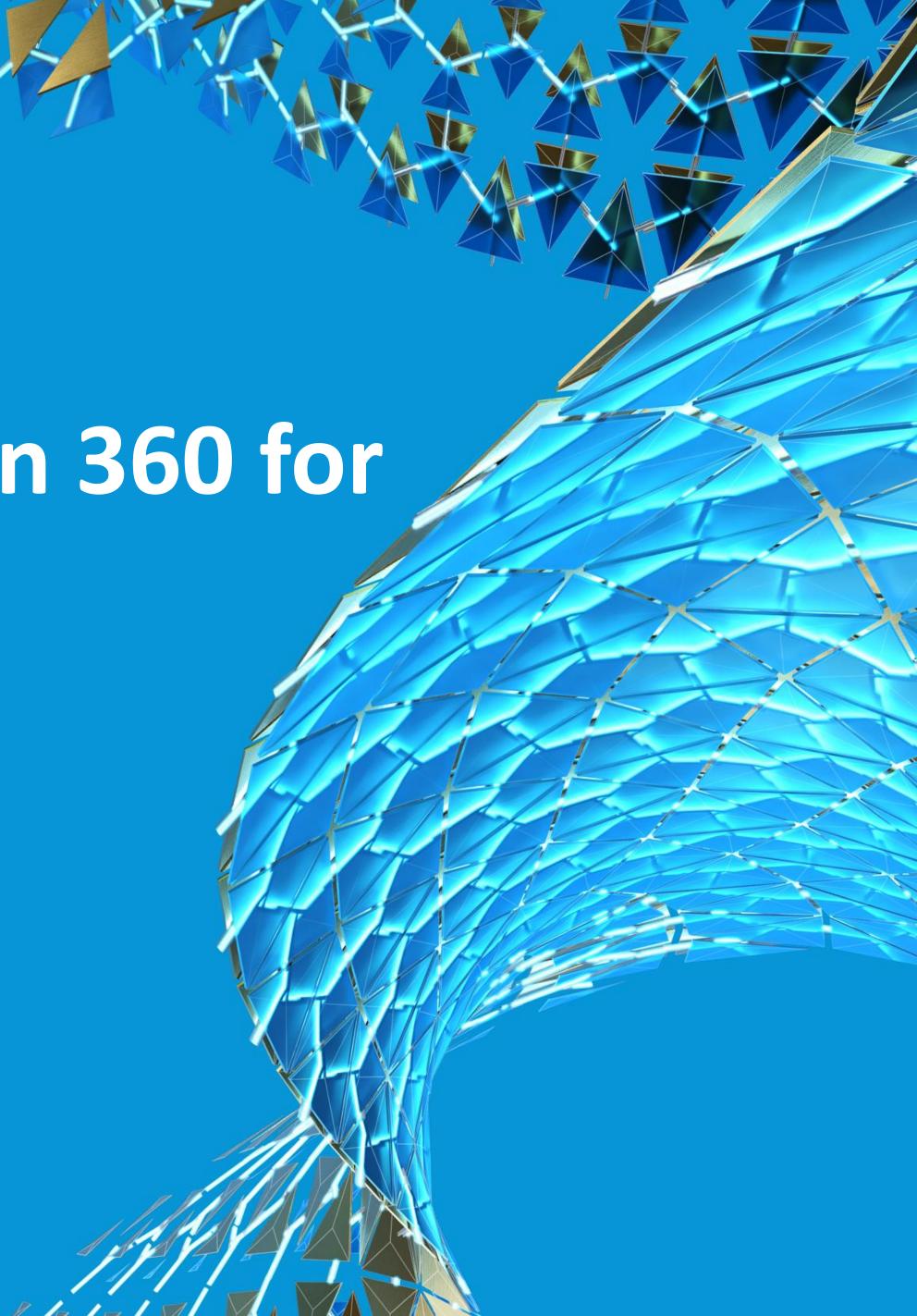


MFG468488 - Working in Fusion 360 for Inventor Users: How and Why

Jim Swain

Applications Consultant | Synergis Technologies





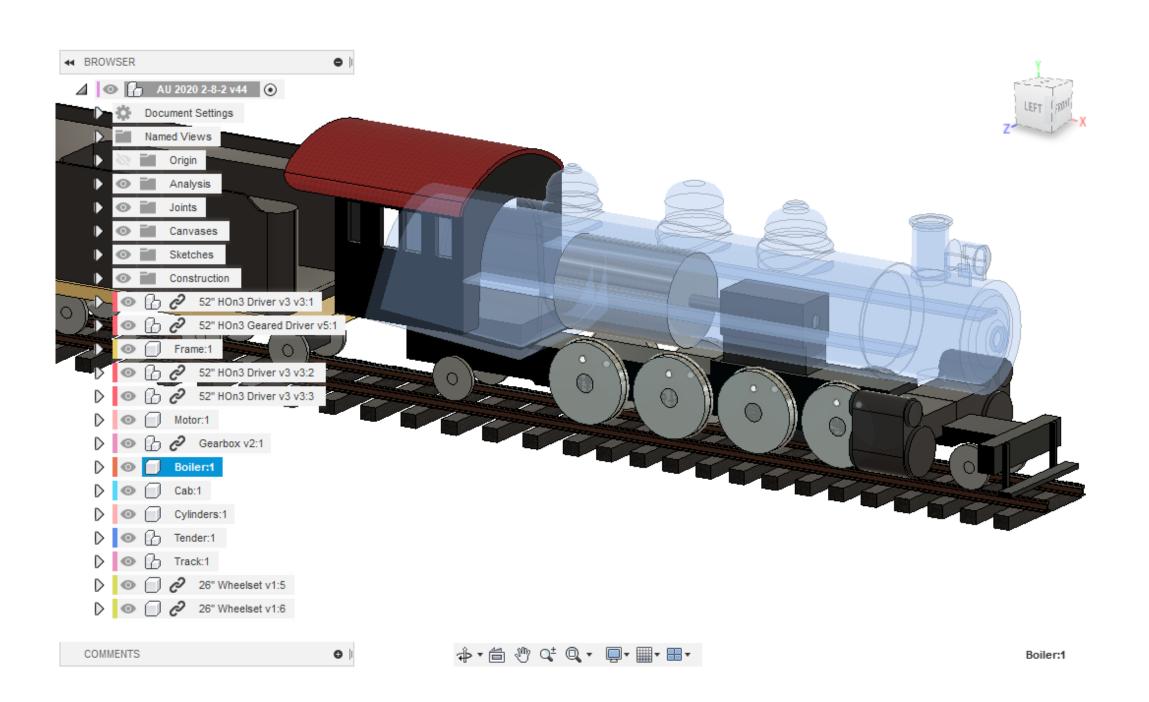
## About the speaker

#### Jim Swain

I am an Applications Consultant with Synergis
Technologies LLC, specializing in mechanical design
and analysis. I have worked with CAD/CAE tools for
over 40 years as a design engineer, CAD manager,
trainer and consultant. My primary focus has been in
the mechanical design and manufacturing areas. I have
taught design classes at Autodesk University, our own
Synergis University and at the college level.

# Agenda

- Introduction Why this class?
- When would I choose Fusion 360 for a project?
- When would I choose Inventor for a project?
