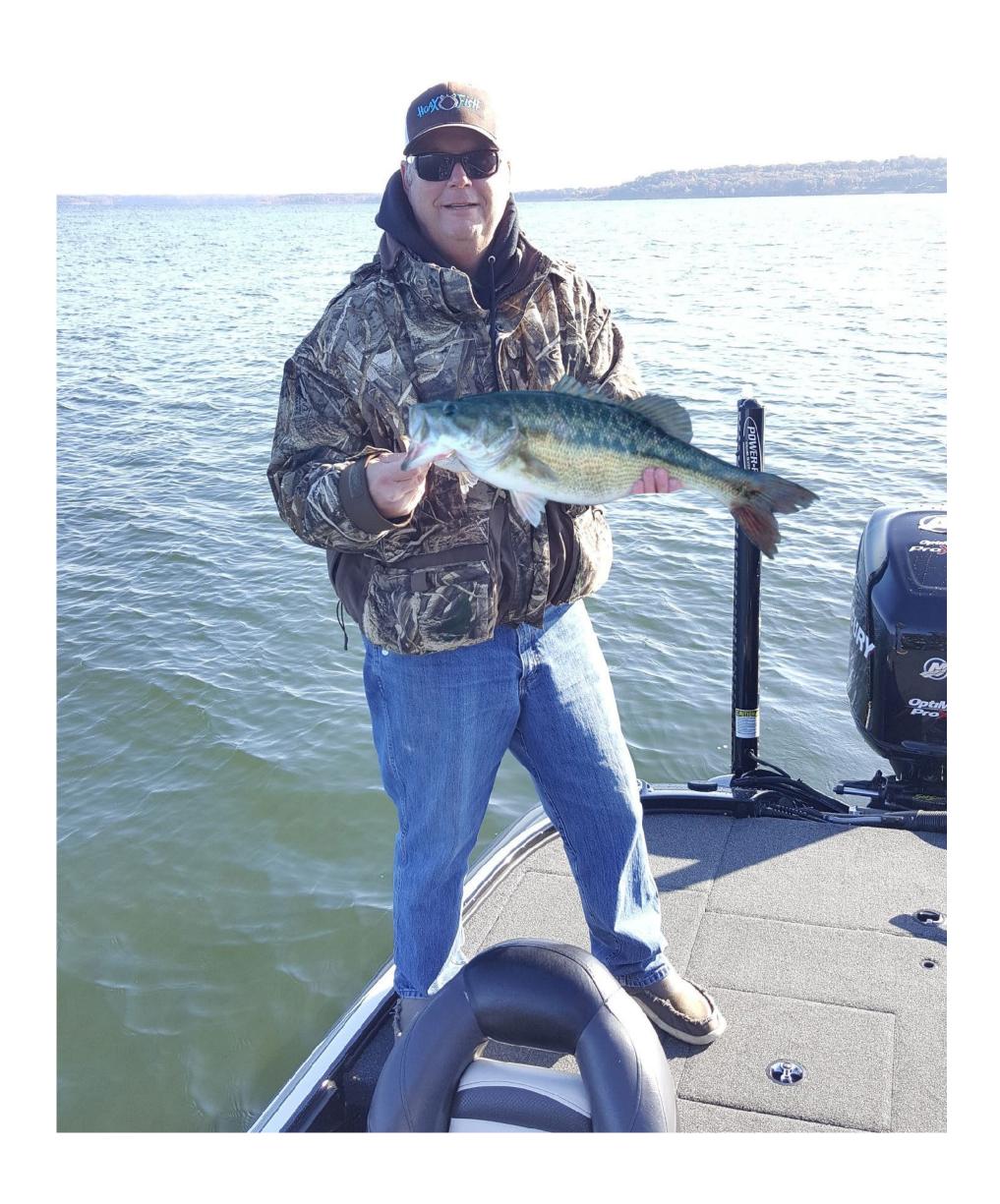
# Page Setup for Plotting to Scale: Model Versus Paper Space—Which Way Is Best for You?

#### Kendall Casey

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#### About the speaker

#### Kendall Casey

Kendall Casey is a Master Instructor and Director of the Career Education Division at Arkansas State University-Beebe. He has been educating students in CAD since 2004, with graduates scattered across the nation. His education includes a Master of Science in Geographic Information Systems, Bachelor of Science in Mechanical Engineering Technology, and Associate of Applied Science in Computer-Aided Drafting and Design. He began using AutoCAD in 1991 with release 11. After spending roughly ten years using AutoCAD and Mechanical Desktop in product design for a commercial refrigerator manufacture a chance to impart his nerdy CAD skills became a reality. Kendall is very passionate about AutoCAD and loves to help others grow their knowledge.

#### Class summary

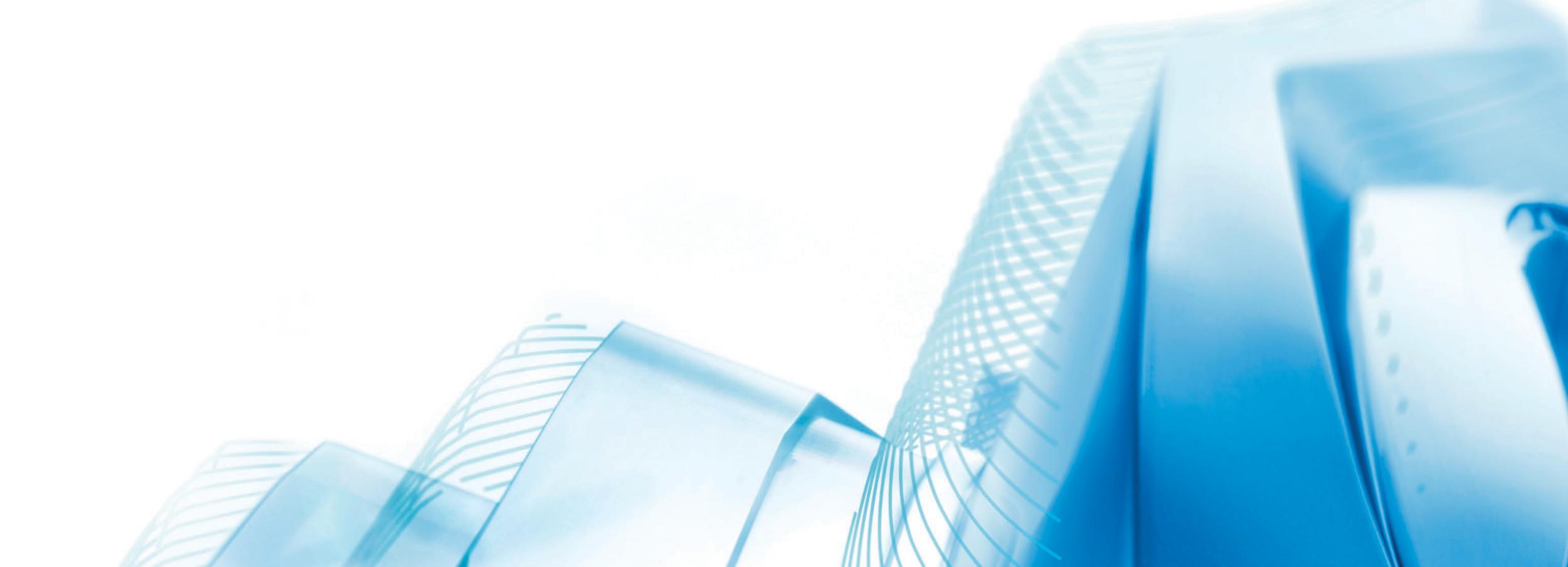
This course will demonstrate 3 different methods of plotting your drawings to scale. The "old school" method, the "worst way," and the "best way."

Regardless of the means you decide to use, <u>ALWAYS</u> design your projects at full scale.

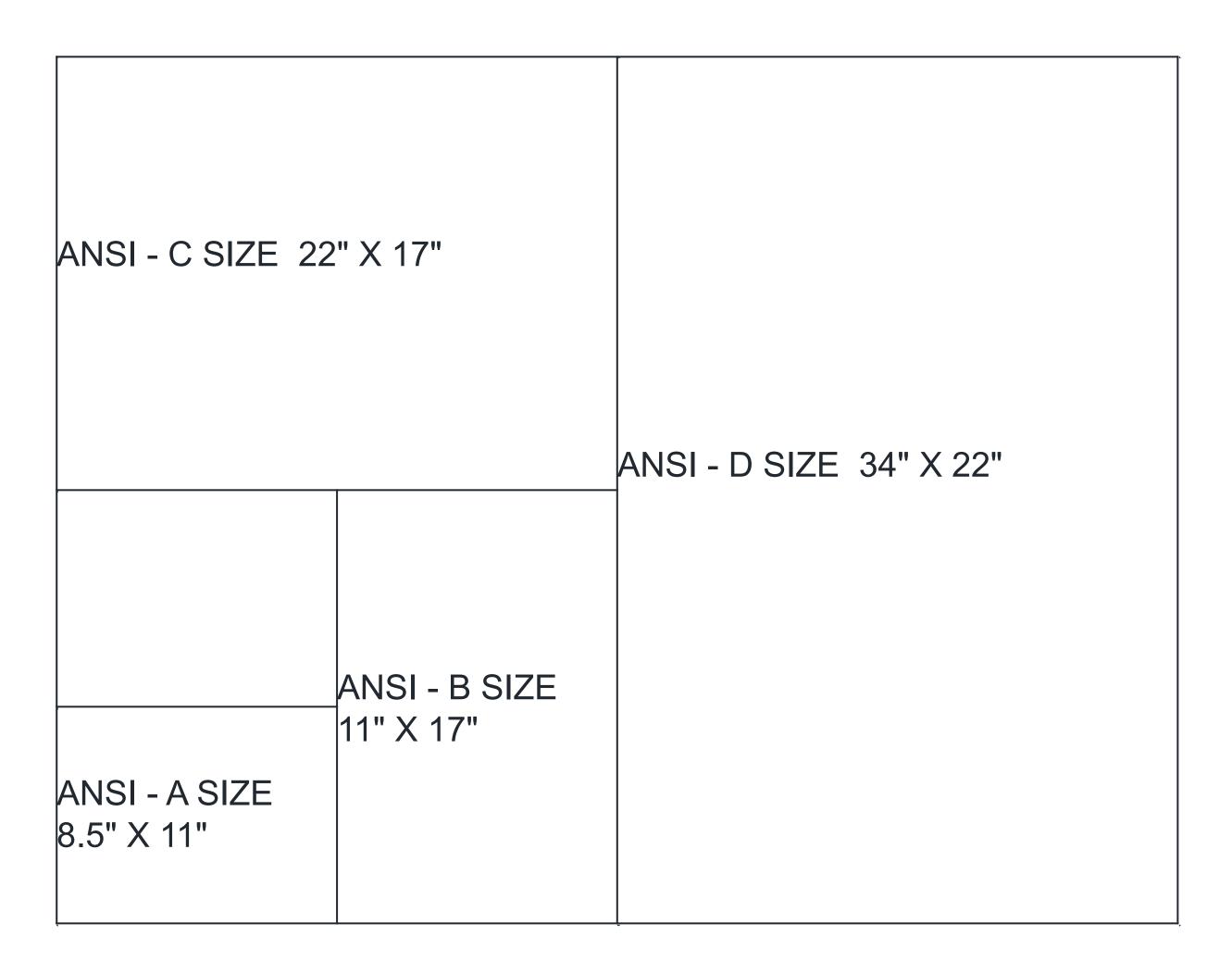
#### Key learning objectives

#### AT THE END OF THIS CLASS, YOU WILL BE ABLE TO:

- Discover 3 different methods of plotting drawings to scale
- Understand the necessary settings and workflow to plot to scale from both Model and Paper Space
- Compare and contrast the pros and cons of plotting from Model
   Space versus Paper Space
- Determine which plotting method is best for you



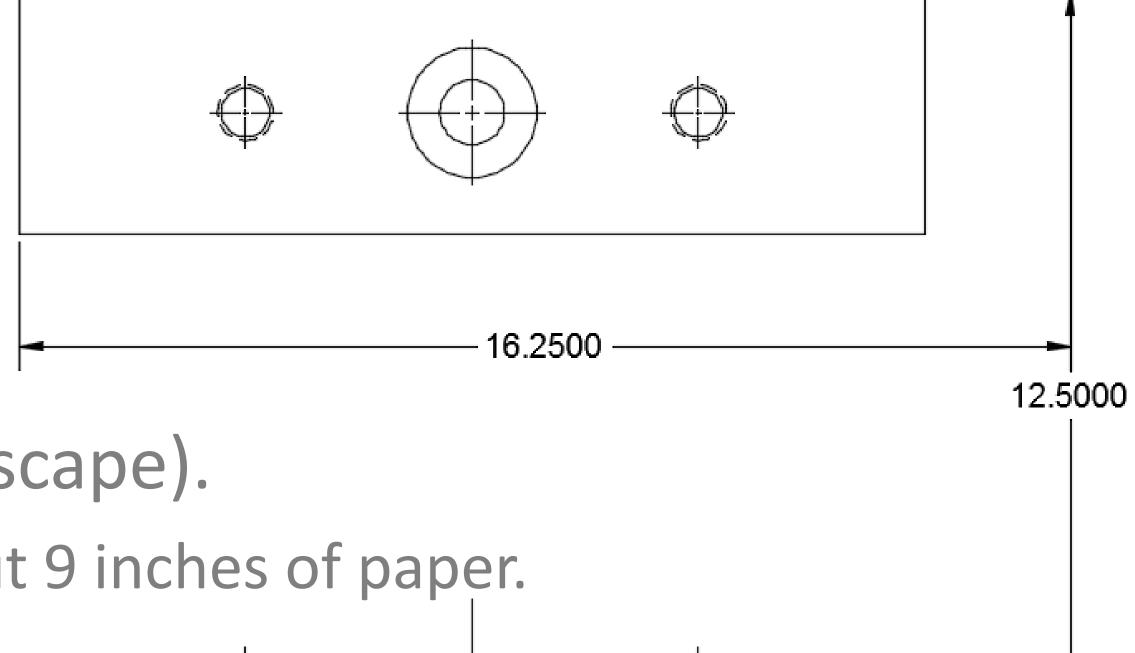
You need to know your paper sheet sizes!



You have to know your project size!

