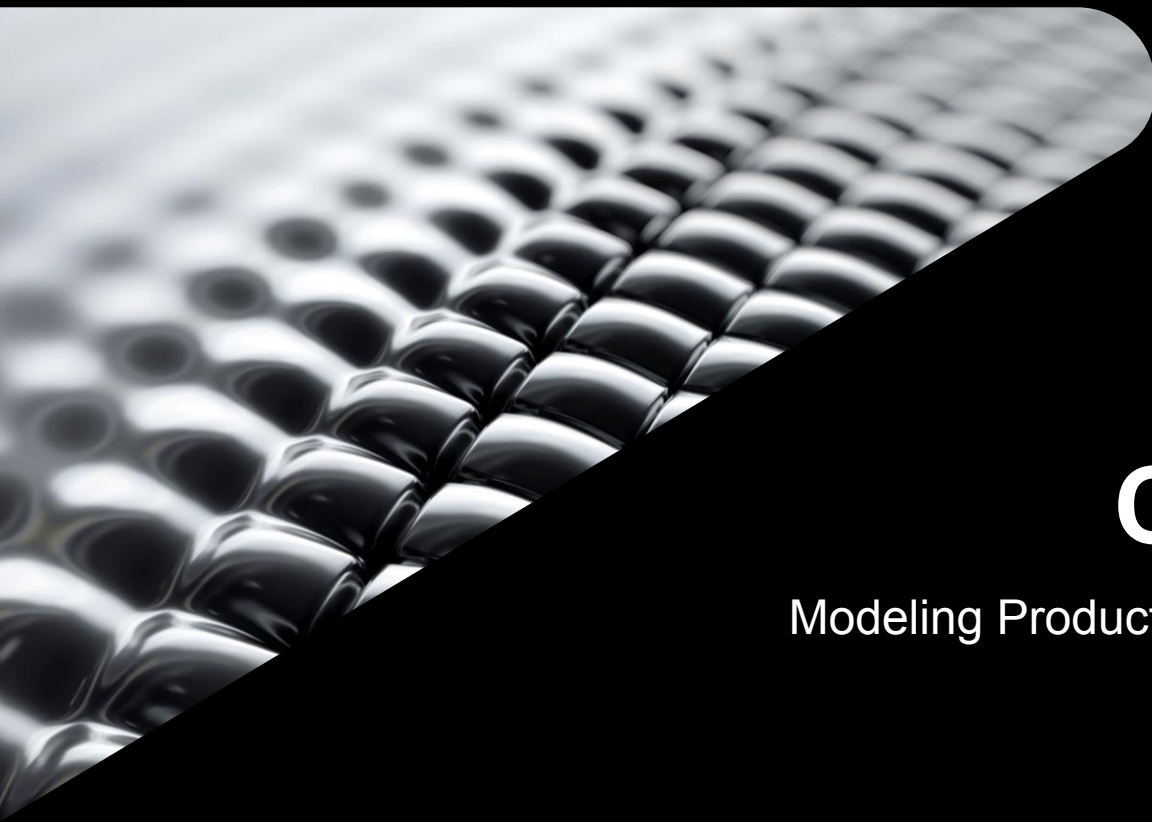






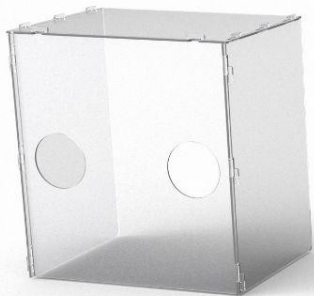
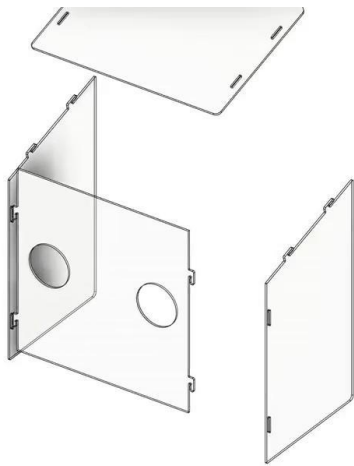


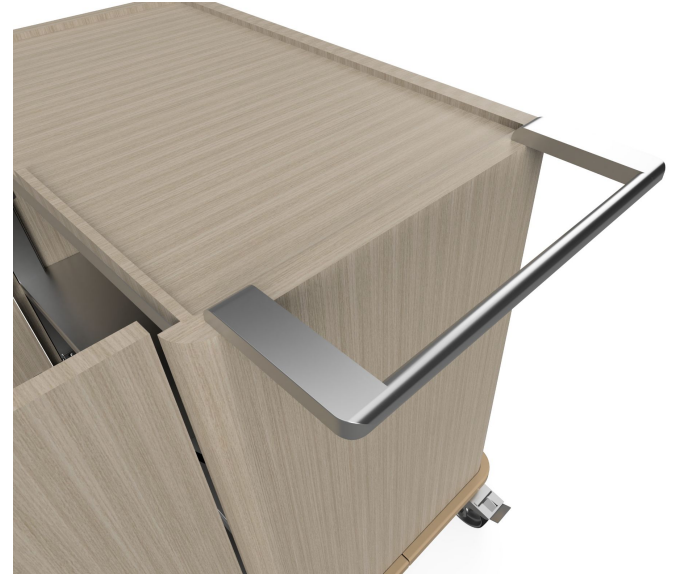
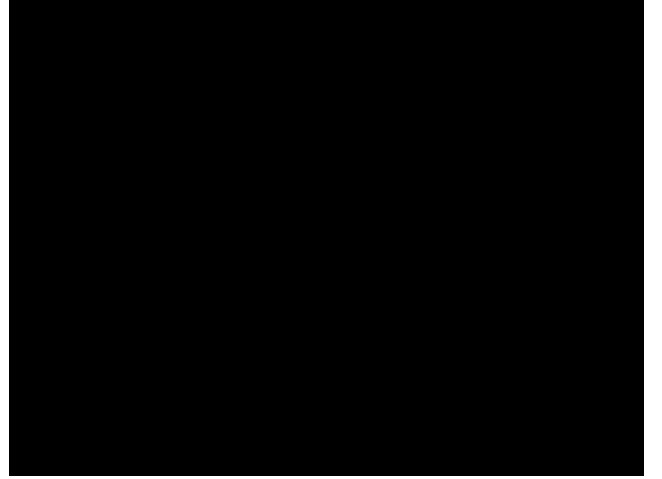