- Some key differences in Fusion 360's workflow.
- A sample project.
  - Model
  - Analyze
  - Machine



# Fusion 360 for Inventor Users – Why This Class?

- The workflow in Fusion 360 is very similar to Inventor's workflow.
- Trying to use an identical workflow in Fusion 360 will cause different results and frustration.

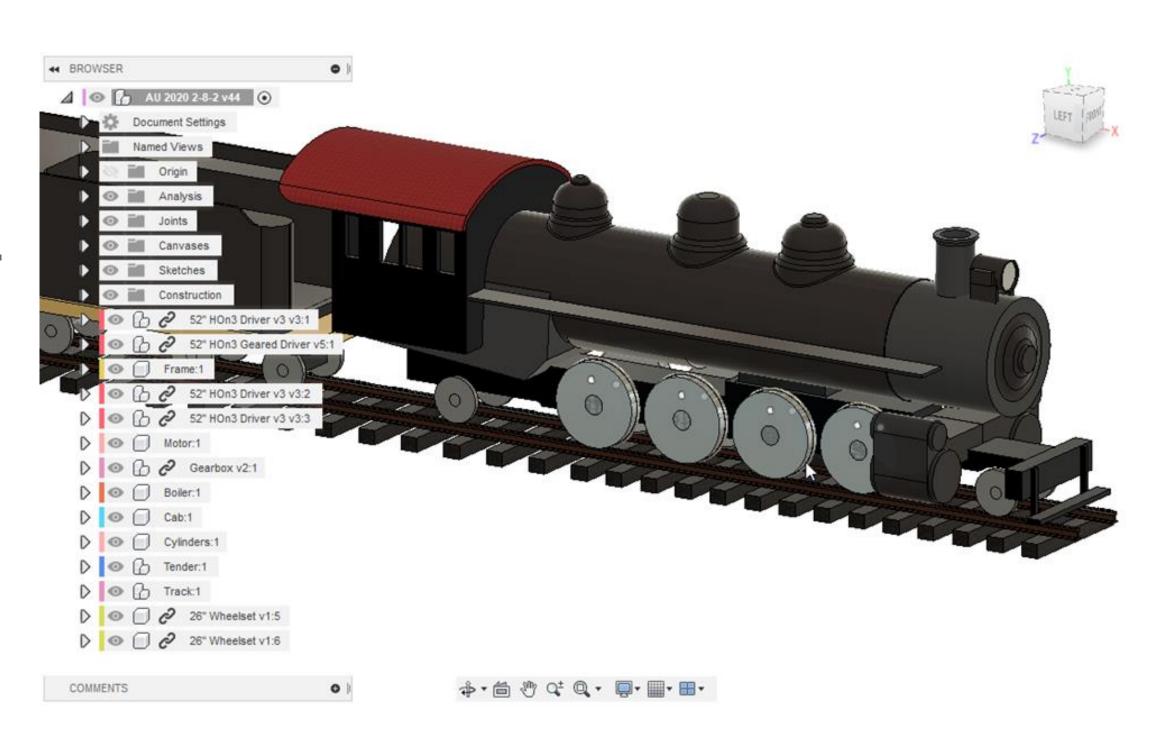




# Using the tools the "right" way.

- Fusion 360 is a wonderful suite of design tools for the Product Design field.
- When I first tried to use Fusion 360, I tried to run it just like Inventor.
- Learn from my mistakes and successes:
  - When to use Fusion 360, and when not to.
  - Tips I learned as I explored the software.
- Sample project.
- The sample is an actual hobby project of mine.
  - A model railroad steam locomotive.