Account for Dimensions and Notes

- 1. Determine Paper Size
- 2. Calculate the scale Do the MATH

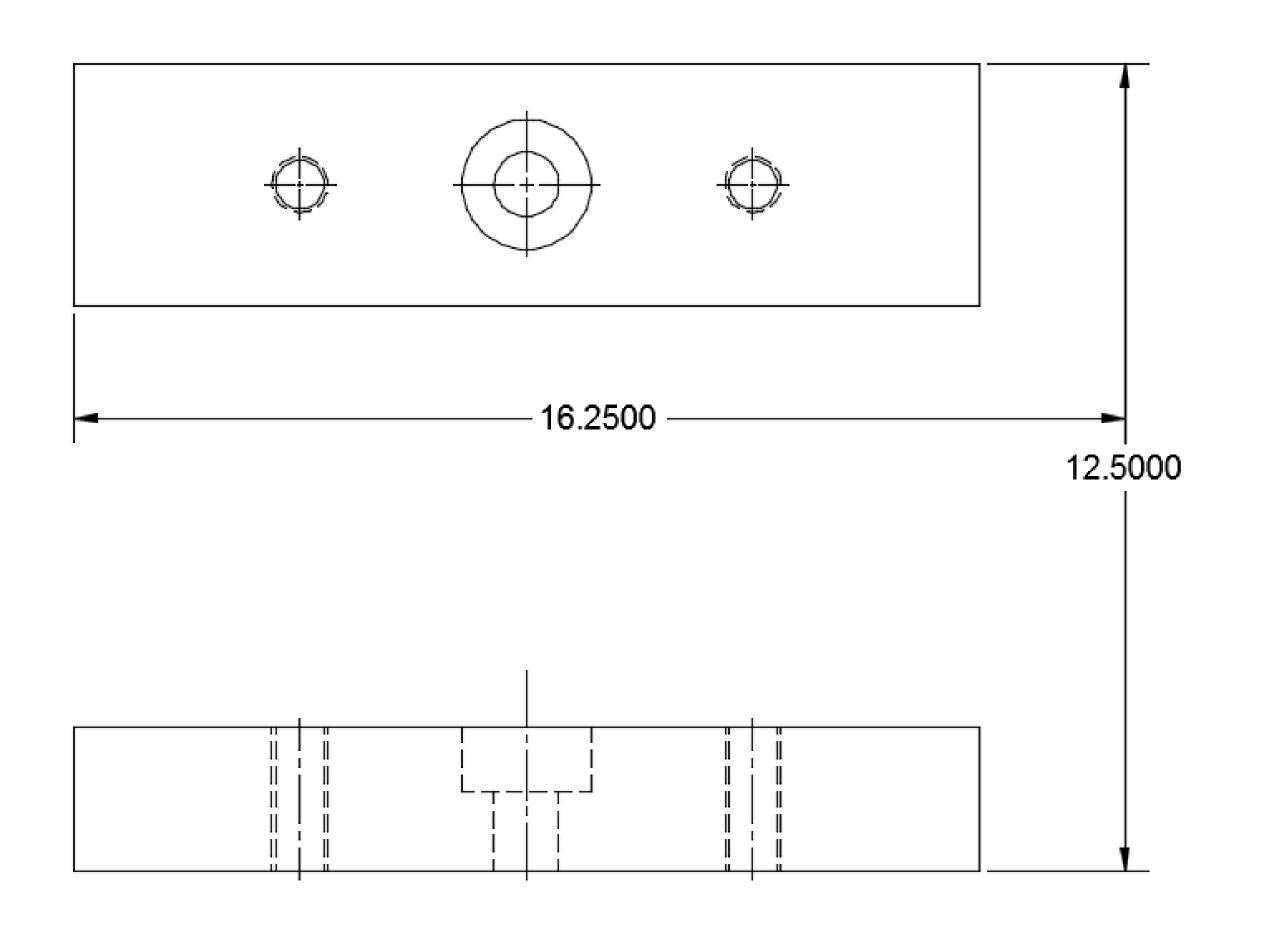


In this case I want to use ANSI A (landscape).

We need to squeeze 16.25 inches into about 9 inches of paper.

16.25/9 = 1.80 so a scale of 1:2 will fit.

Determine your drawing scale.



Consider the Scale in both X and Y directions. So in the Y direction:

We need to squeeze 12.5 inches into about 6.5 inches of paper. 12.5/6.5 = 1.92 so a scale of 1:2 will fit.

# A few Common Drawing Scales

#### Mechanical Drawings

Description	Effect	Scale Factor	Paper Units	Project Units
1:2	Reduce	2	1	2
1:4	Reduce	4	1	4
1:8	Reduce	8	1	5
2:1	Enlarge	0.5	2	1
4:1	Enlarge	0.25	4	1

### A few Common Drawing Scales

#### Architectural Drawings

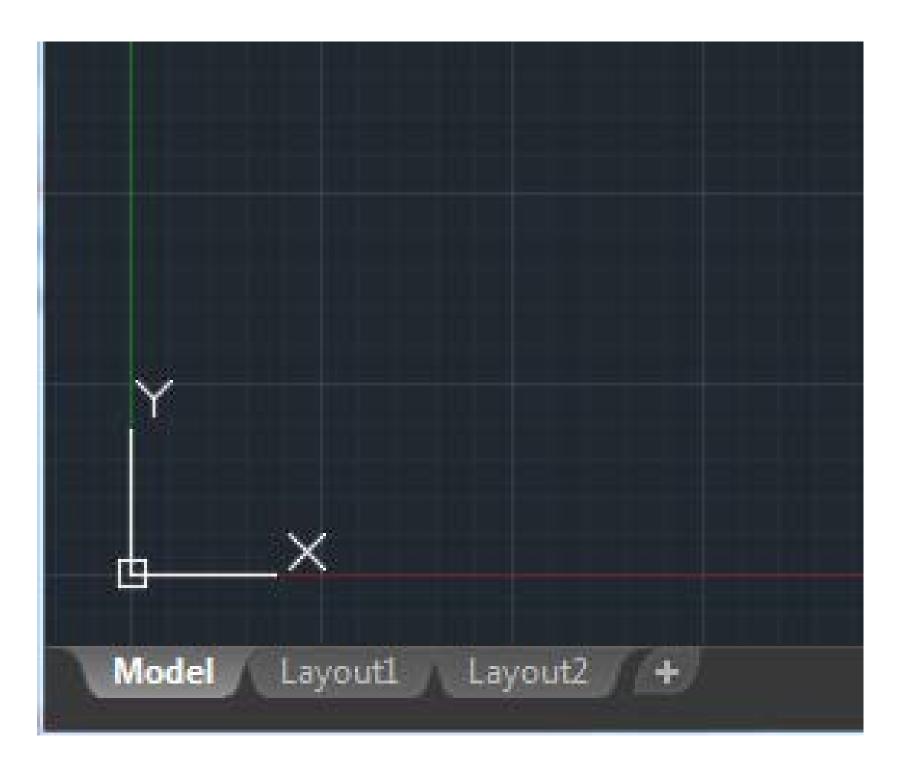
Description	Effect	Scale Factor	Paper Units	Project Units
1/4" = 1'	Reduce	48	0.25	12
1/2" = 1'	Reduce	24	0.5	12
1" = 1'	Reduce	12	1	12

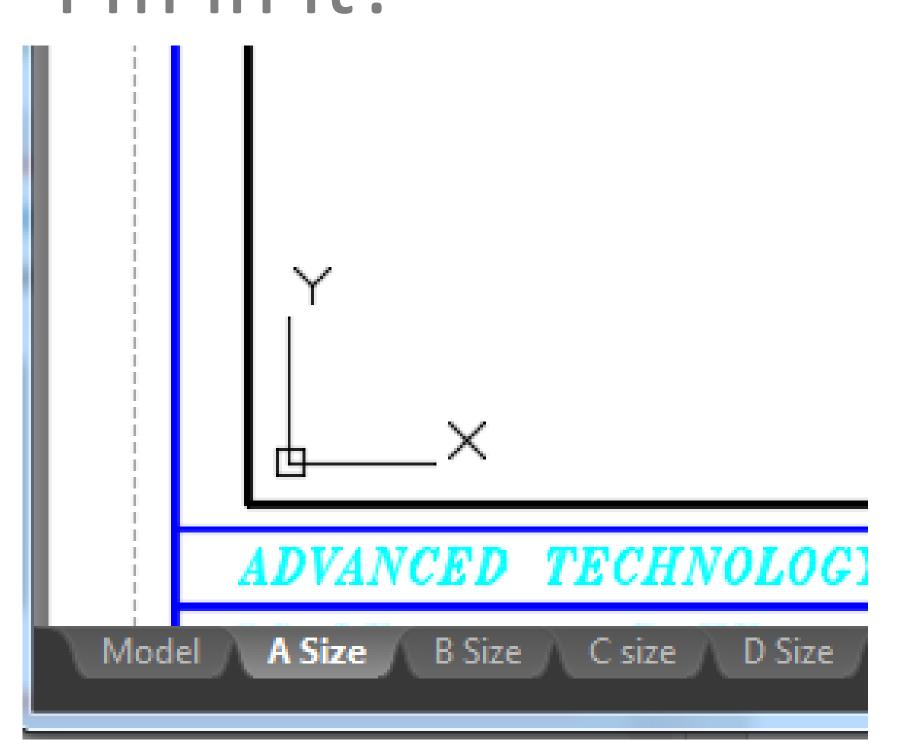
### A few Common Drawing Scales

#### Civil Drawings

Description	Effect	Scale Factor	Paper Units	Project Units
1" = 10'	Reduce	120	1	120
1" = 50'	Reduce	600	1	600
1" = 100'	Reduce	1200	1	1200

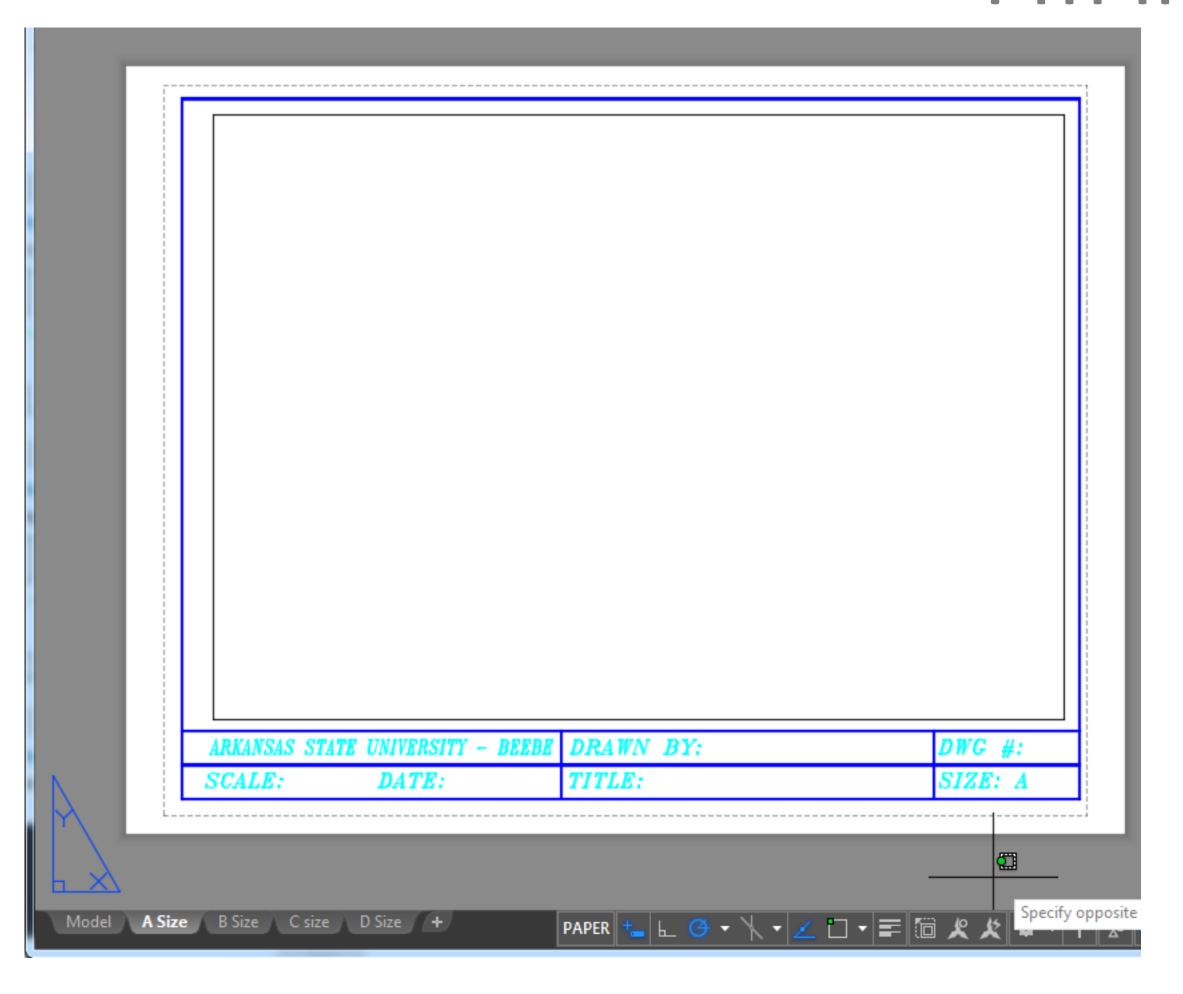
What is Model Space and how do I know whether or not I'm in it?



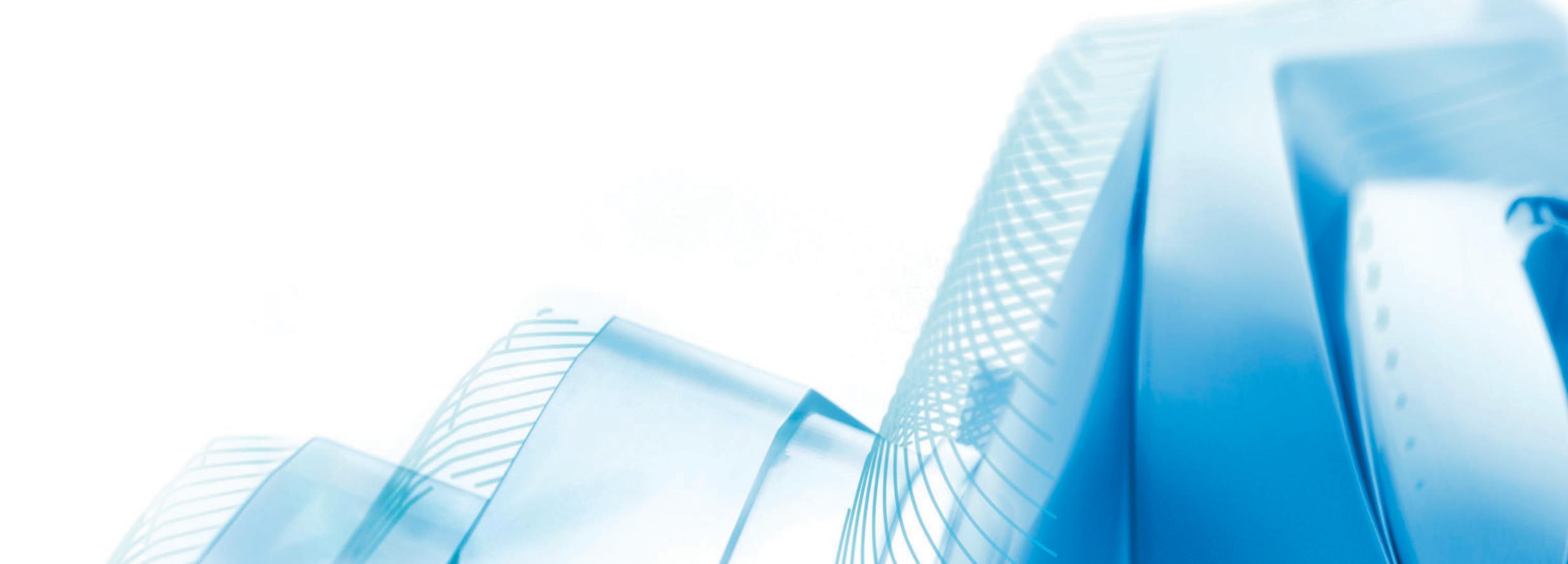




What is Paper Space and how do I know whether or not I'm in it?