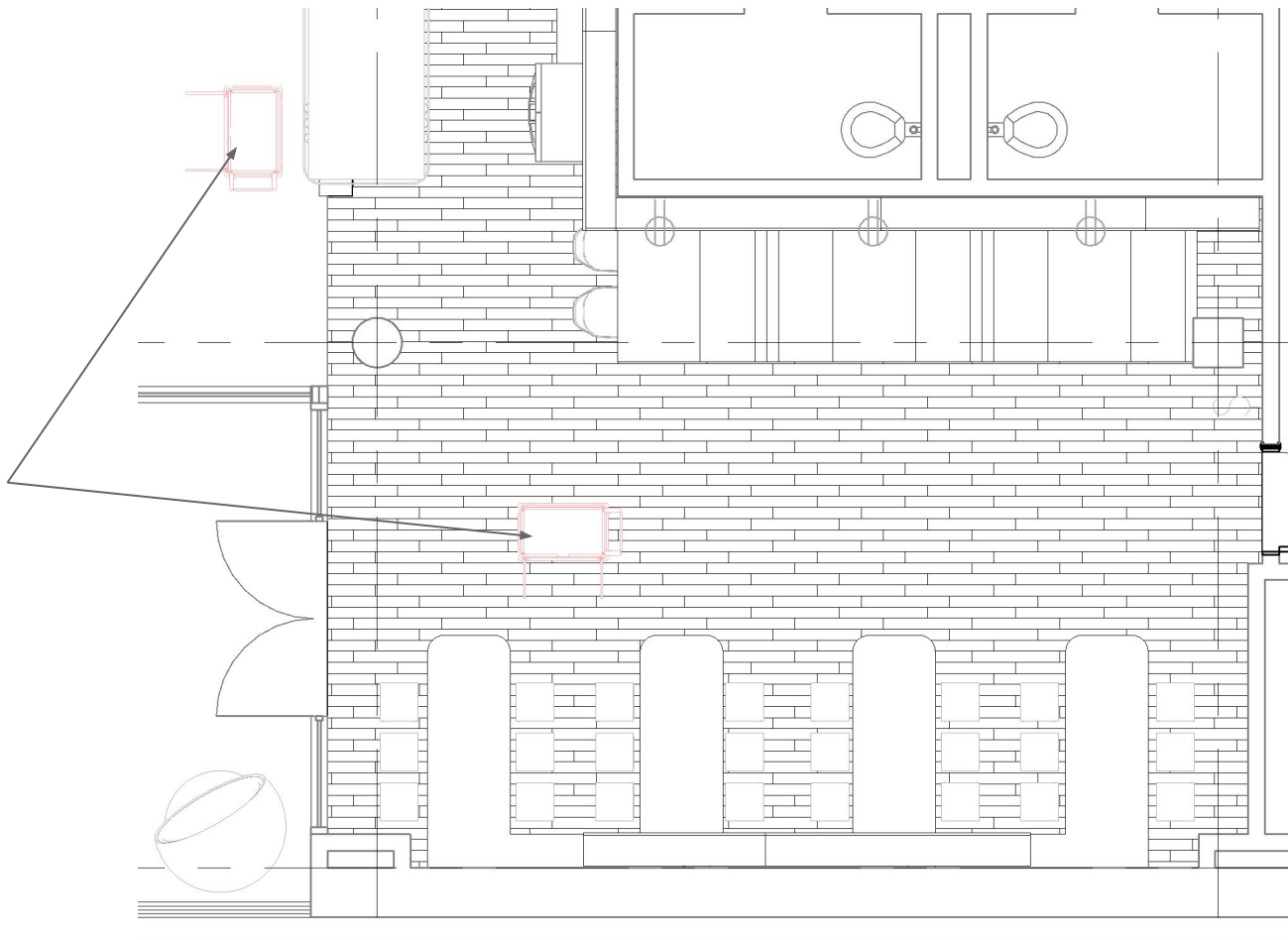
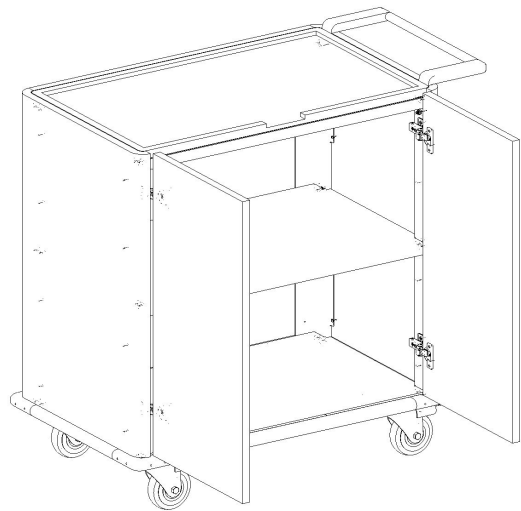


Case Study #4

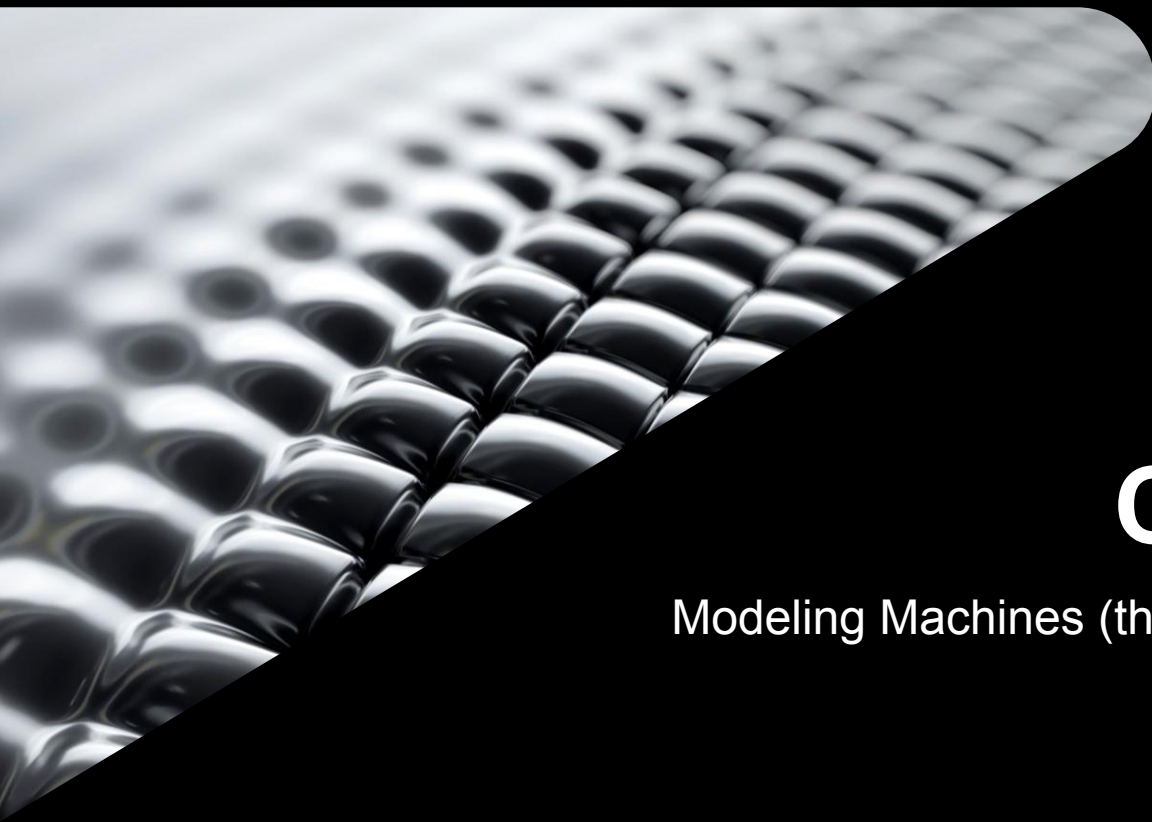
Modeling Products (that can be used as Families)





