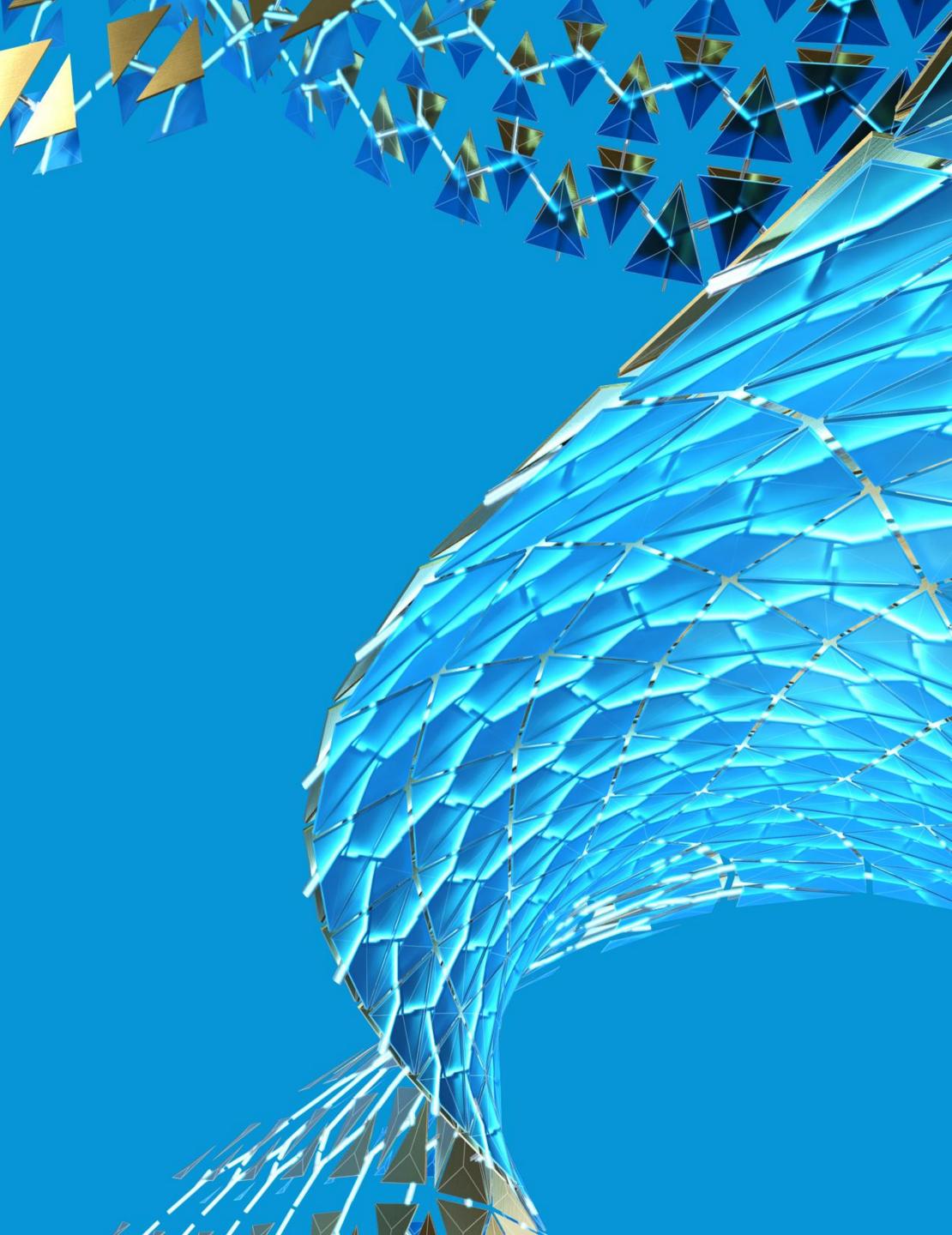


Stressing Out: Simulation Workspace in Fusion 360

Elizabeth Bishop

Postgraduate Researcher, University of Warwick, UK





About me

Elizabeth Bishop

- 2012 2017 MEng Mechanical Engineering
- 2016 2017 UAV Group Project
- 2017 2021 PhD in Large-Scale Additive
 Manufacturing (3D Printing)
- Maker in Residence at Warwick Engineering Build
 Space