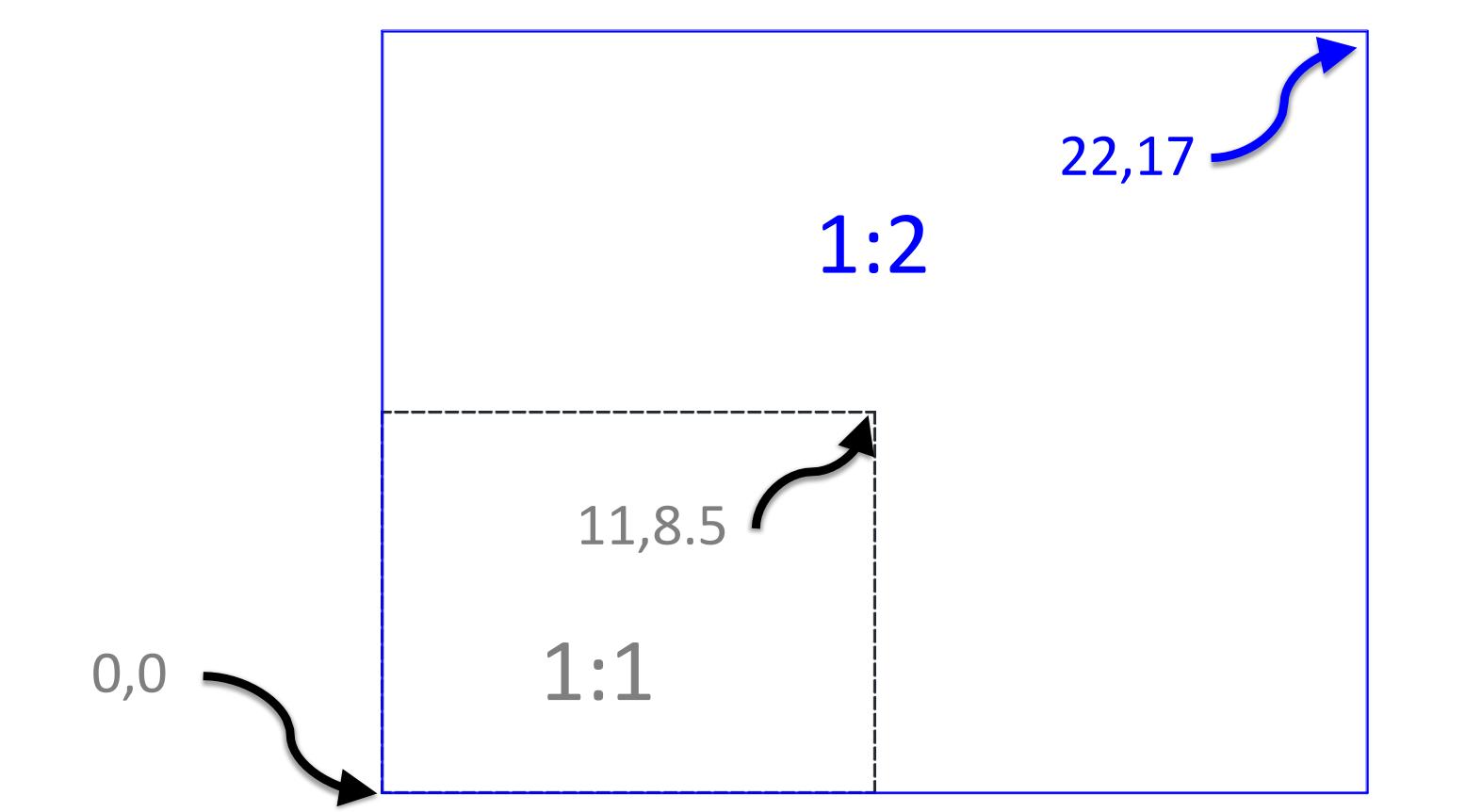
- To fully appreciate where we are, we need to understand where we have been.
- Model Space is where it all began.
- Drawings were created and plotted from Model Space.
- Let us explore how...

We Know our Paper Size (11x8.5), our Project Size, and our Necessary Scale is 1:2 making the scale factor 2.

Set Drawing Limits to:

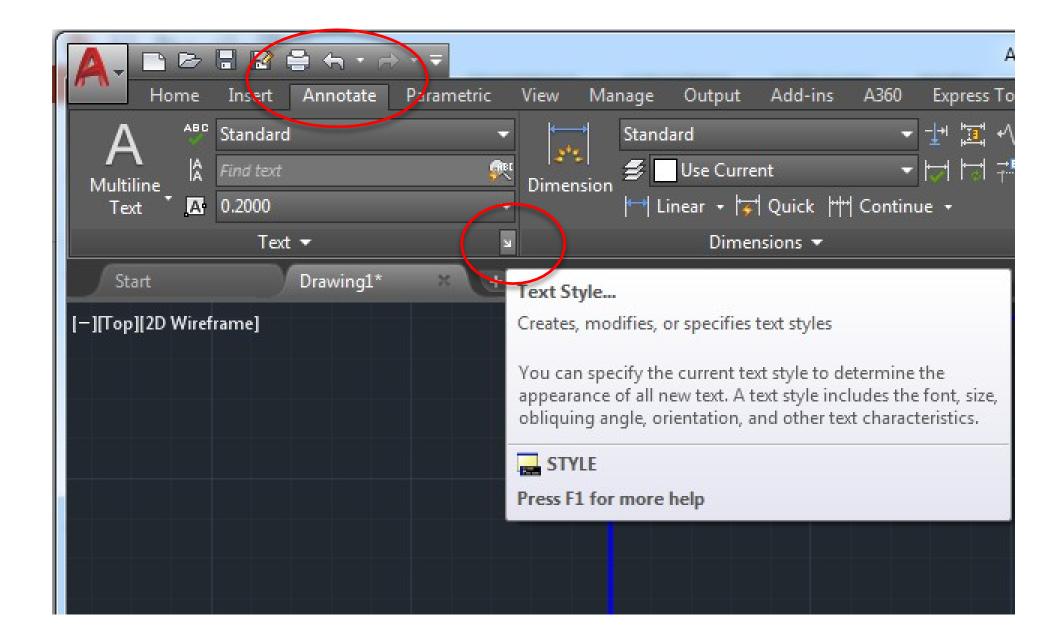
Lower Left corner: 0,0

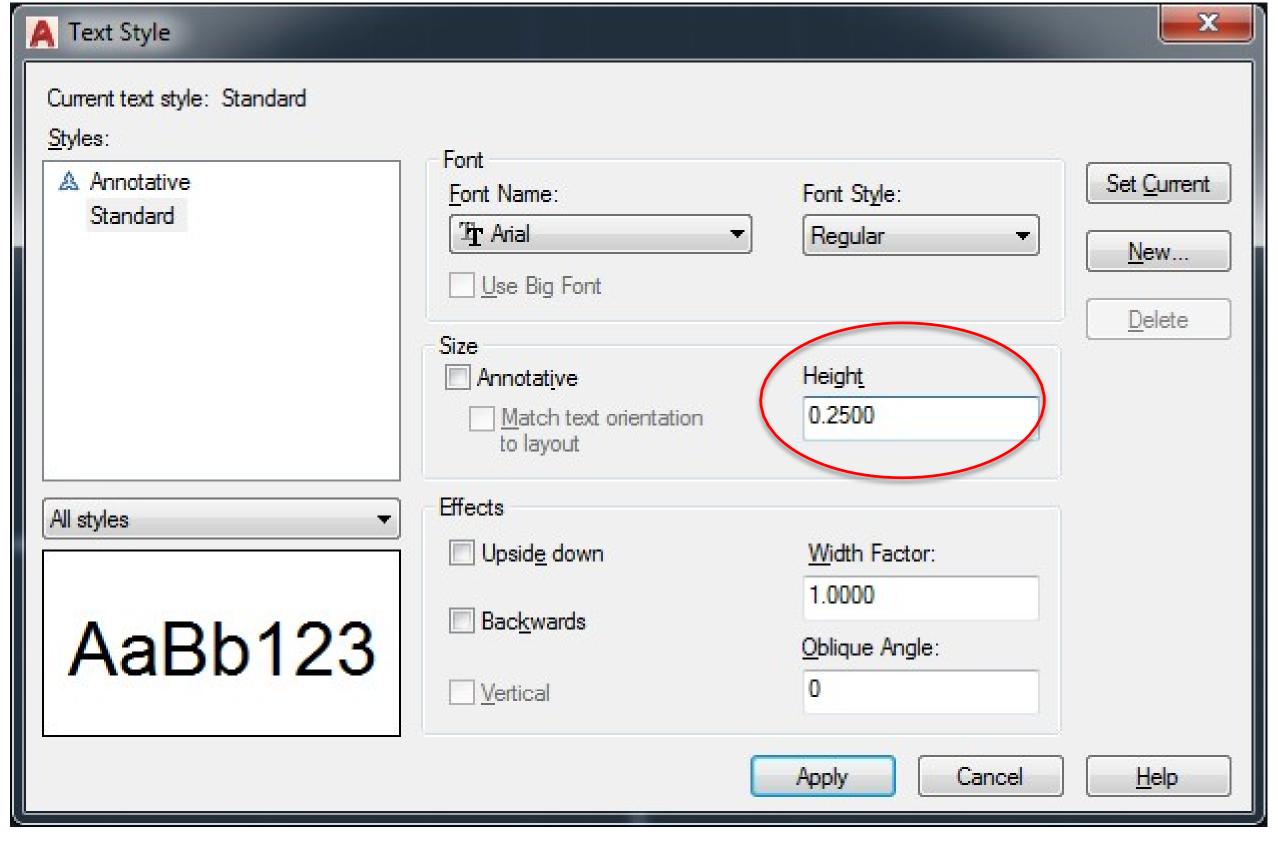
Upper Right corner: 22, 17 (2\*11, 2\*8.5)



#### Establish Text Sizes

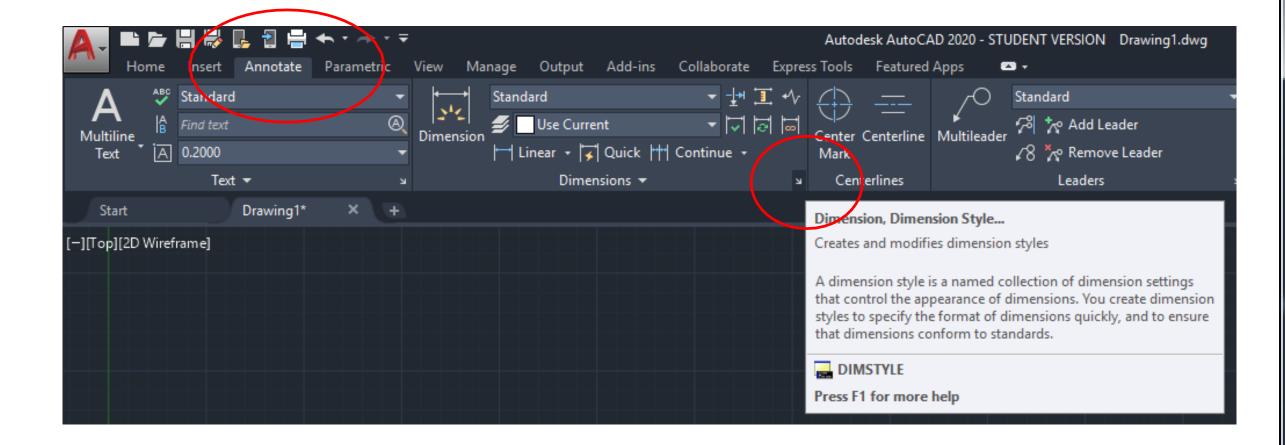
Multiply Desired text size by scale factor, 2 in this case 0.125 \* 2 = 0.25