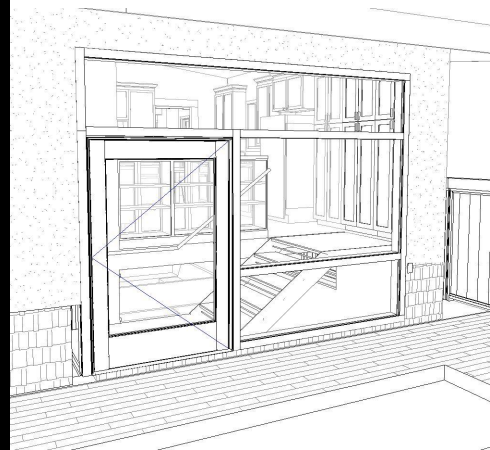
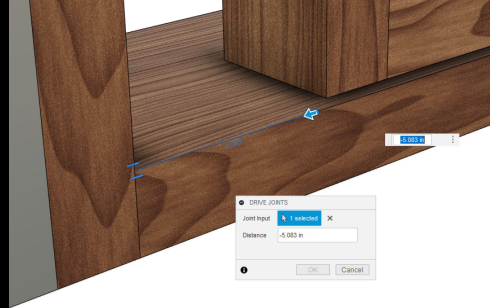


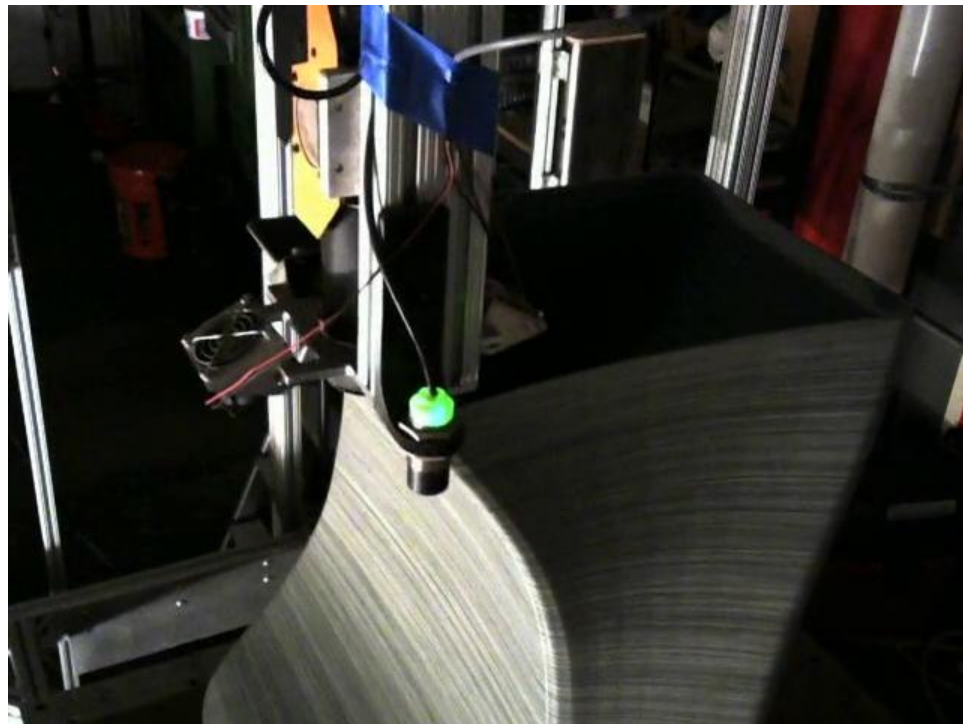
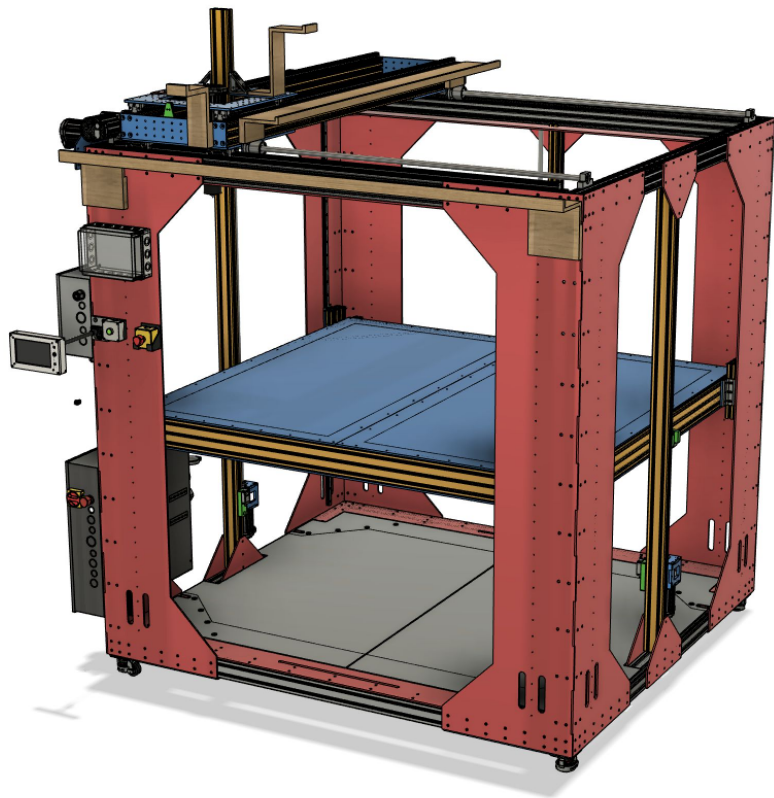