## When Do I Choose Fusion 360?

#### Conceptual Design Work

- Working from Pictures or Sketches
- Generative Design\*
- Organic Shapes\*
  - Free-form modeling
    - T-Spline Bodies
    - Meshes
- Simulations
  - Simplify tools
  - Easy to use simulation tools



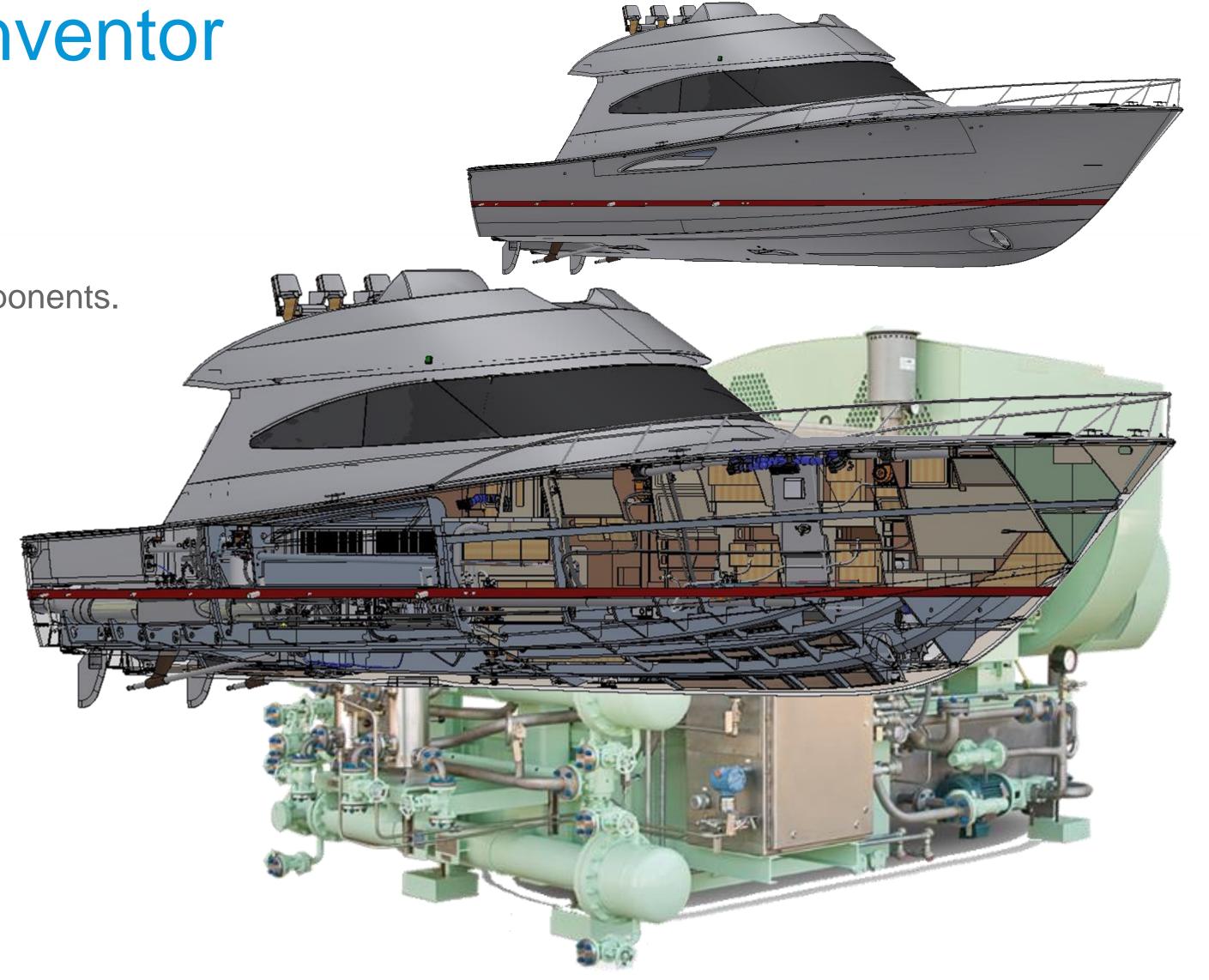
<sup>\*</sup>Not covered in this class.

When Do I Choose Inventor

Large Assemblies

Thousands or tens of thousands of components.