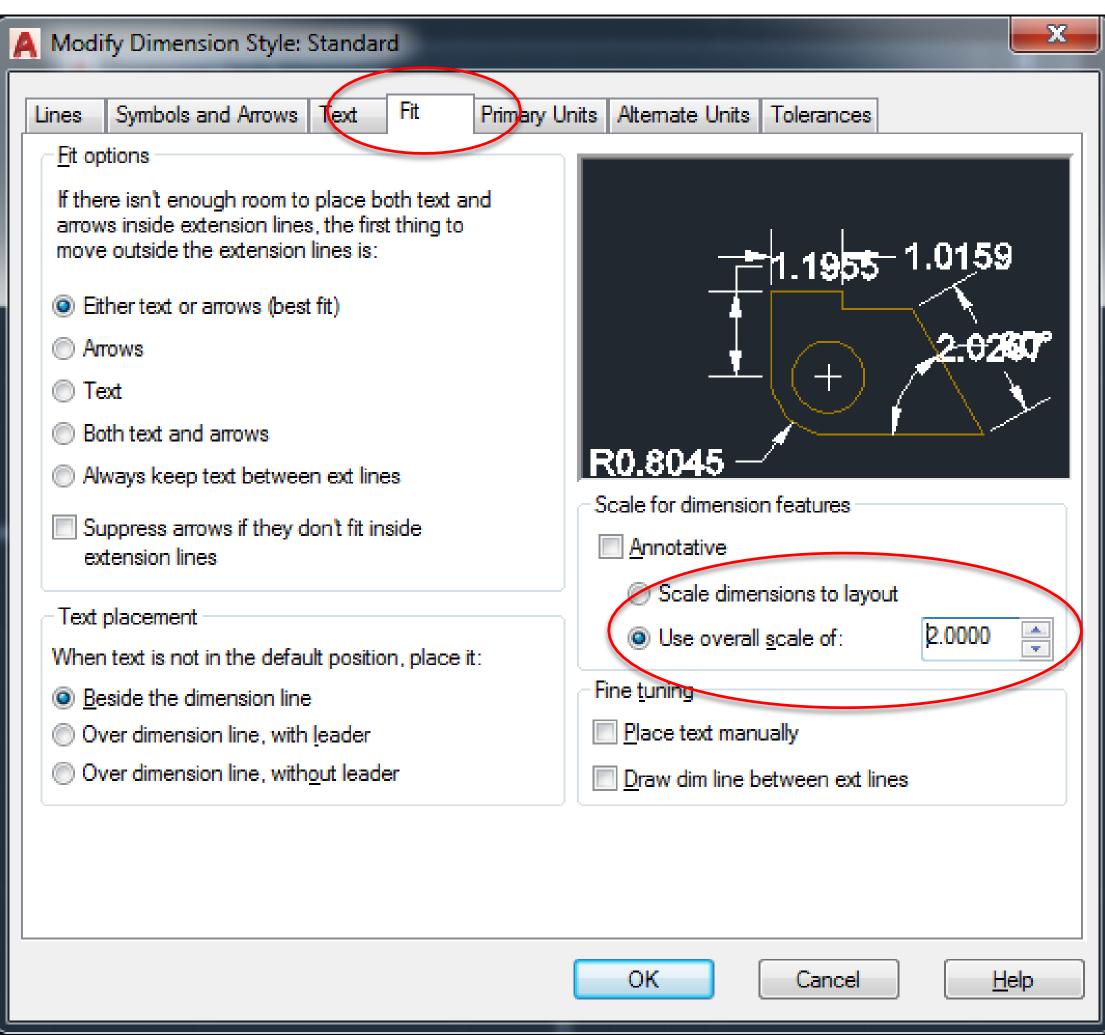




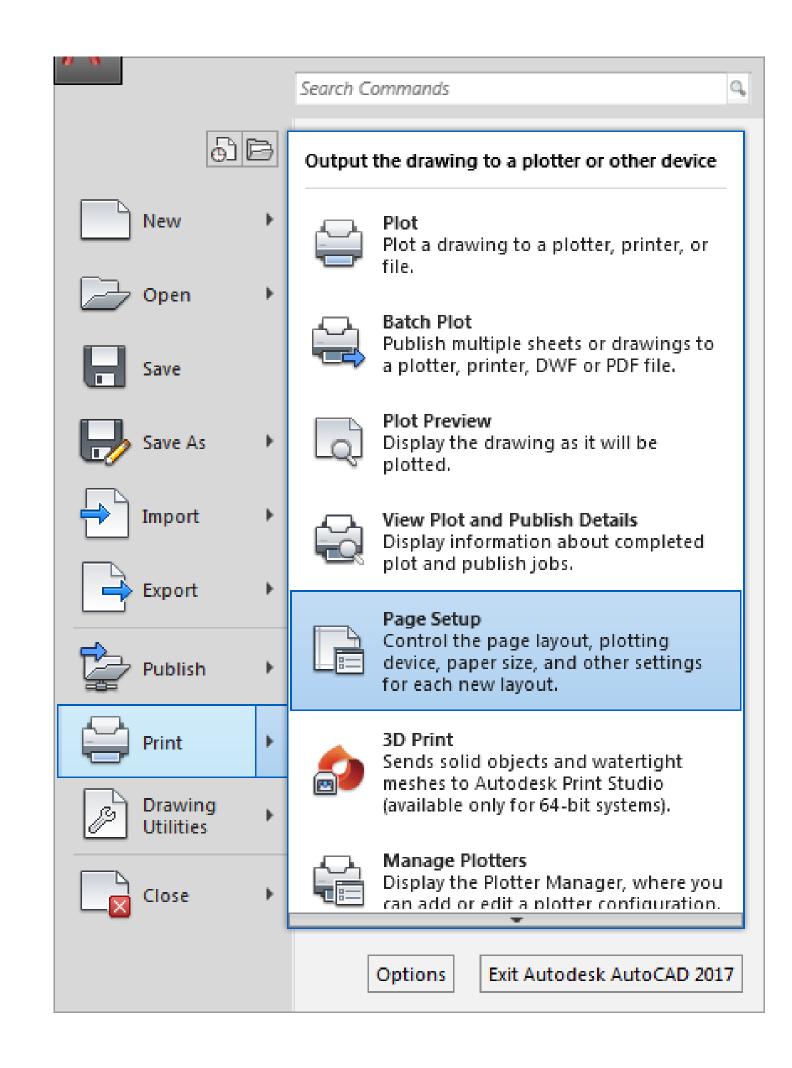
Set Dimscale – System Variable

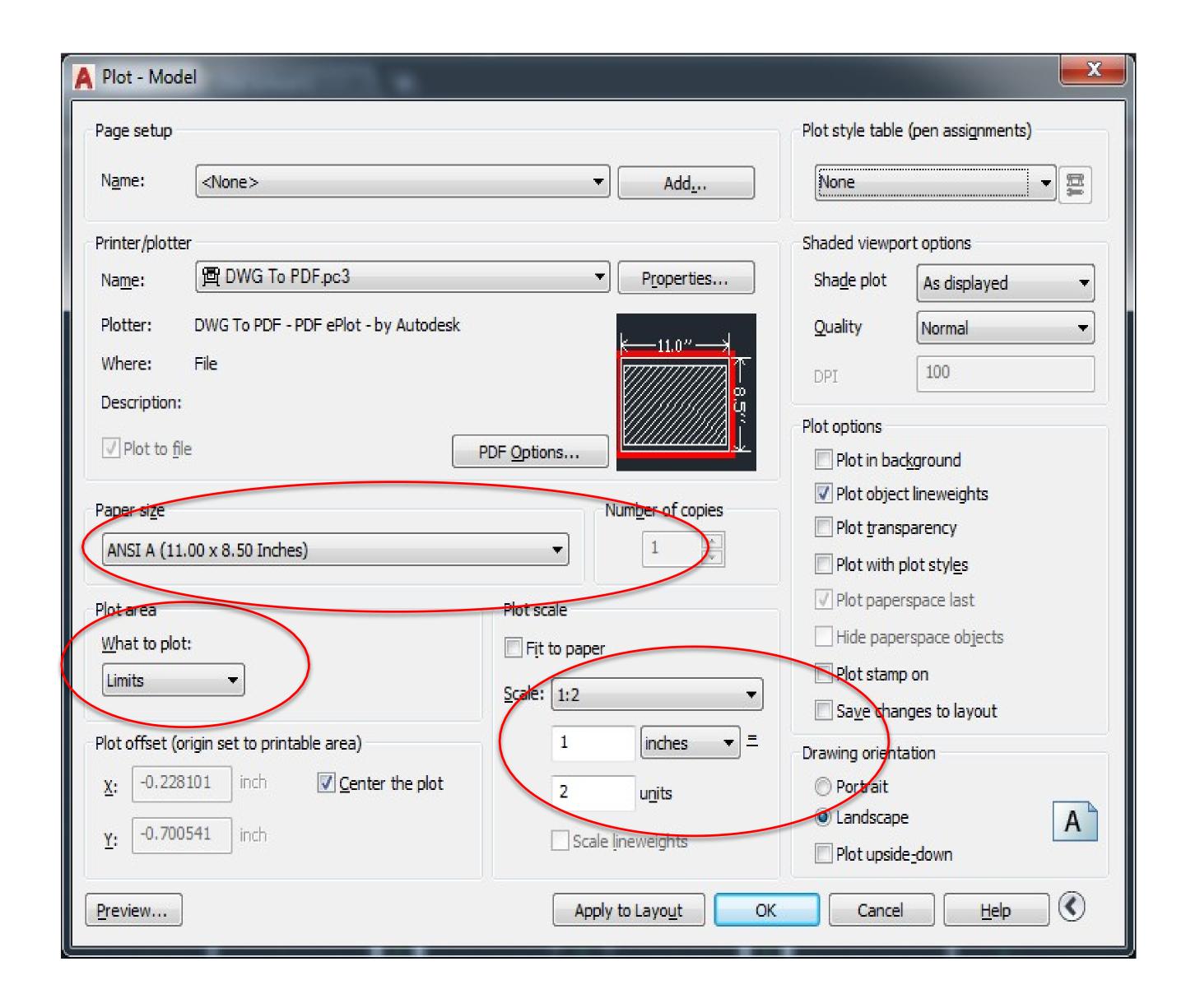
Dimscale = scale factor, 2 in this case



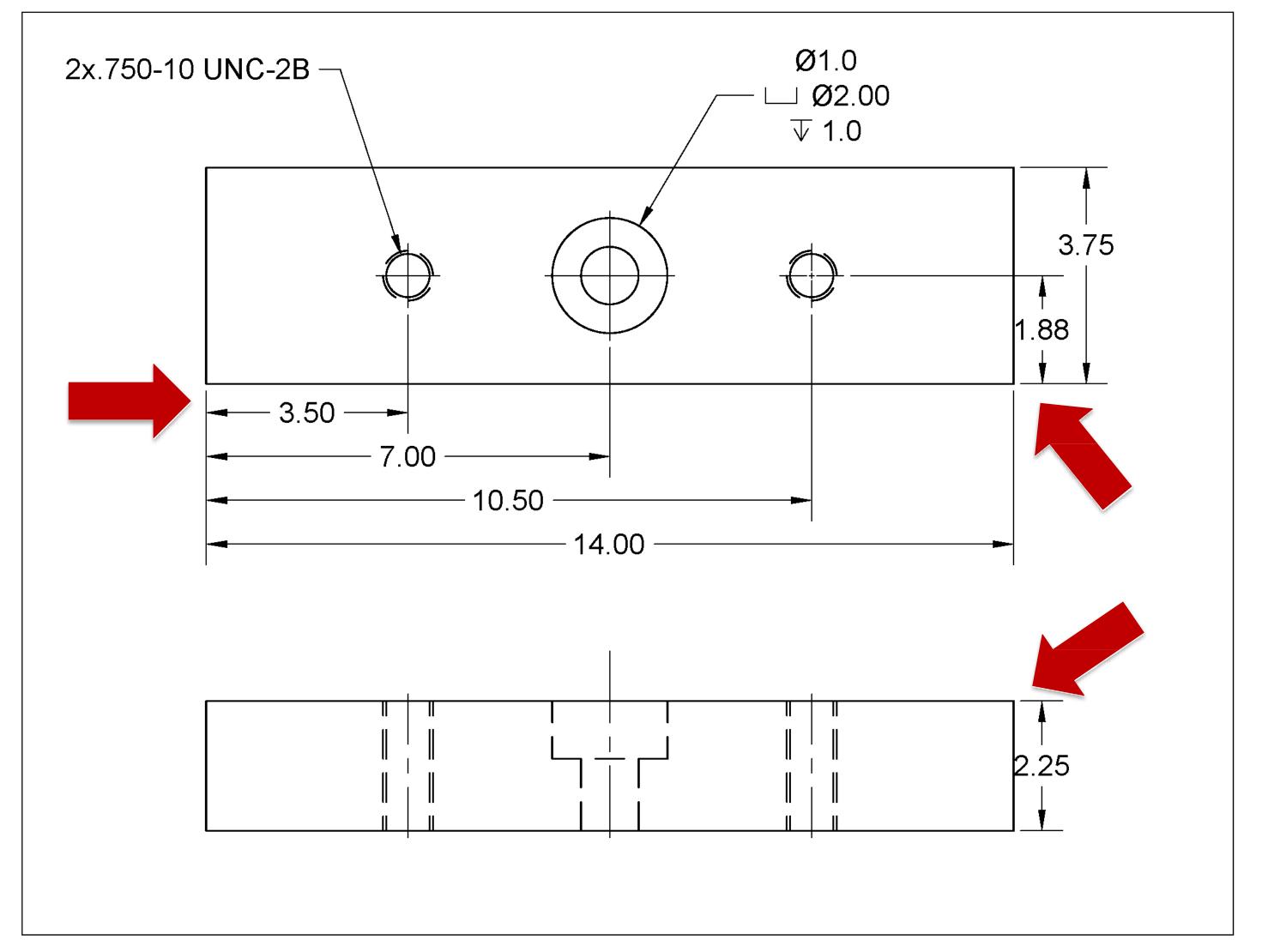


## Page Setup



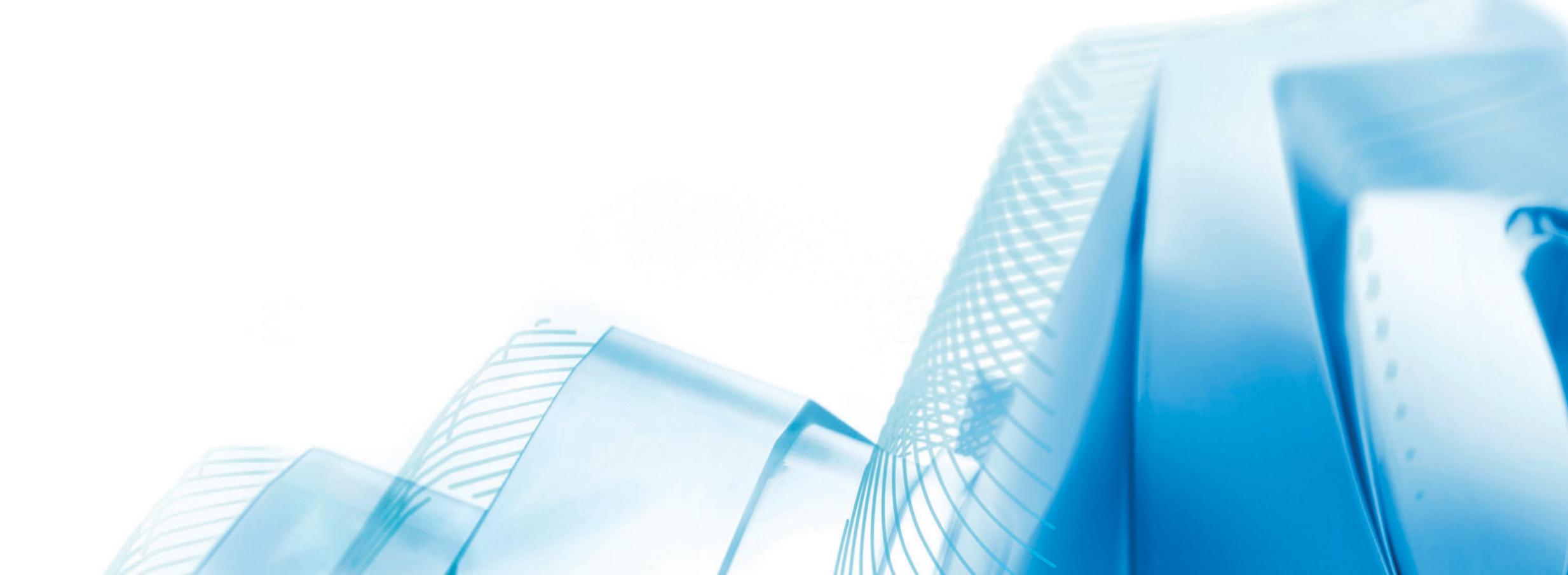


**Pitfall** -There is nothing to correct dimension spacing from the part.



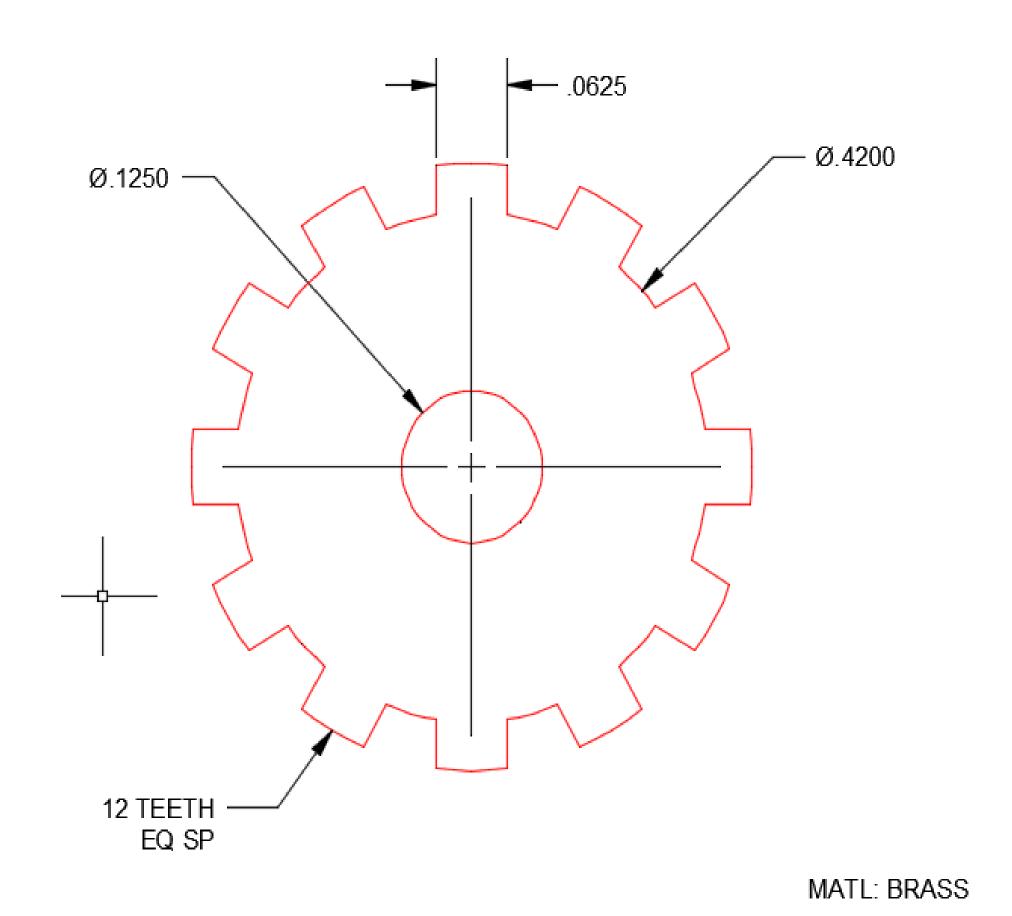
Just multiply the desired spacing by the Dimscale value

0.5 x 2 = 1 Place your 1<sup>st</sup> dimension 1 inch away from the part.



- The Page is Always set to the actual paper sizes at full scale (1:1)
- Scaling is set in the Viewport Window