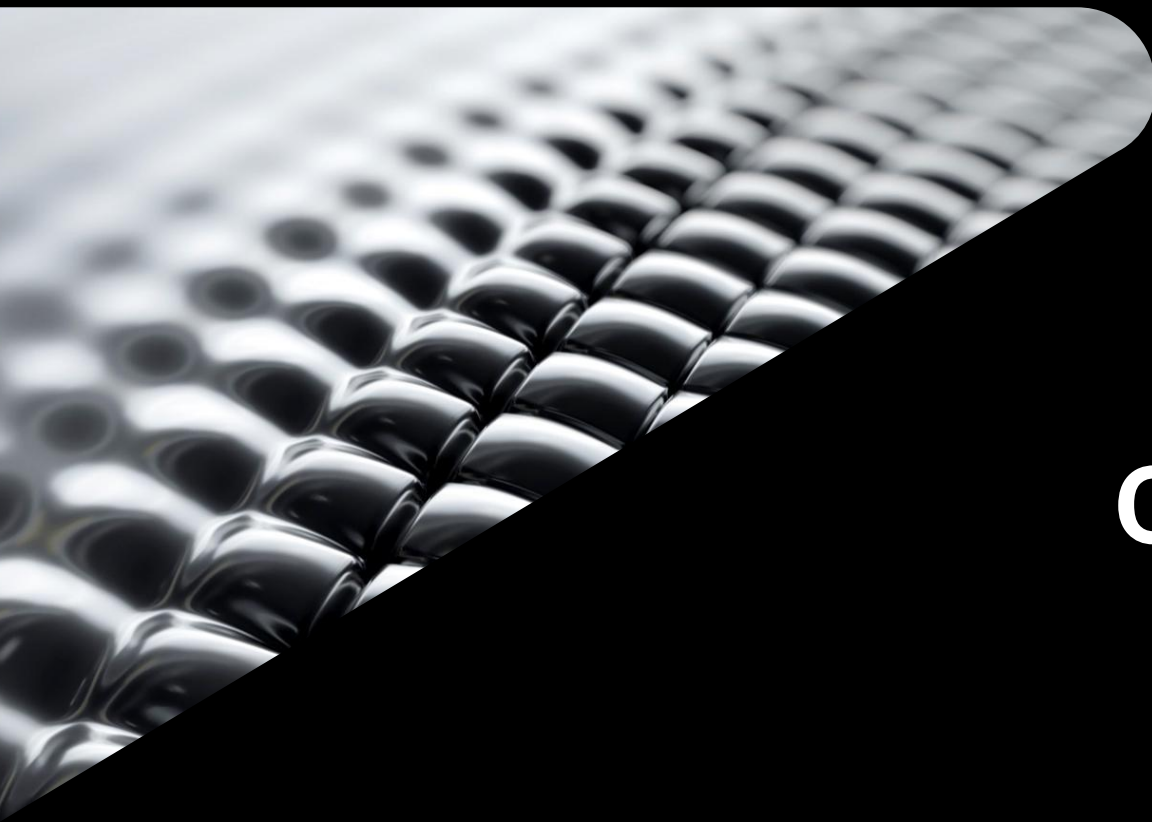


Case Study #5

Modeling Machines (that can also be used as Families)