- Routed Systems
- Frame Generator
- Content Center
- Detailing Plastic Parts
- Detailing Sheet Metal Parts
- Design Assistants
- Interacting with Revit
- Families of designs



Boat images courtesy of Viking Yacht Company

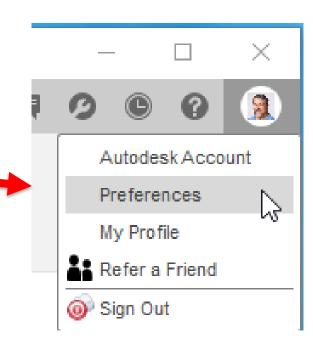
## Getting Started - My Preferences

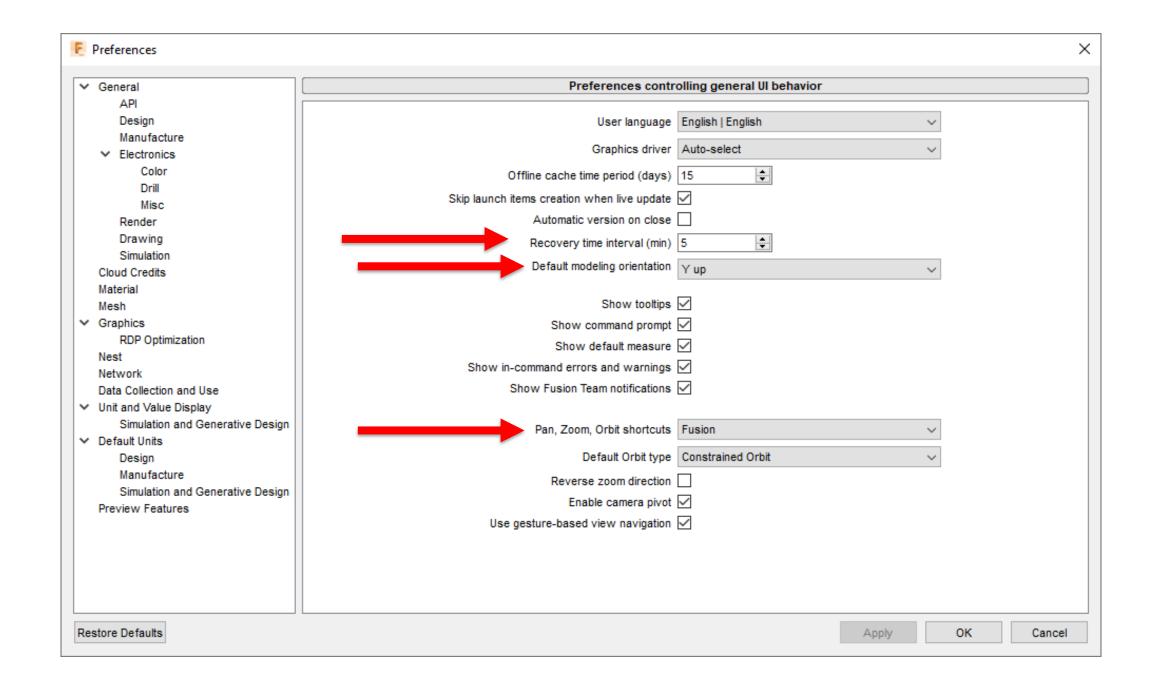
Preferences are tied to your login.

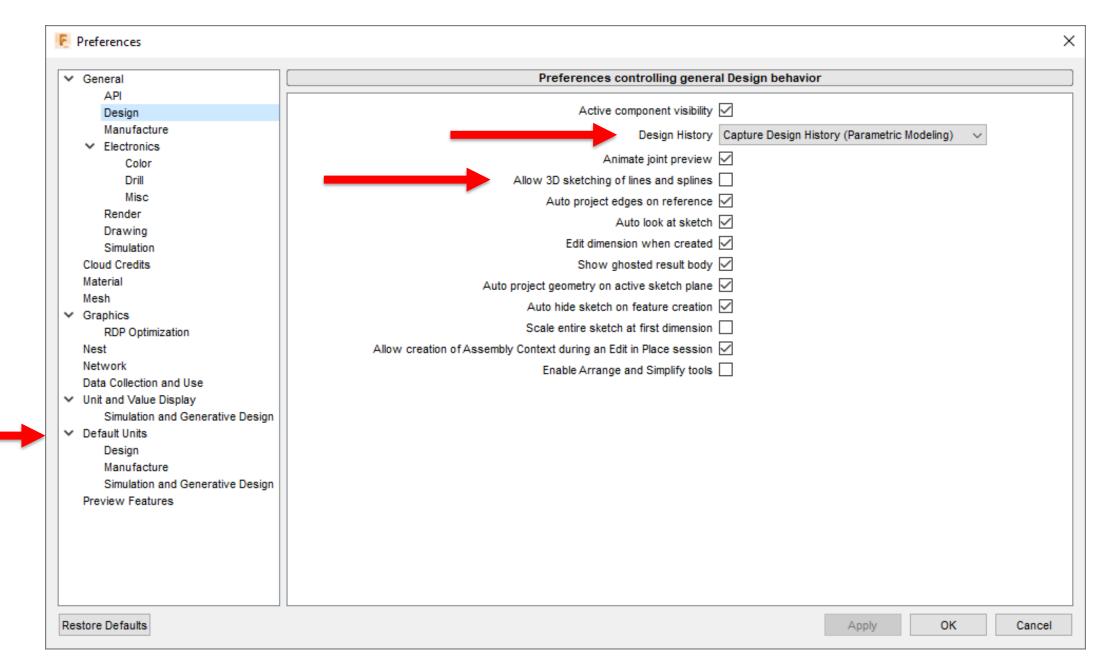
You need an Autodesk login.