- Use Annotative text, dimensions, leaders...

Ø.5000



You have to know your project size!

Account for Dimensions and Notes

- 1. Determine Paper Size
- 2. Calculate the scale Do the MATH

In this case I want to use ANSI A.

We need to fit 1 inch into about 9 inches of paper.

1/9 = .111 so a scale of 8:1 will fit.

We Know our Paper Size (11x8.5), our Project Size, and our Necessary Scale is 8:1 making the scale factor .125.

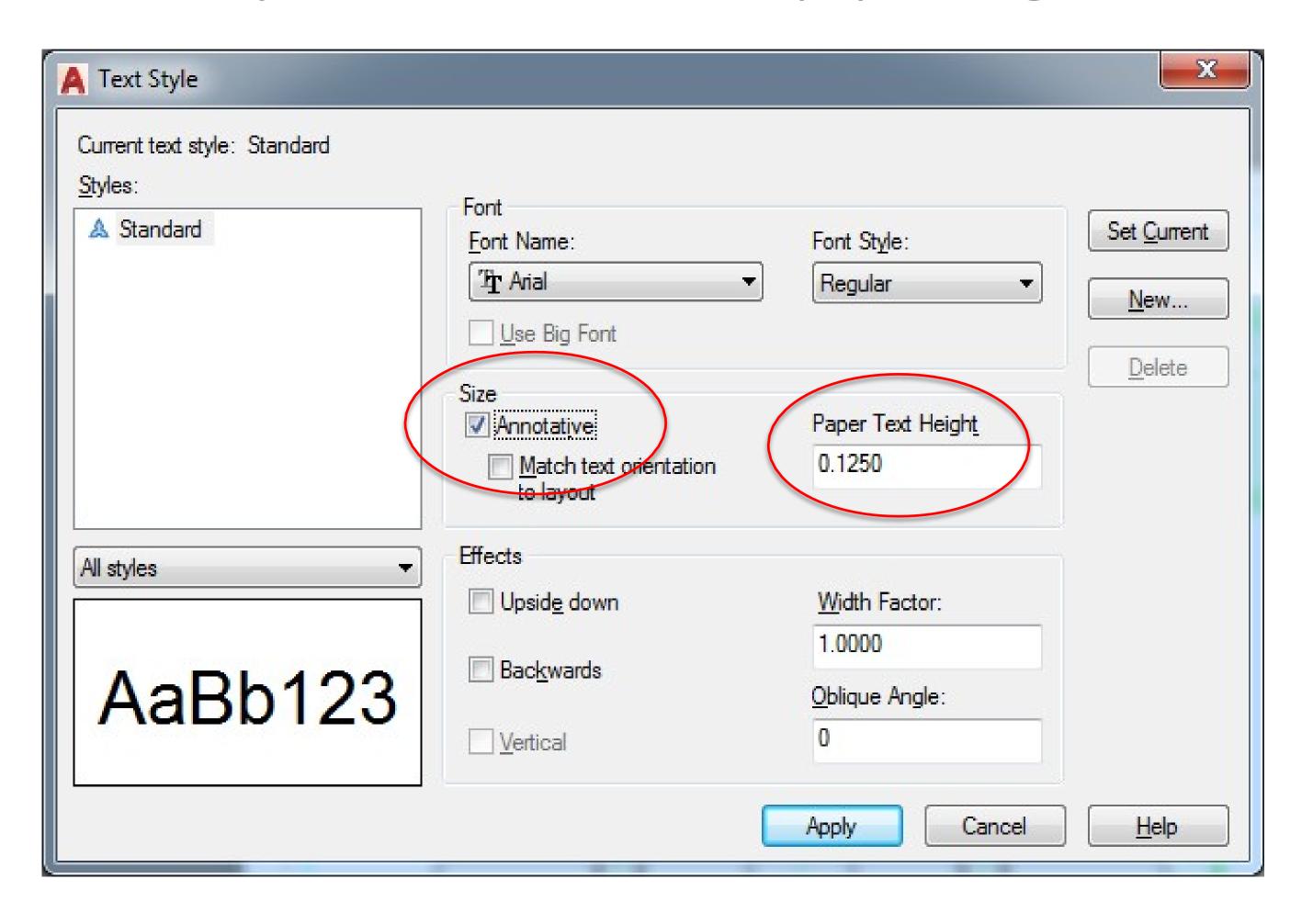
NOTE: This drawing is enlarged instead of reduced!

Drawings Limits?



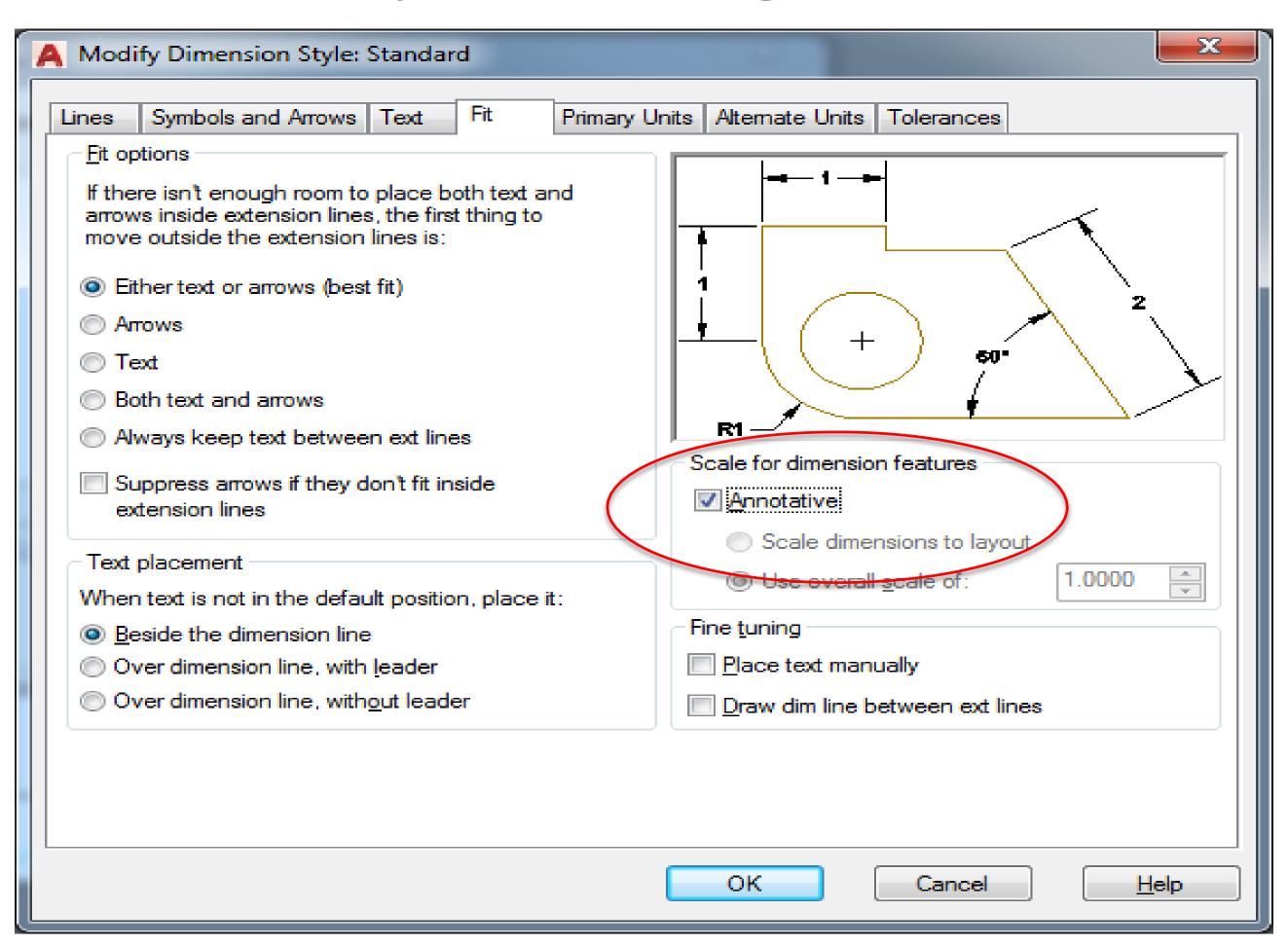
#### Text Sizes

Use Annotative Text Styles and set the desire paper height, AutoCAD will do the rest.