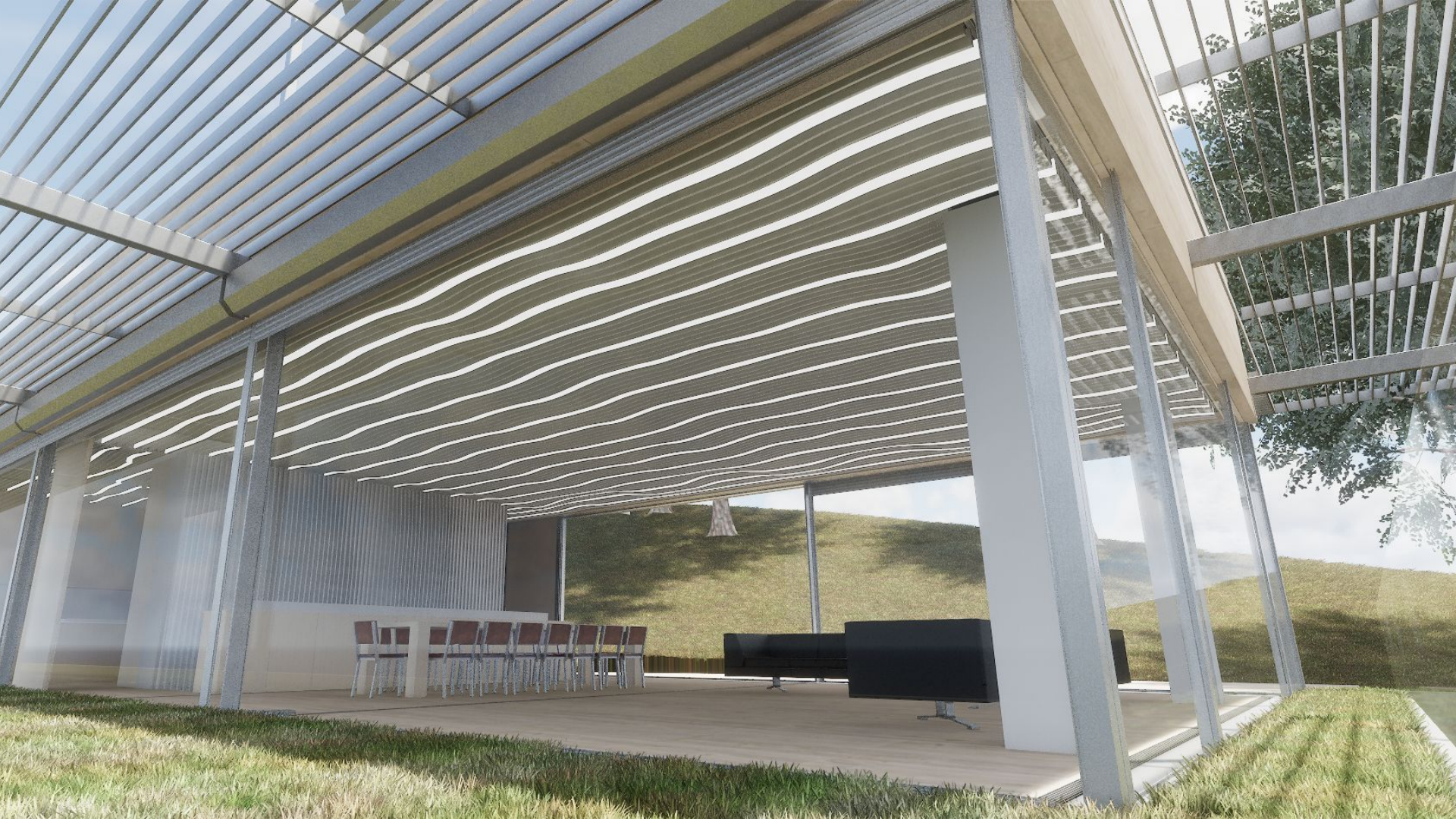


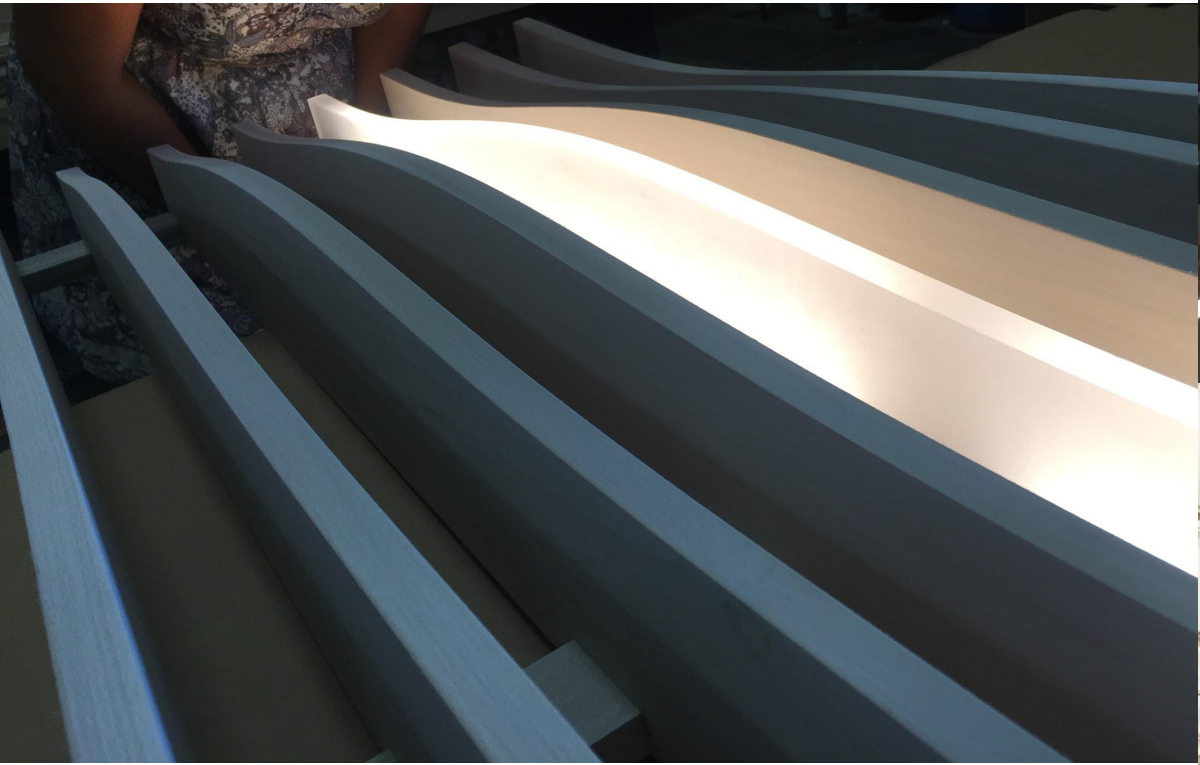


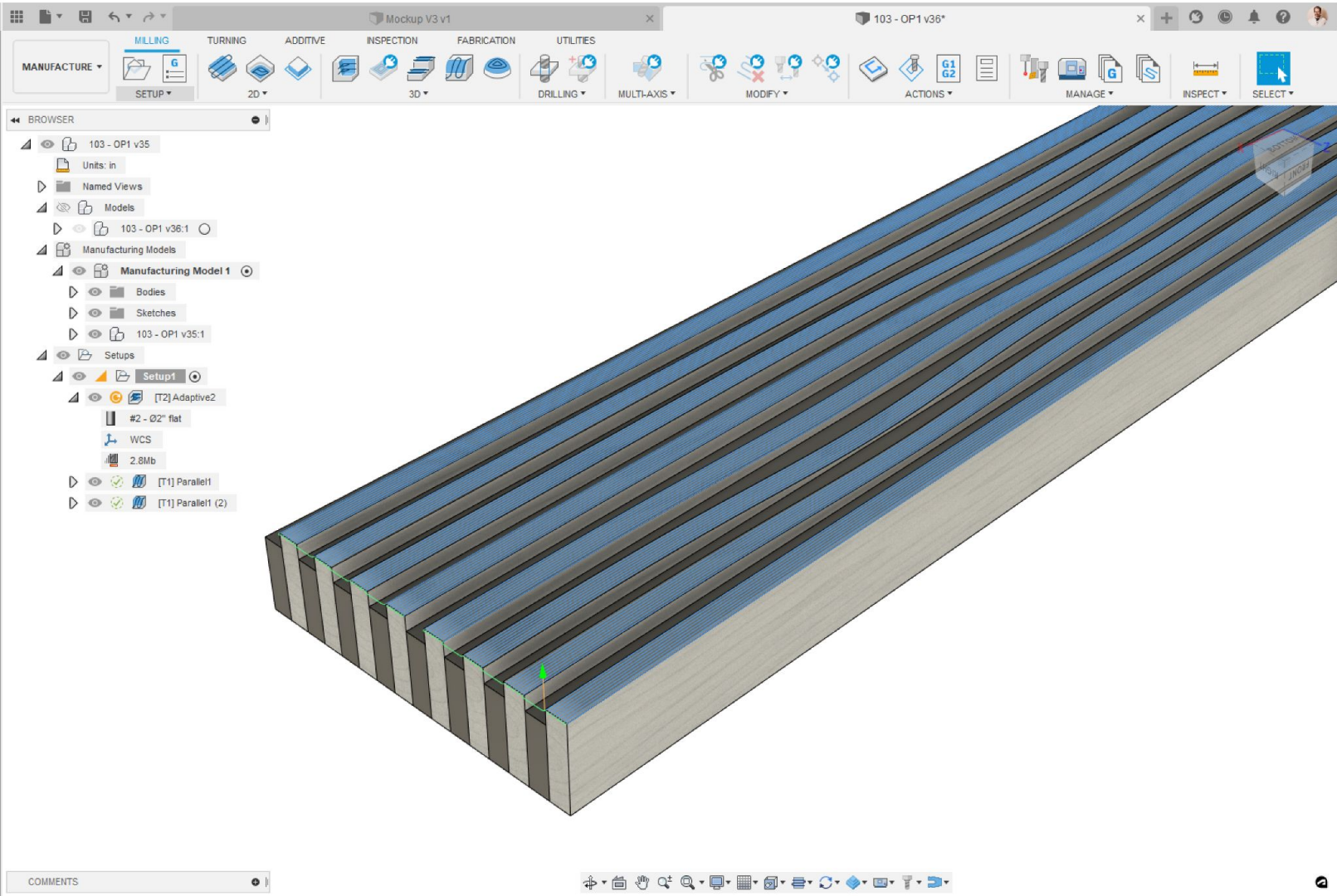


Case Study #6

Modeling for Fabrication



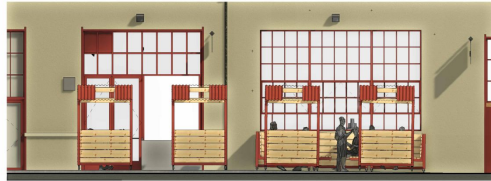




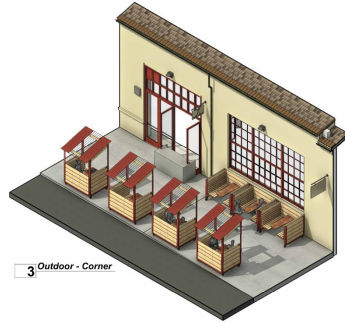


1 Outdoor Front Area
3/16" = 1'-0"

2
OD-1



2 Outdoor Front Area Elevation
3/16" = 1'-0"

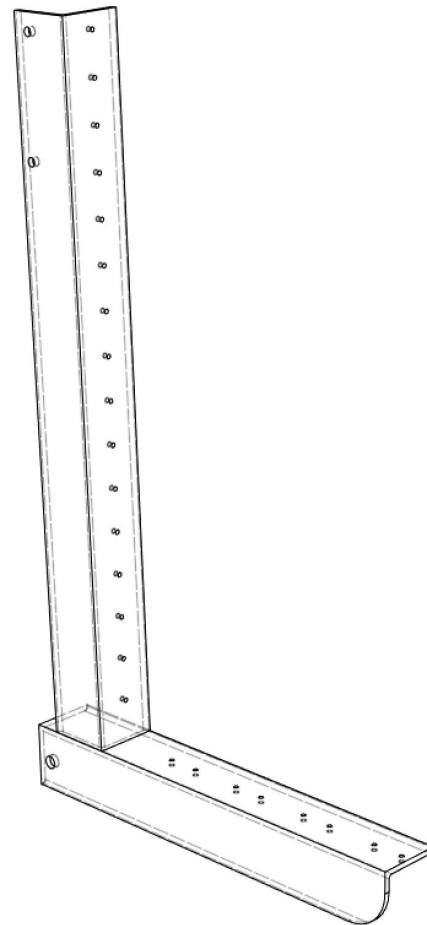


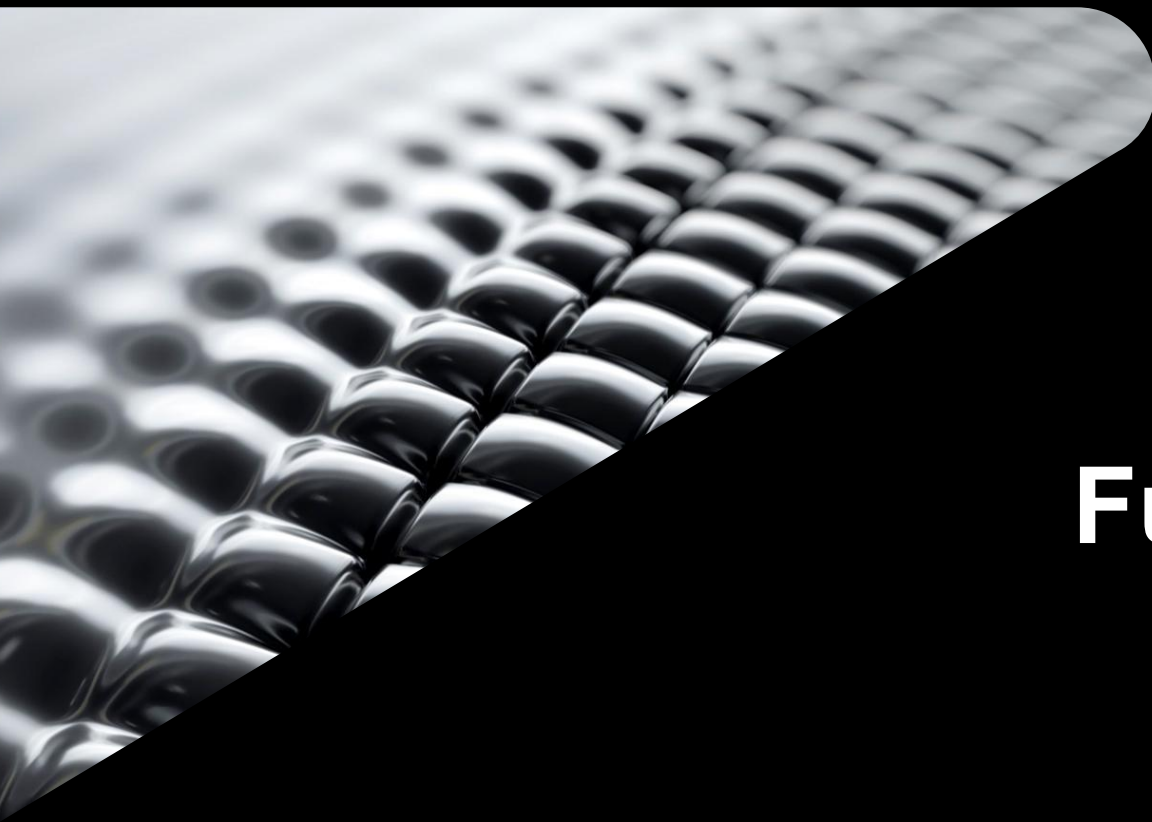
3 Outdoor - Corner



OD-1