#### Some key settings to note:

- General
  - Recovery time intervals = Autosave!
  - o Y up or Z up?
  - Pan/Zoom/Orbit shortcuts set to match Inventor
    - This does cause trouble with my 3D mouse.
- General > Design
  - Capture Design History by default!
  - Clear 3D Sketching by default
- Default Units
  - Design v. Manufacture v. Simulation

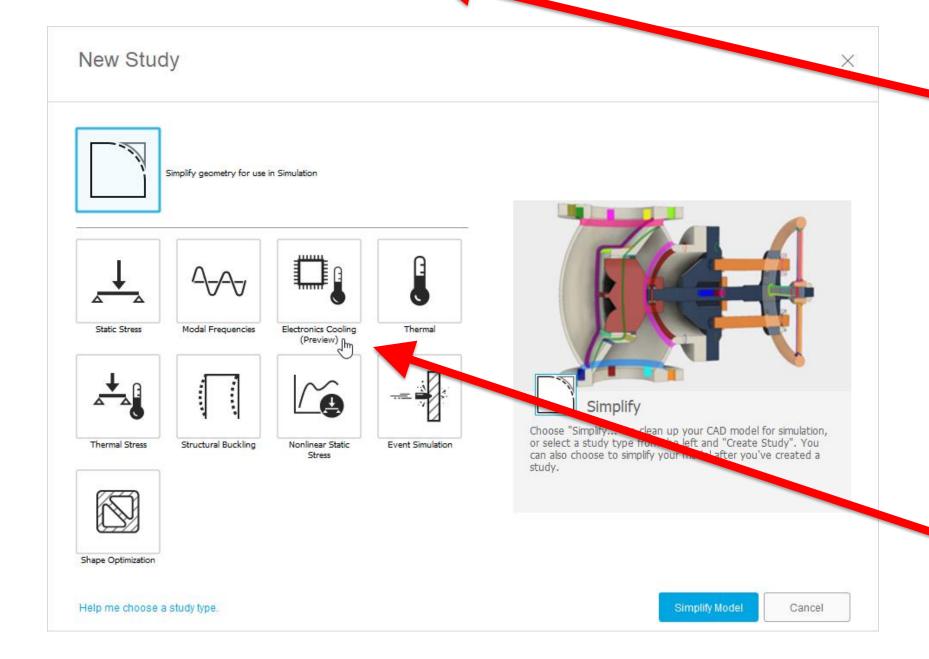


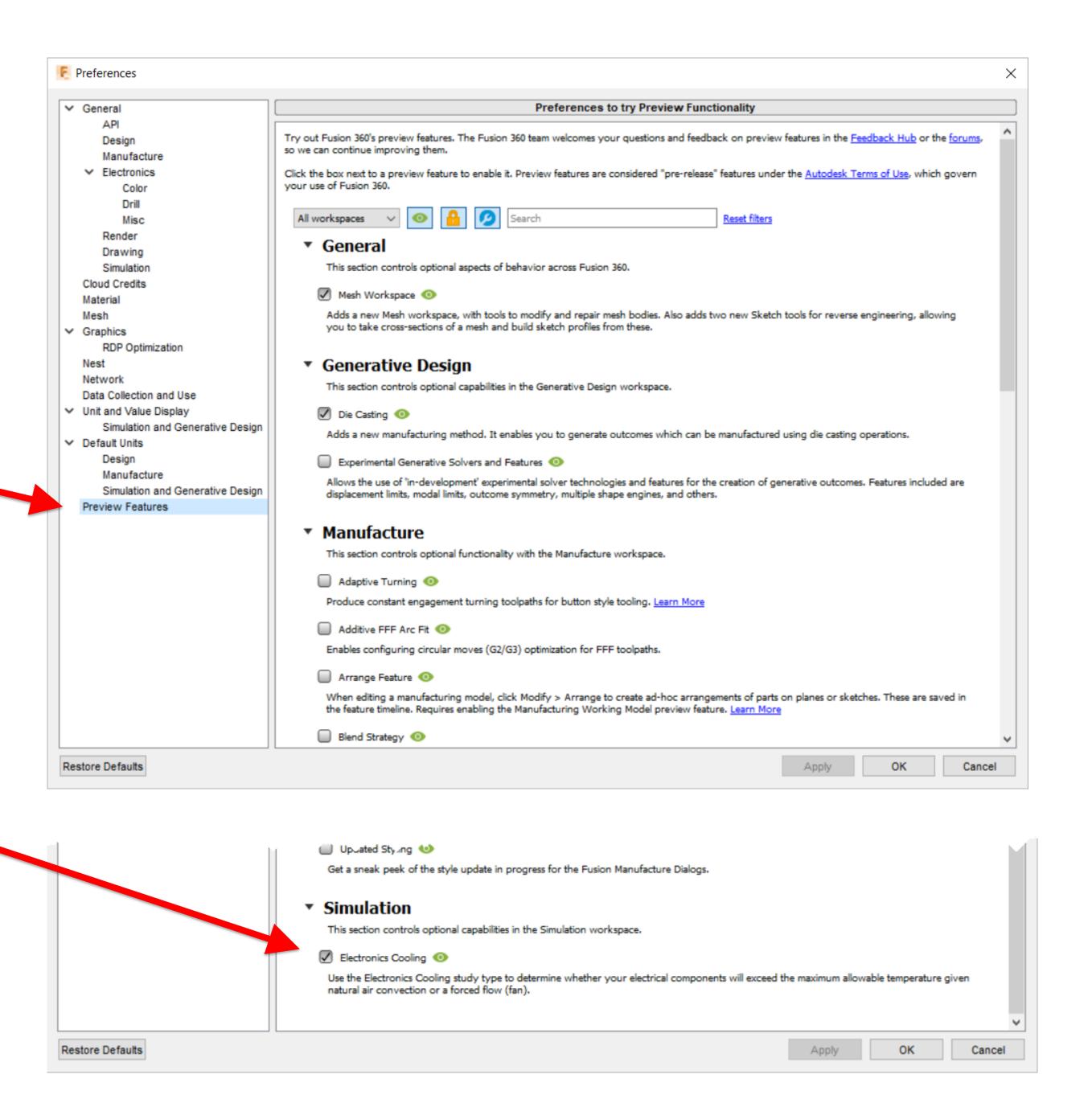




#### Preferences - Previews

You can access technology previews through your preferences.





## Some Conceptual Differences

#### **INVENTOR**

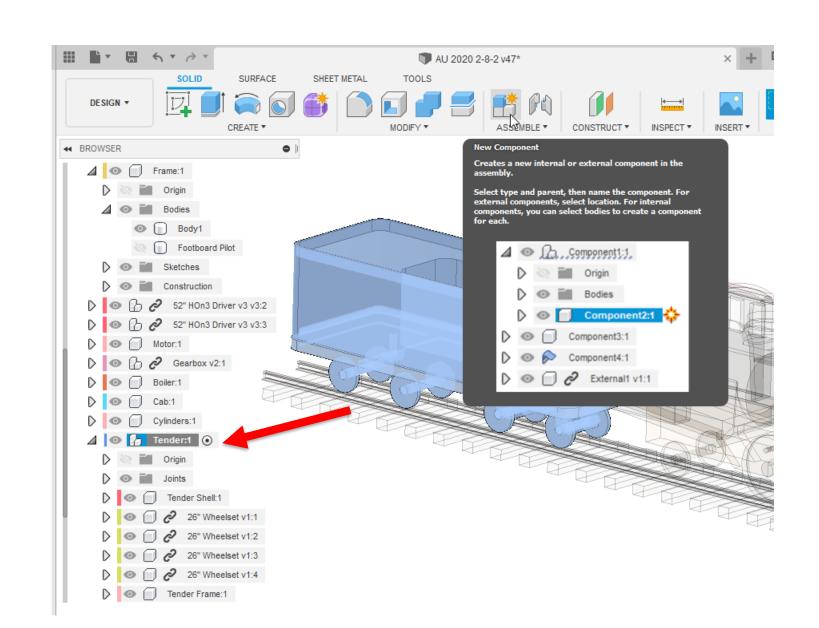
- Projects = Search Paths
  - Save goes to Workspace
- Typically "Bottom-up" design workflow
  - Always external components
- No Autosave
- Browser is the timeline
- Components, with included bodies, in files
- Assembly Constraints and Joints
  - Use either type in an assembly.
  - Always ground at least one component.

#### FUSION 360

- Project = Folder in the Cloud and Team Member
   Management
  - Save goes to the Cloud folder or local cache.
    - CTRL+Shift+S = local save
- Typically "Top-down" workflow
  - Typically internal components
- Autosave (Recovery file)
- Browser and Design History
  - Design History must be turned on.
- Bodies and Components in the design
- Only Assembly Joints
  - Joints are only between components, not bodies.
  - As-built Joint between at least one component and the top Browser node

## Some Workflow Differences and Recommendations

- Always start a new component
  - Good starting technique
    - Unless you are working on a single part design
- Be aware of which component is active!
- There isn't a "Replace Component" tool
  - Delete the old and insert the new
- Joints, not Assembly Constraints
- As-Built Joints if components are already in the right position
- Lock joints to temporarily fix moving parts
- Rigid Groups to lock several components in their current relative position
- Grounding doesn't work the same as Inventor.
  - Use an As-built Joint between a component and the top node in the Browser



## Some Workflow Differences and Recommendations

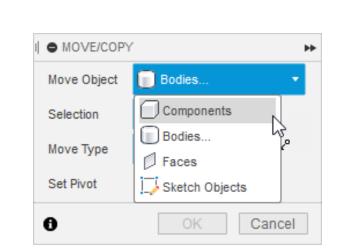
Capture the current position or continue in