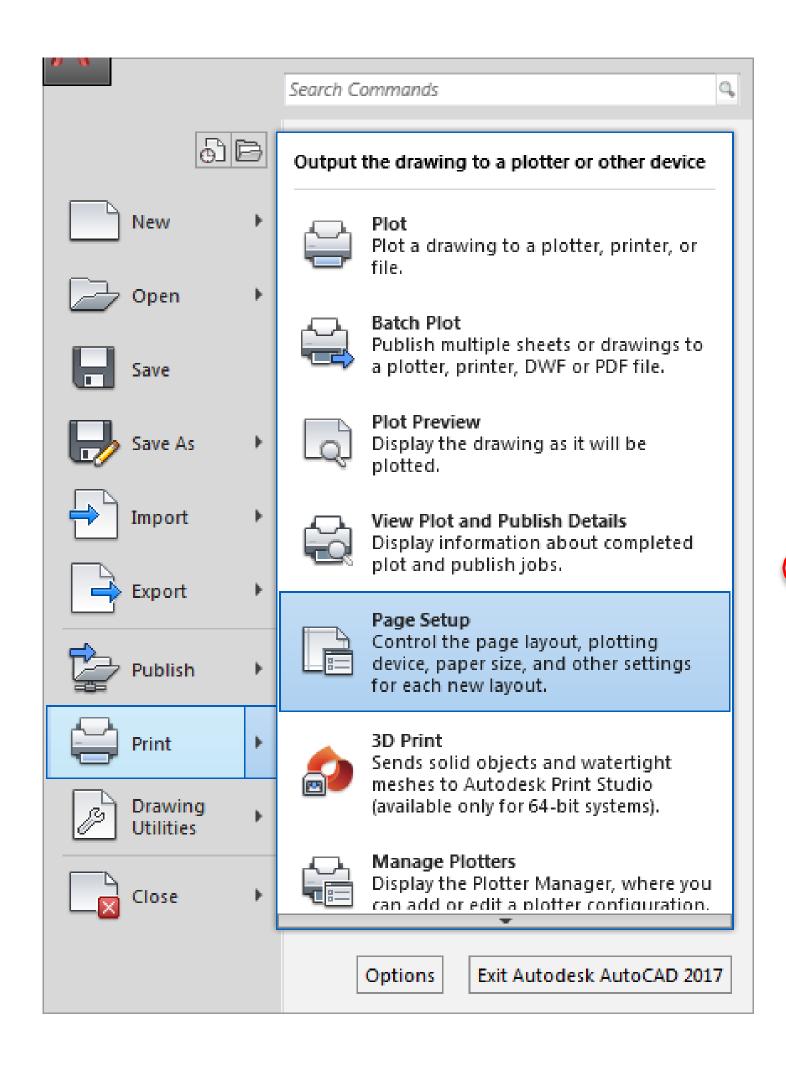


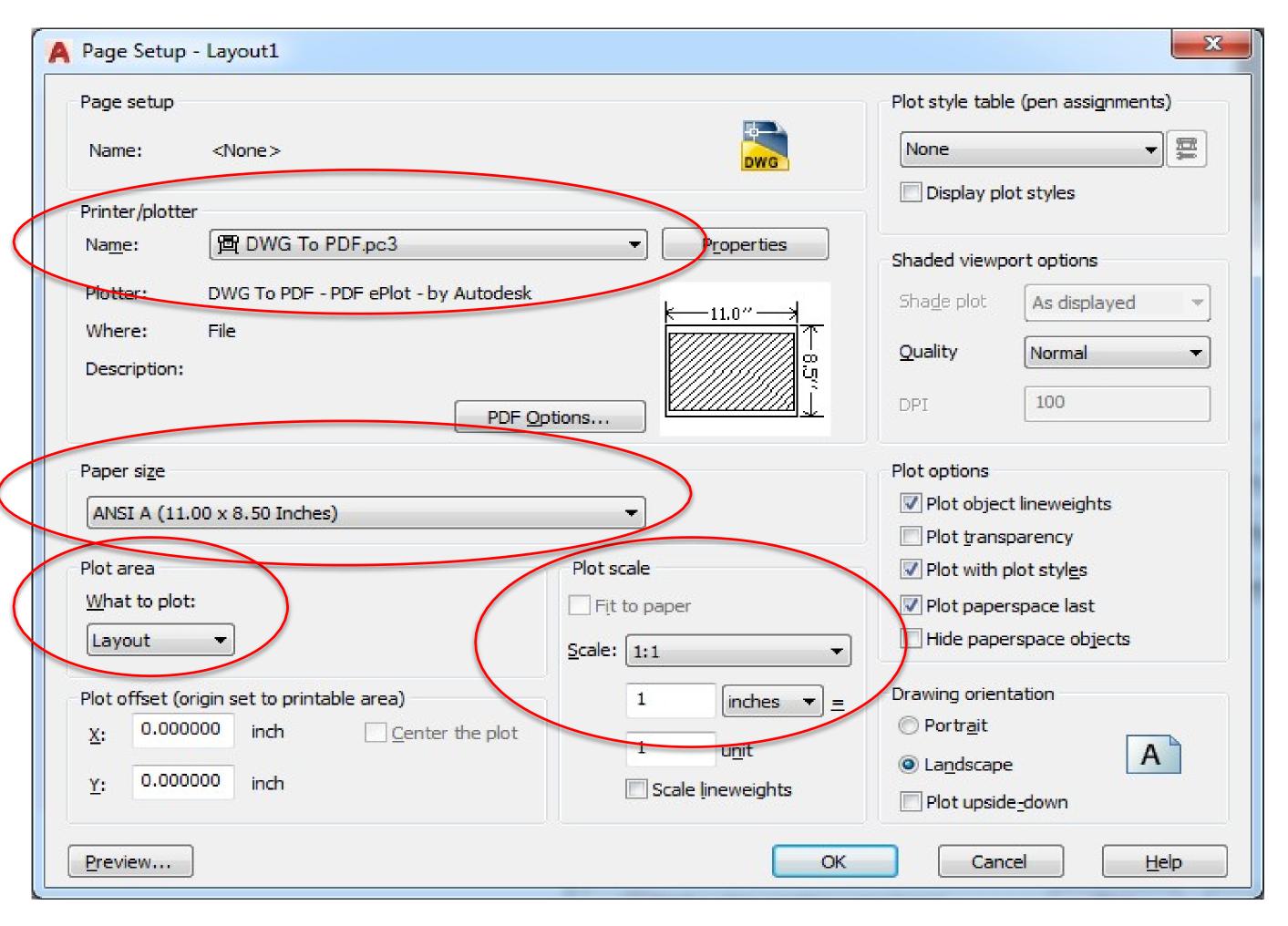
#### Dimension Sizes

Use Annotative Dimension Style and once again AutoCAD will take care of the rest.



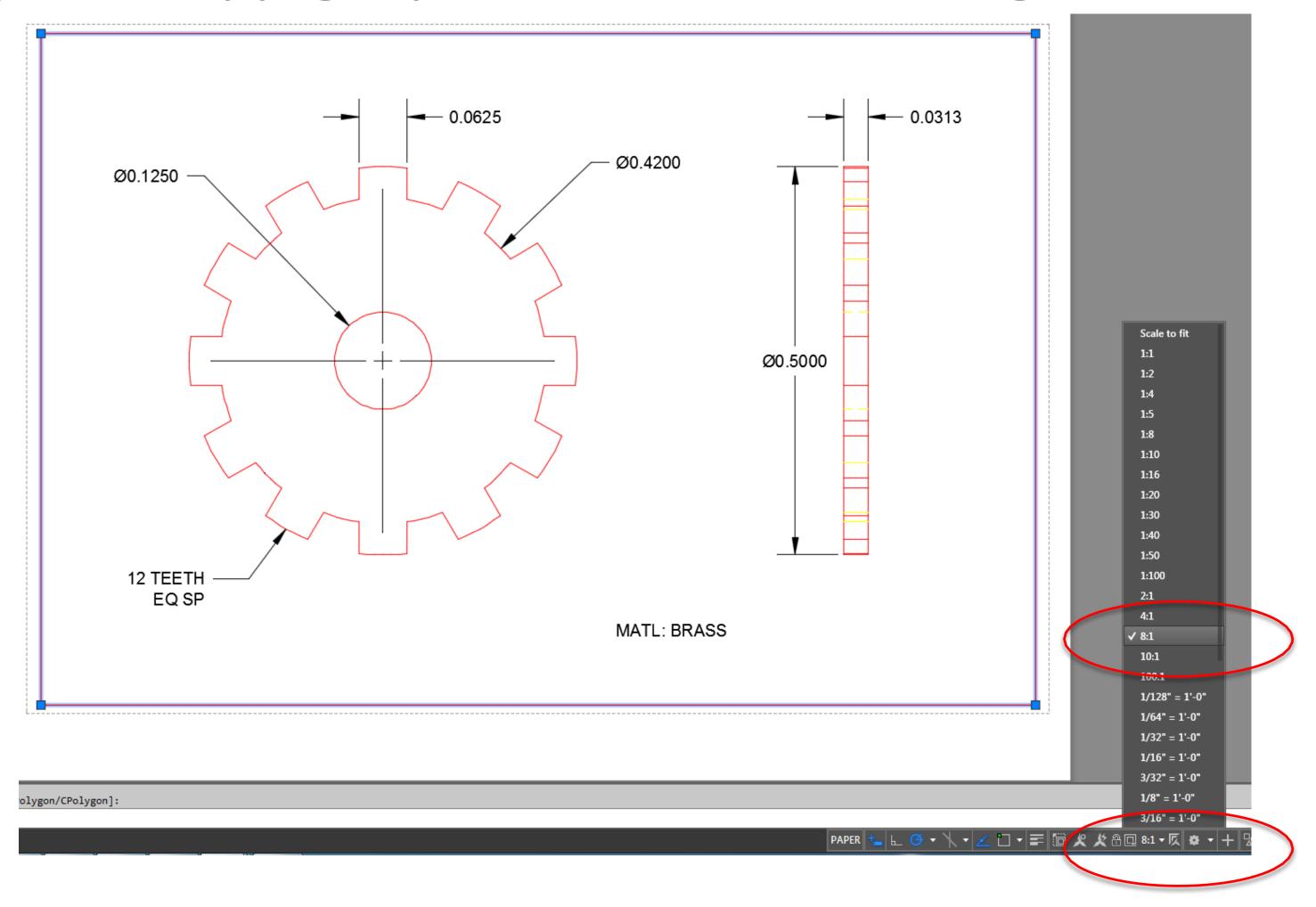
## Page Setup



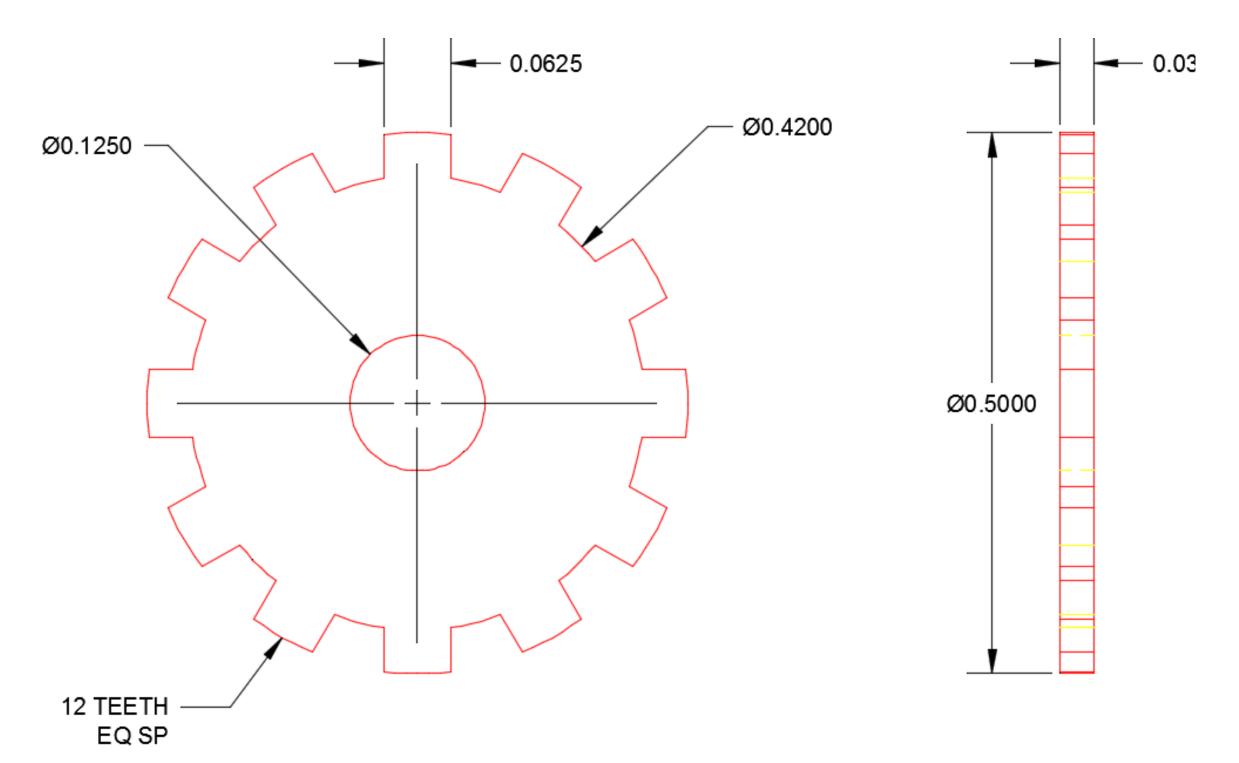


## How do you set the scale?

So I just set my page up with 1:1 scale, how do I get the 8:1 scale I need?



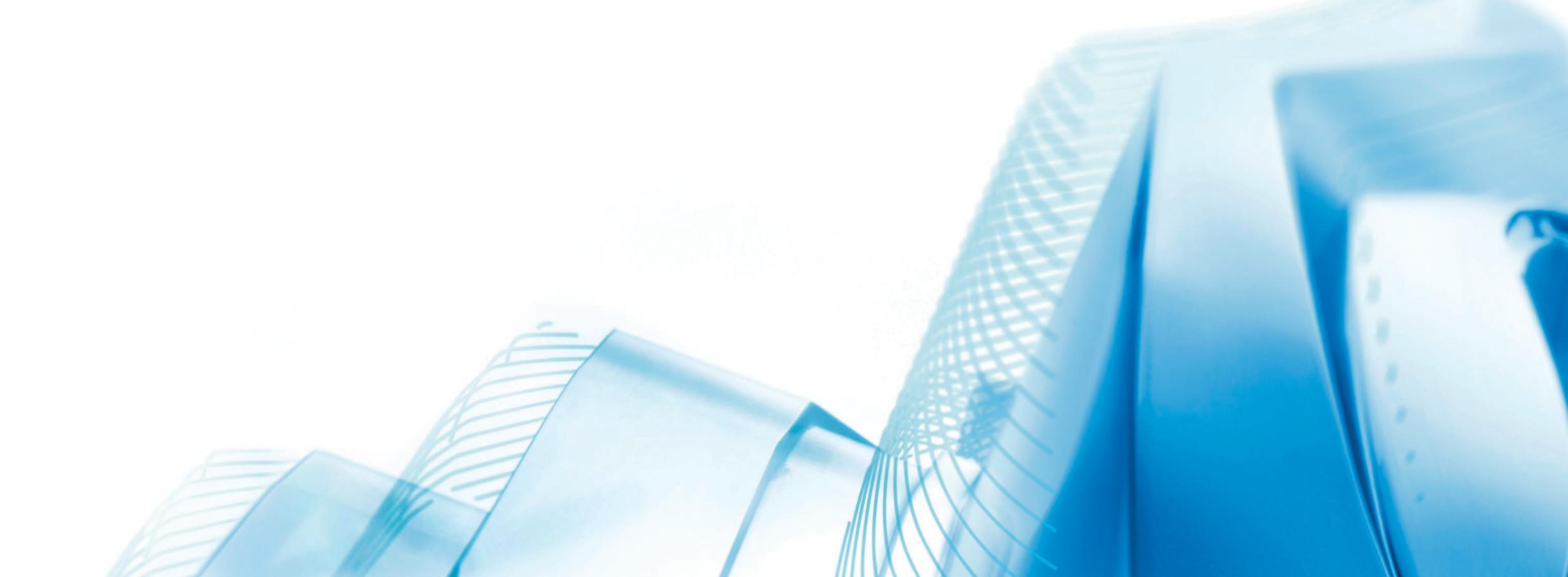
**Pitfall** -There is nothing to correct dimension spacing from the part. This is actually a pitfall for all three methods.



Just multiply the desired spacing by the scale factor value

 $0.5 \times .125 = .0625$ Place your 1<sup>st</sup> dimension .0625 inches away from the part.