Fusion to Revit

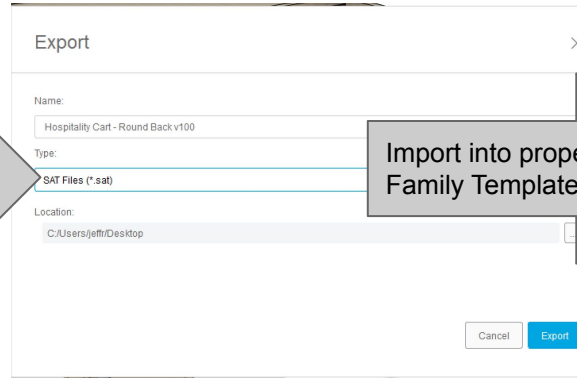
Modeling for Fabrication

Going from Fusion to Revit

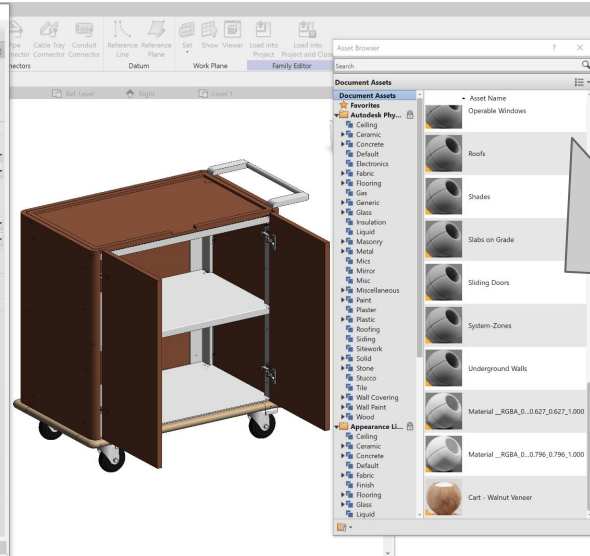
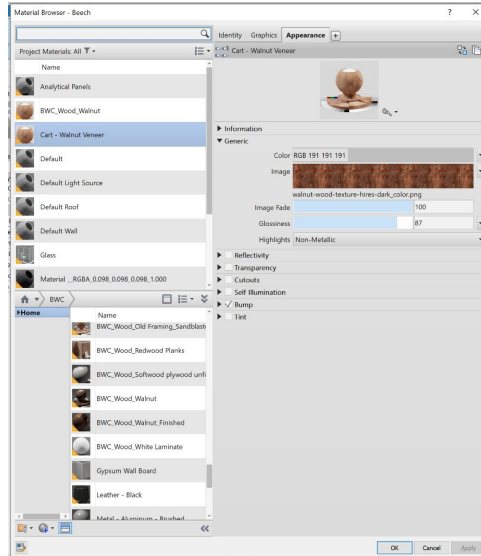
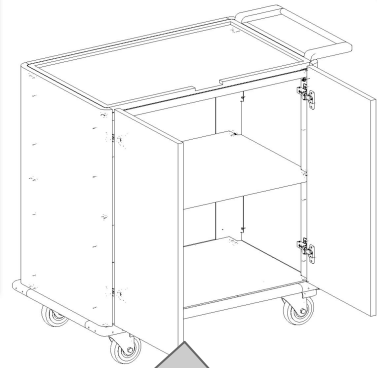
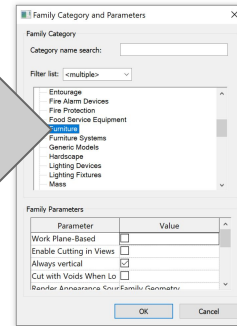
- Set your Materials in Fusion & name your Bodies / Components
- Export to .SAT
- Insert into a Family Template of the right category
- Snap into position & rename materials



Apply Materials & Export to SAT