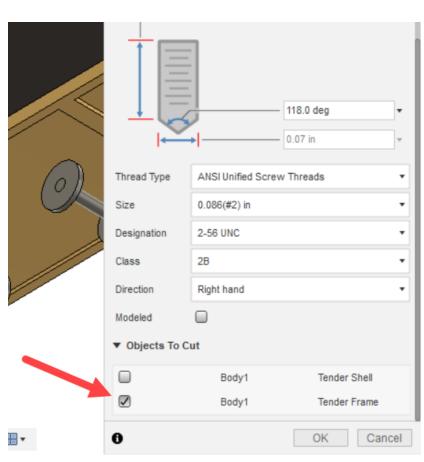
Continue Capture Position

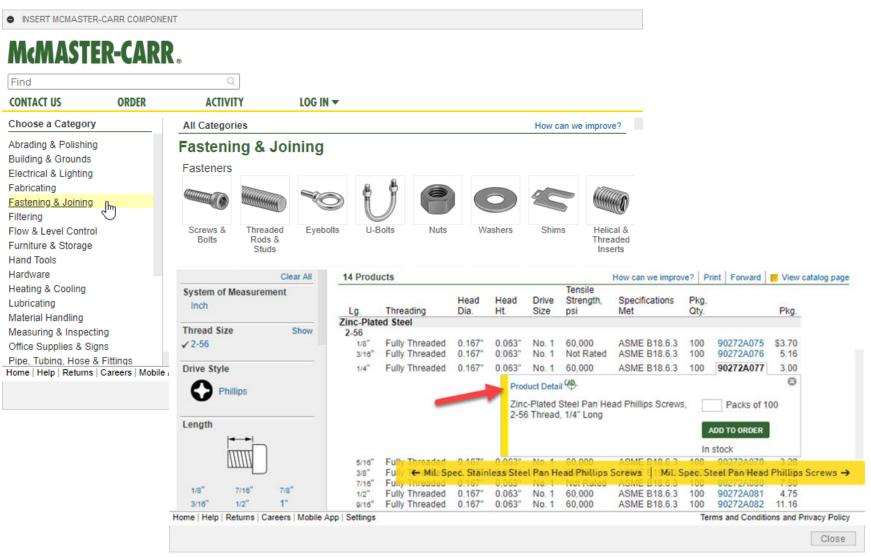
- Be careful to select desired type of object for Modify tools.
  - Bodies vs. components
- For "cuts" and "all" pick which bodies are being cut (at the

bottom of the dialog box)

- Capture position when asked.
- Edit features in the Design History
- Insert individual fasteners
  - There isn't a Content Center.
  - There is Insert from McMaster-Carr and Manufacturer list