MATL: BRASS



- The Page either gets larger or smaller depending on the scale
- Scaling is set in the Page Setup Manager
- The Viewport will be 1:1 scale
- You can use Annotative text, dimensions, leaders... or set the fixed sizes based on the scale factoras in the Old School Method

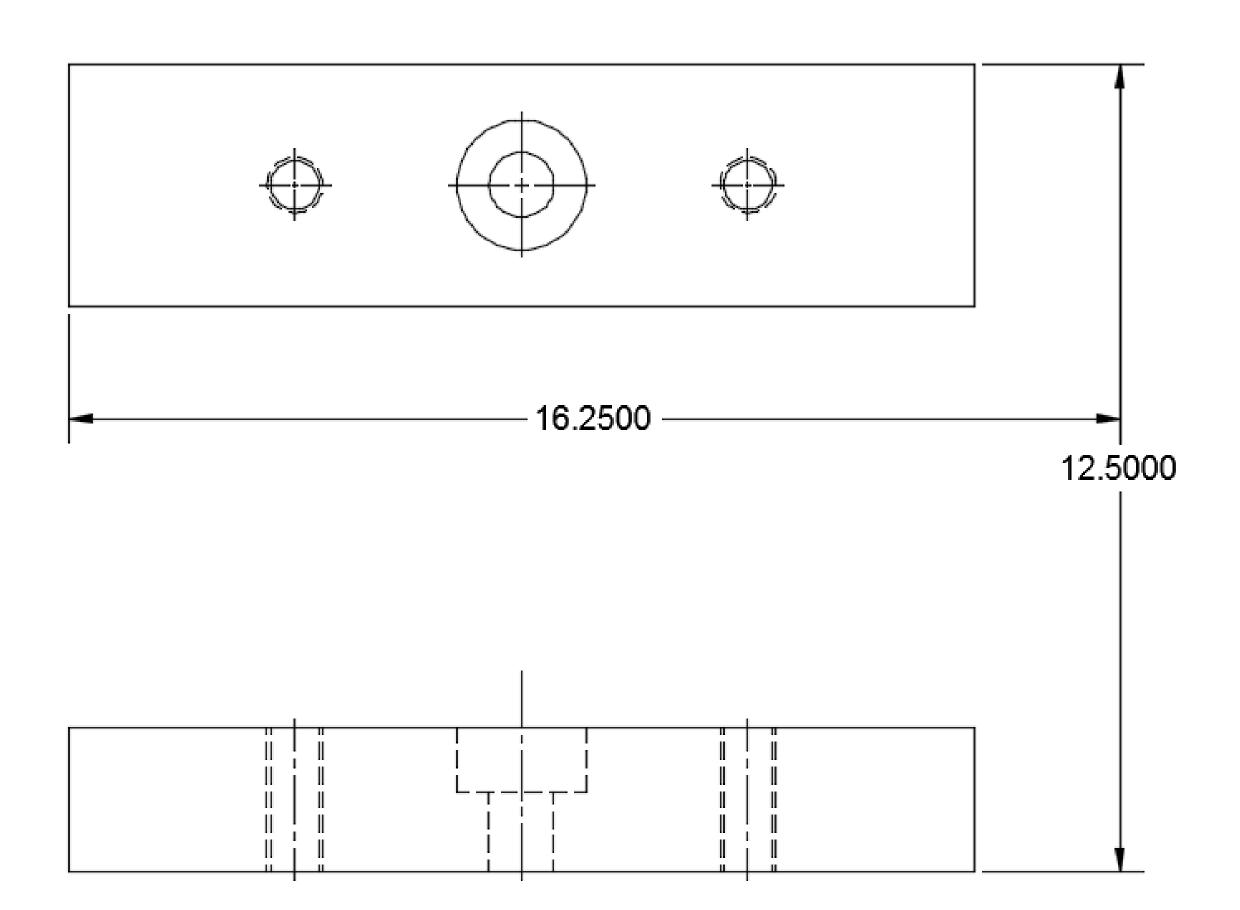
You have to know your project size!

Account for Dimensions and Notes

- 1. Determine Paper Size
- 2. Calculate the scale Do the MATH, we already have for this one.

In this case I want to use ANSI A.

From earlier we know a scale of 1:2 will fit.



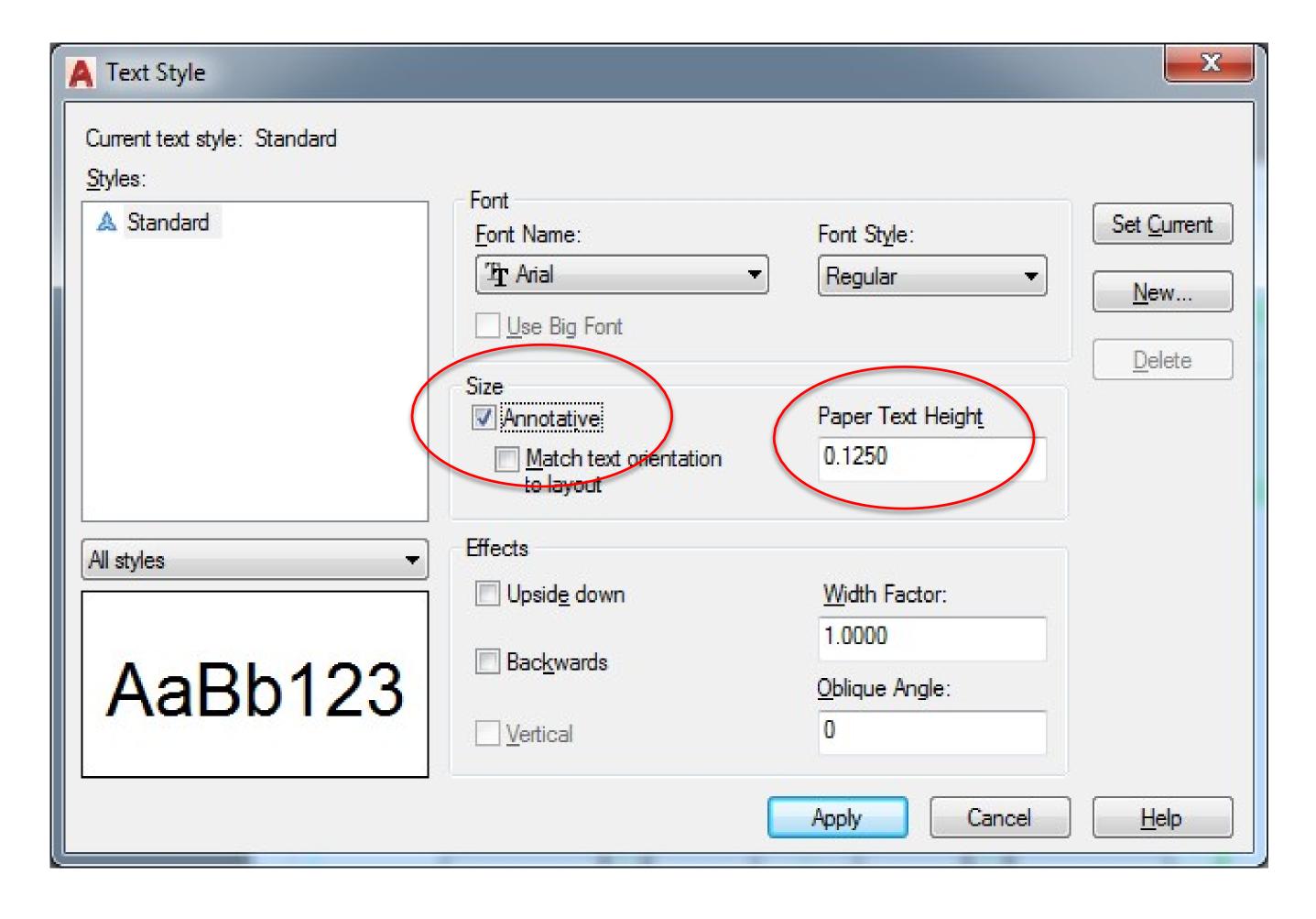
We Know our Paper Size (11x8.5), our Project Size, and our Necessary Scale is 1:2 making the scale factor 2.

Drawings Limits?



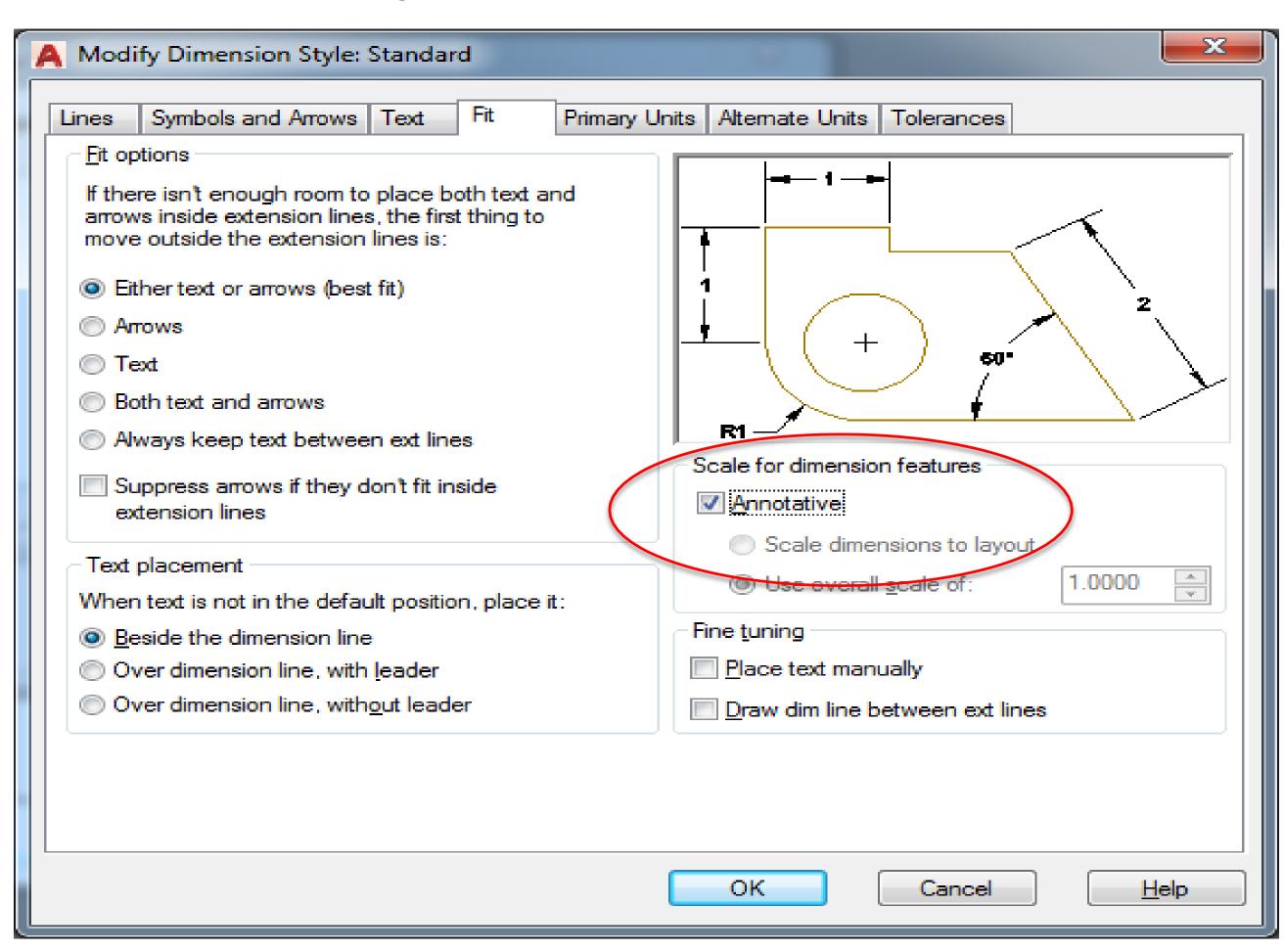
#### Text Sizes

I recommend using Annotative Text Styles and set the desire paper height.

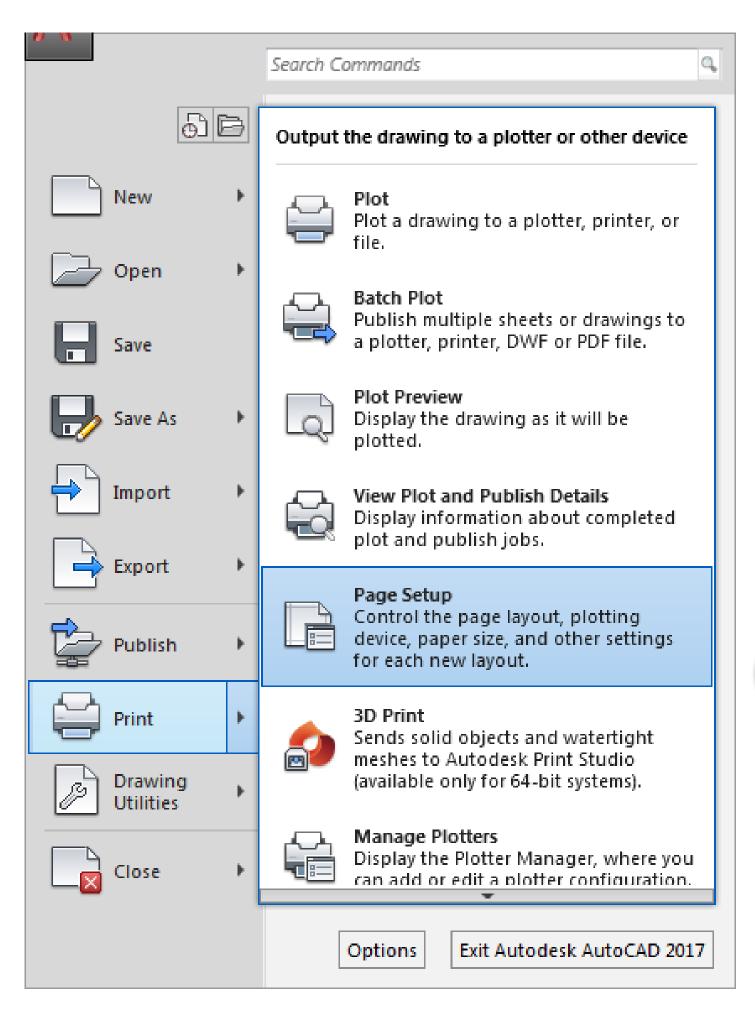


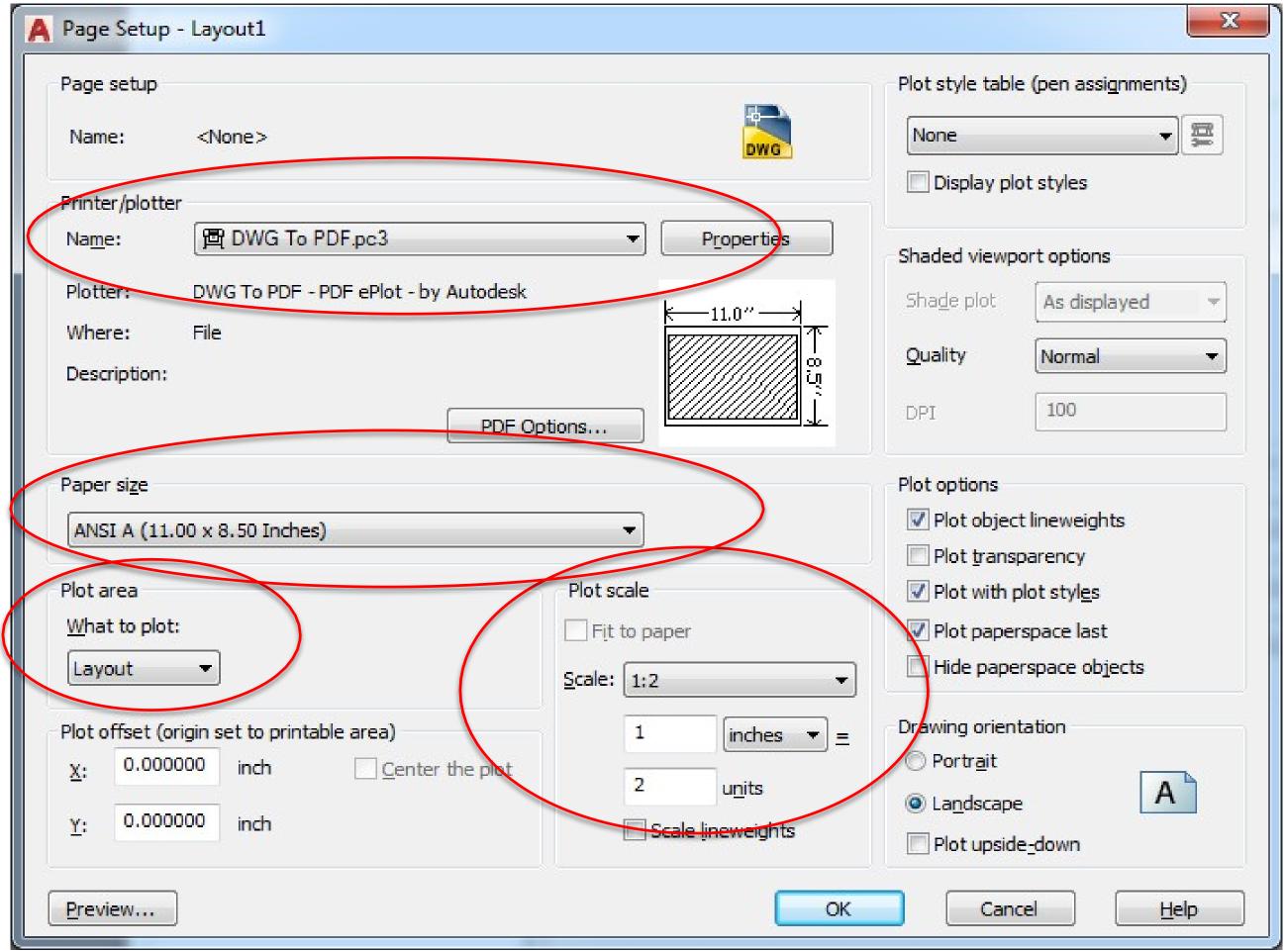
#### Dimension Sizes

Use Annotative Dimension Style.