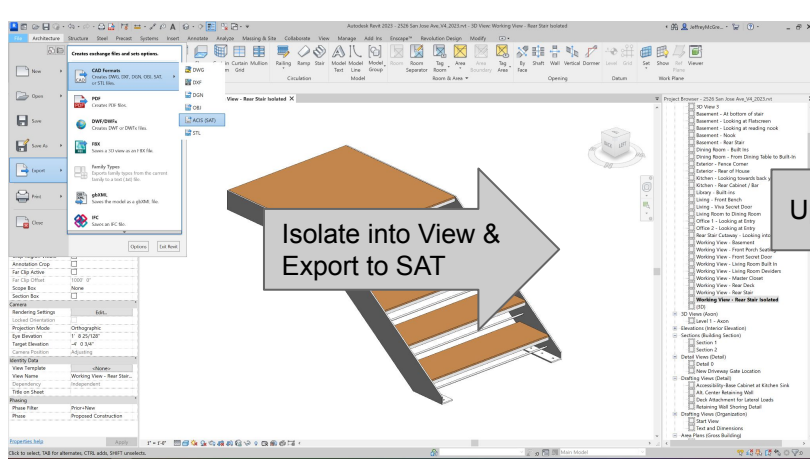
Import into proper Family Template



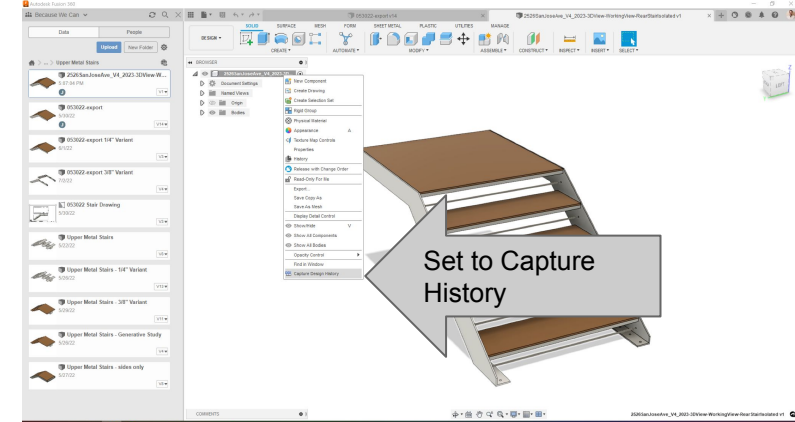
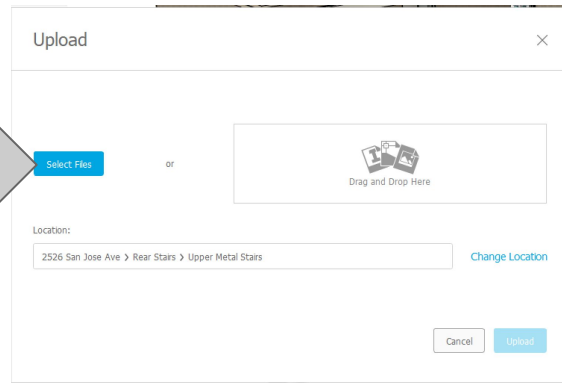
Set Materials & Reference Planes

Going from Revit to Fusion

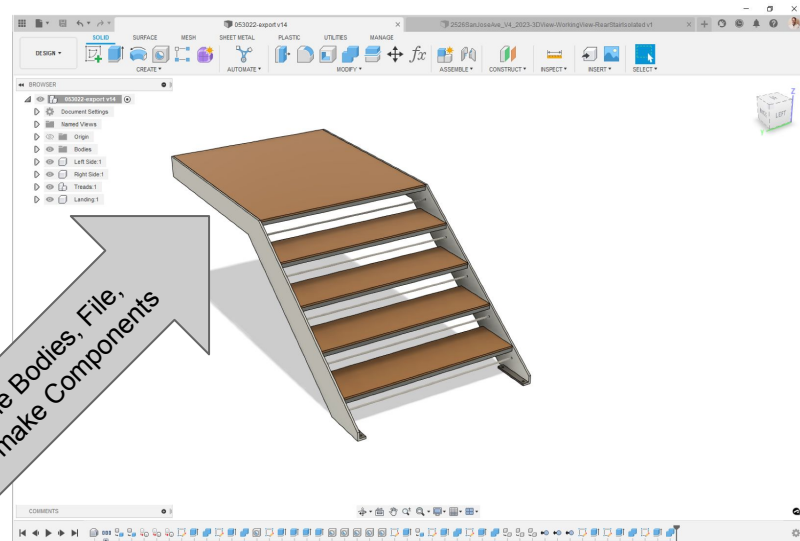
- Isolate your Revit content into a single view (what you see is what you export)
- Export to a .SAT file
- Upload to your Fusion project folder
- Open in Fusion & set it to 'Capture History'