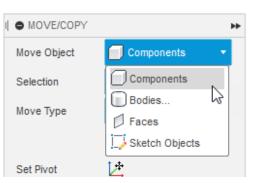


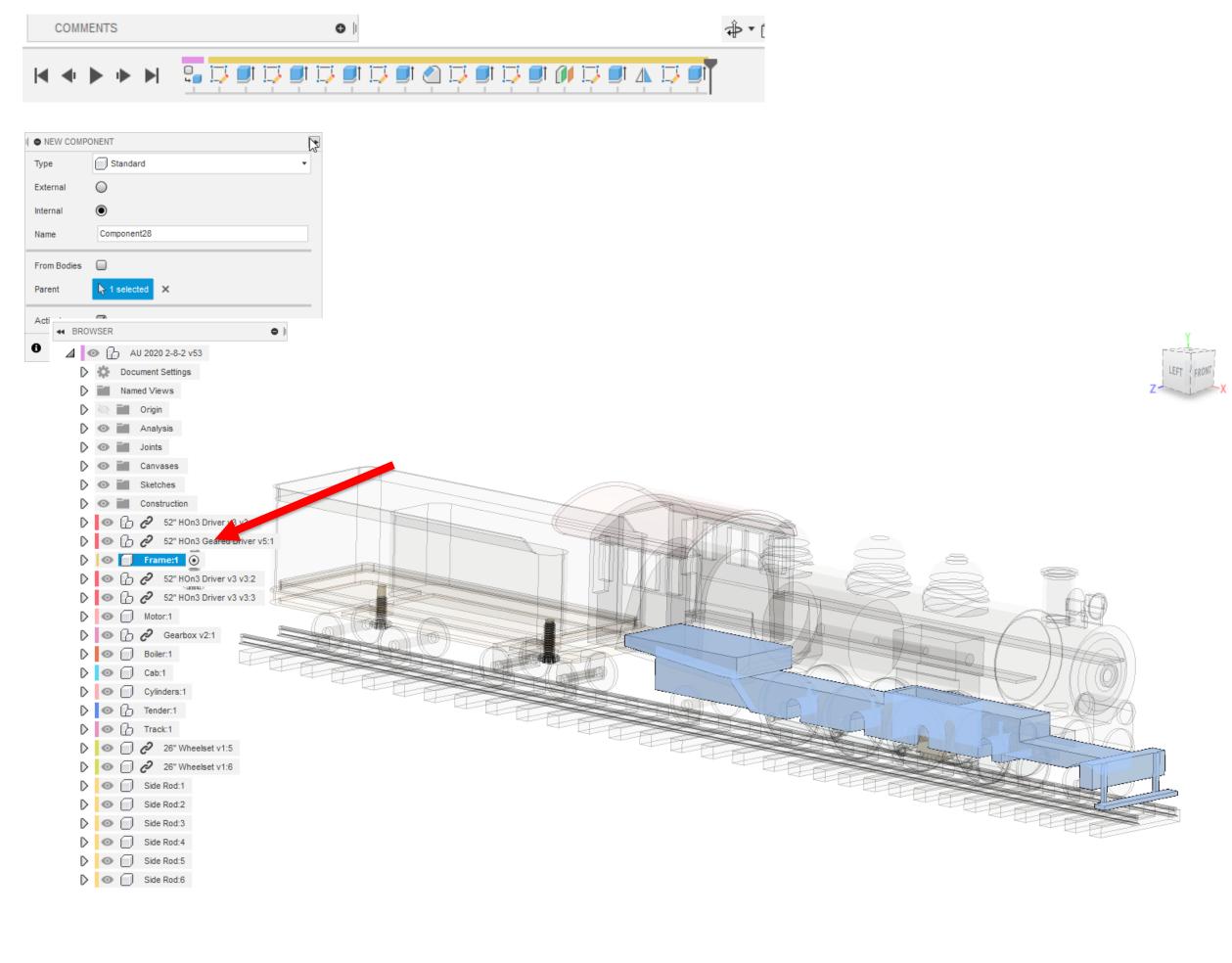




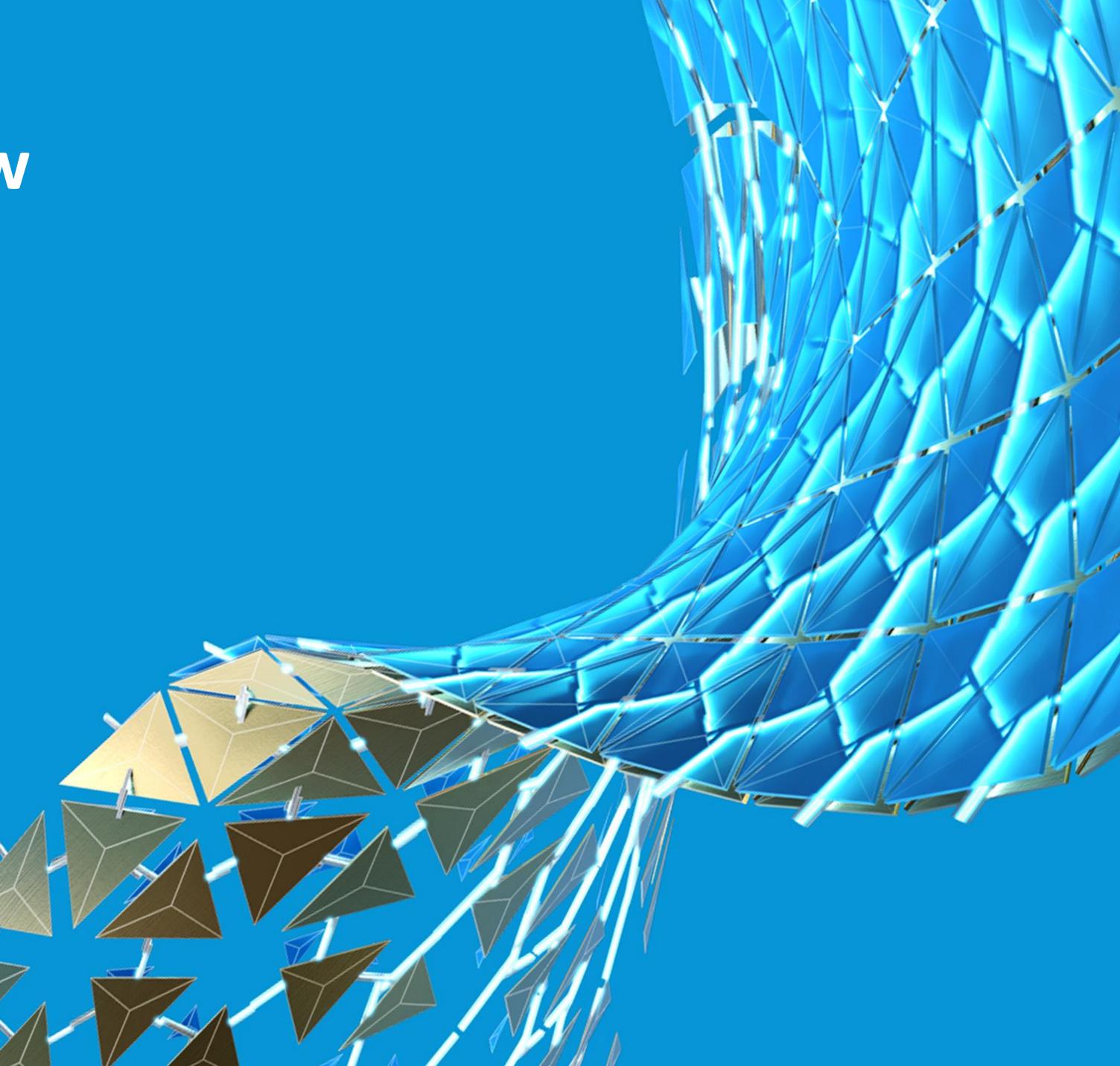
# Key Highlights

- Make sure your Design History is on.
- Make a new component.
  - Joints can only be between components.
- Make sure you know which component is active.
- Make sure you know what type of object you are selecting.





# Fusion 360 Workflow Demonstration







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