## Page Setup

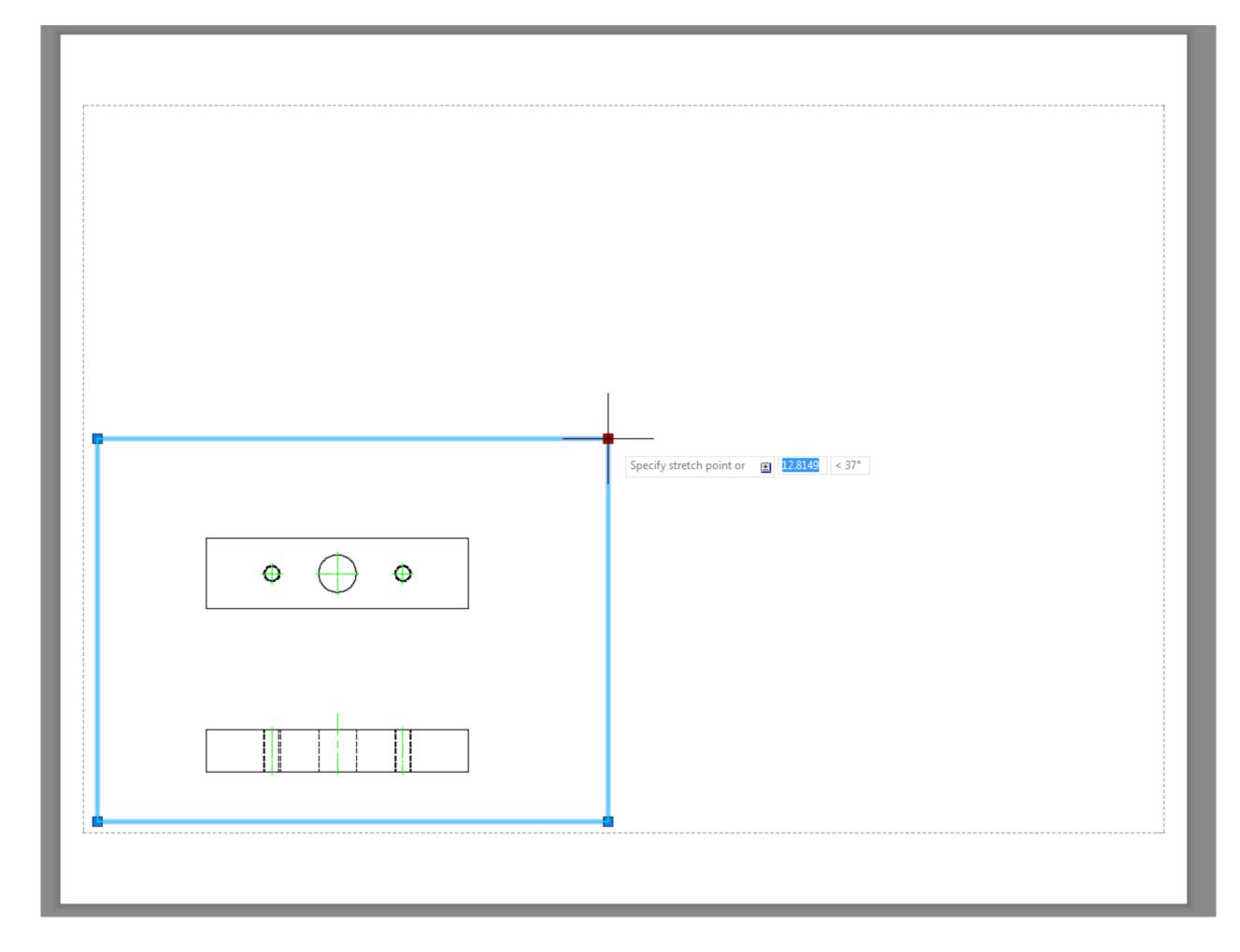




#### Adjust your Viewport Window.

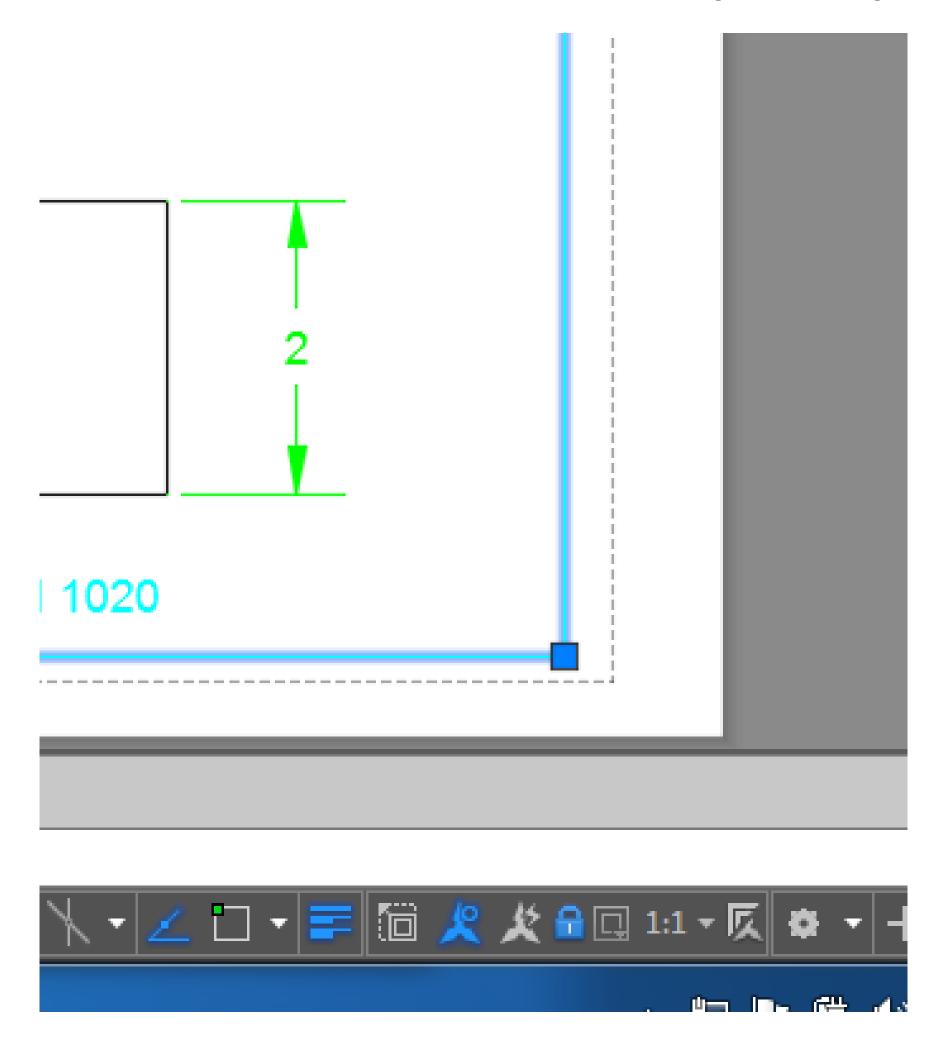
Because the Page is either enlarged or shrunk you will need to adjust the viewport

window on the page.



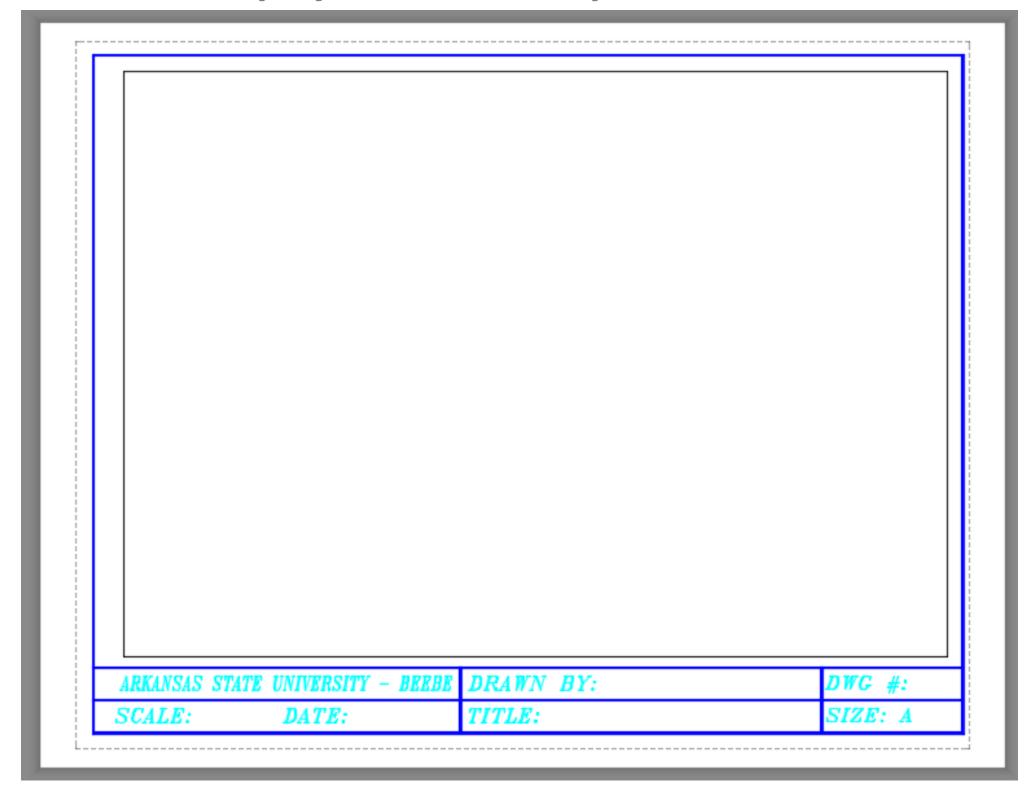
#### How do you set the viewport scale?

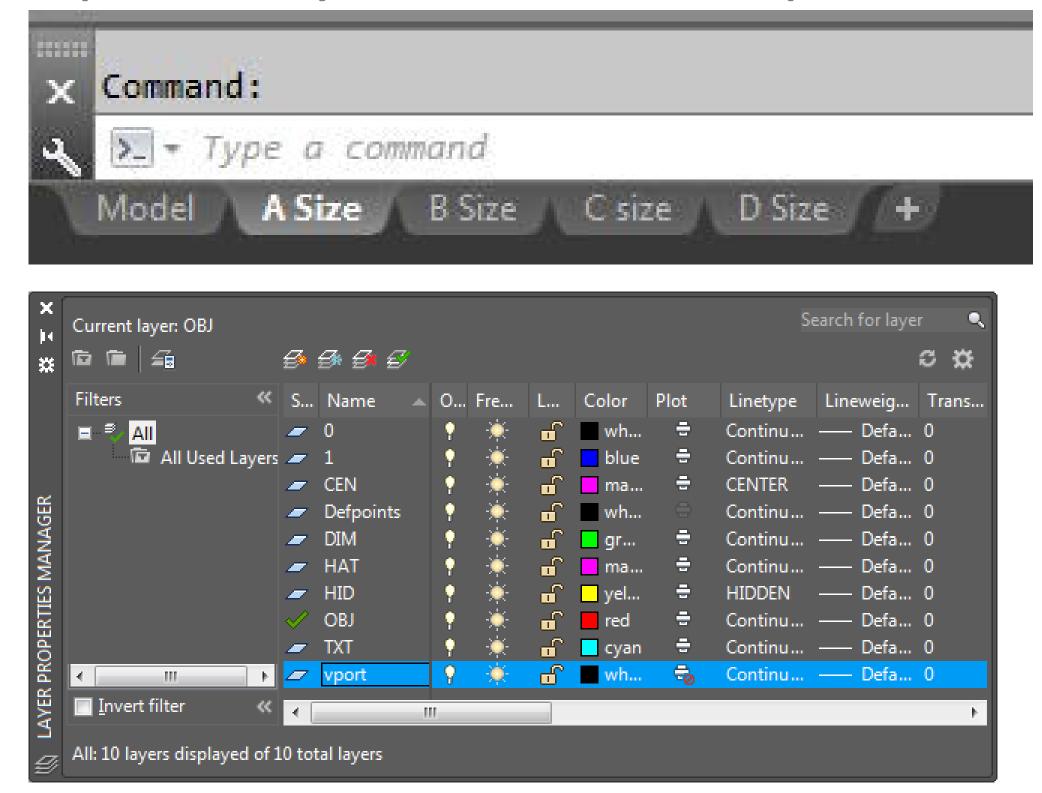
So I just set my page up with 1:2 scale, what should my viewport scale be? 1:1



#### Useful tips

- Place your borders and title blocks in Paper Space.
- Use template files with all of your sheet sizes already setup using the Best Method, see the inch\_units.dwt file.
- Keep your viewport window in a special layer that doesn't plot.







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