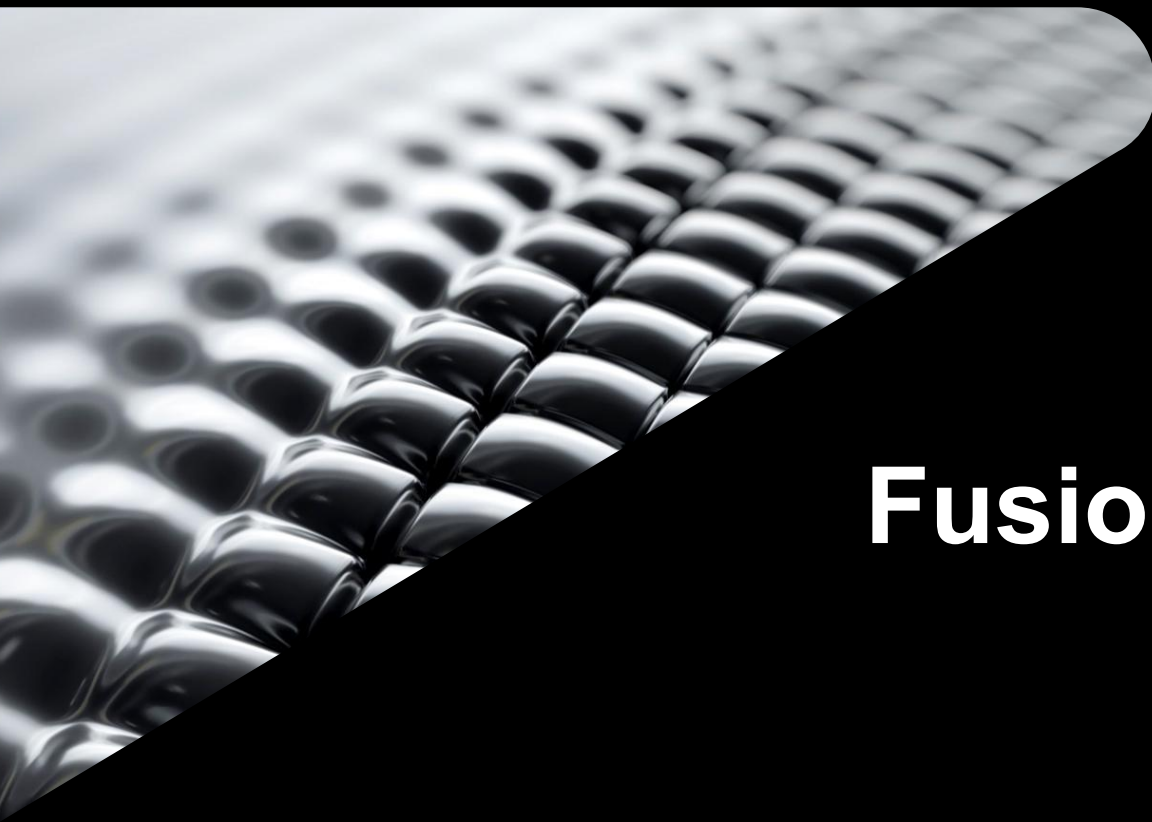


Upload to Fusion



Rename Bodies, File, and make Components





Fusion vs. Inventor

Which to use?

Fusion vs. Inventor

Which to use?



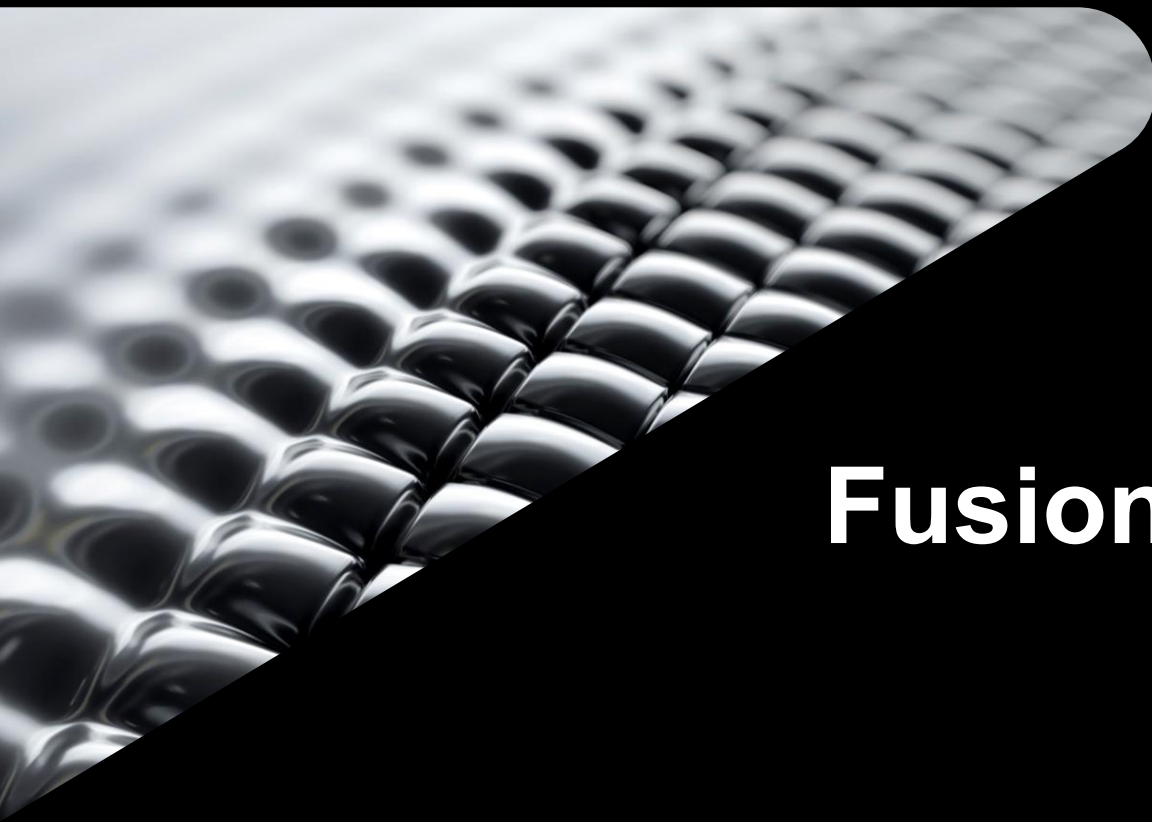
Fusion

- Really affordable
- Easy to learn and simple to use
- Great for design work & really forgiving of big later changes
- Have to manually import / export
- Great for teams under five people
- Not great at shop drawings



Inventor

- Costs as much (or more!) than Revit
- More effort to learn & more complex
- Harder for design work & less forgiving of big later changes
- Syncs with Revit & AutoCAD nicely
- Works well for larger teams
- Way better at shop drawings (but Revit is still way better!)



Fusion Pros & Cons

What's the Catch?

Fusion Pros & Cons

What's the Catch?

Pros

- Easy
- Affordable
- Runs on Windows or OS X the same
- Cloud saves / Cloud Services
- Full modeling package with CAM

Cons

- Can be slow
- More and more features that were included you now have to pay extra for
- Can be really slow sometimes (when compared to Inventor / Revit / AutoCAD)
- Cloud Saves / Cloud Services
- Terrible drawing module...



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