Learning Objectives

OBJECTIVE 1

Learn about the basics of setting up a simulation in Fusion 360

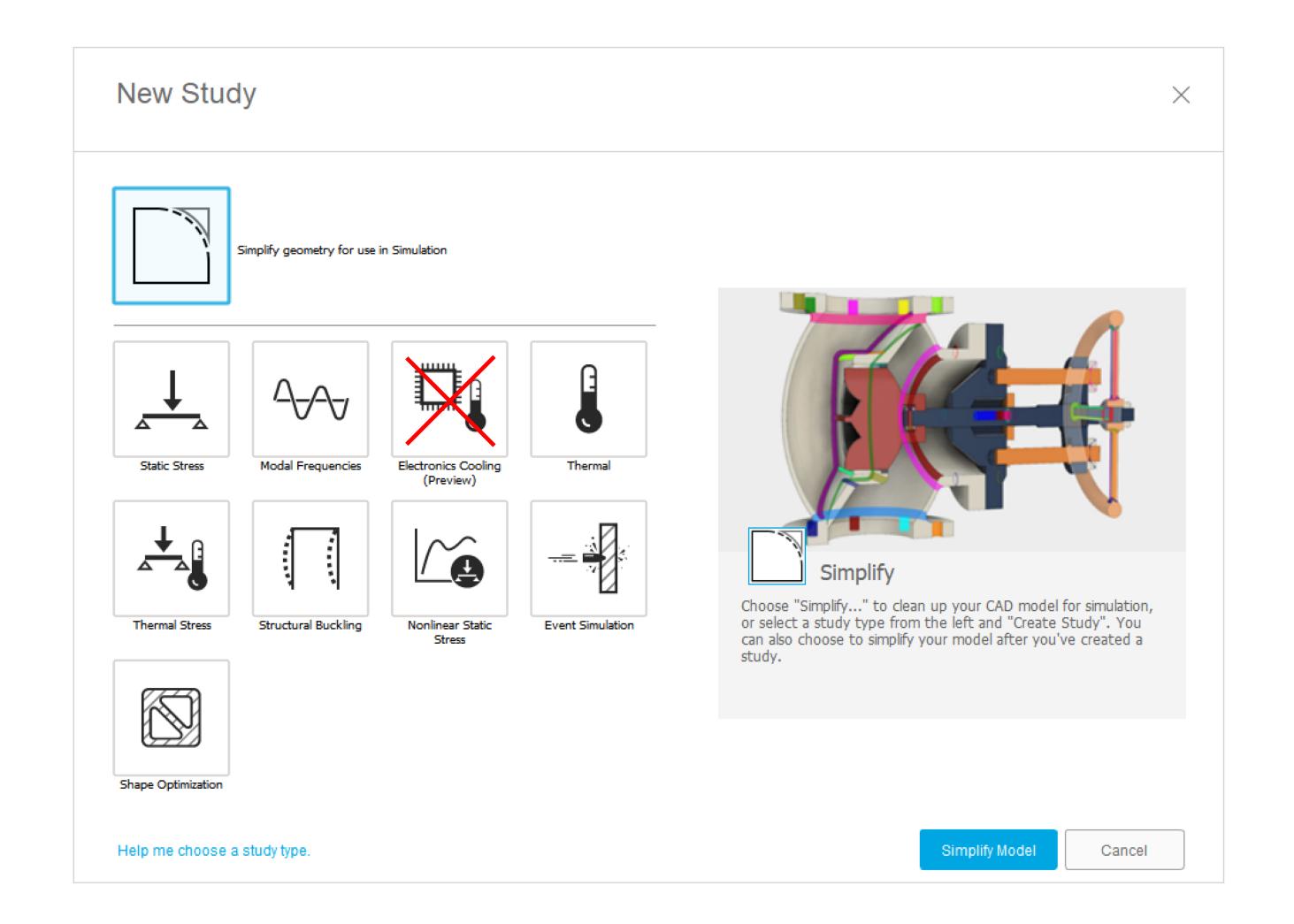
OBJECTIVE 2

Learn how to understand which simulation study type to choose

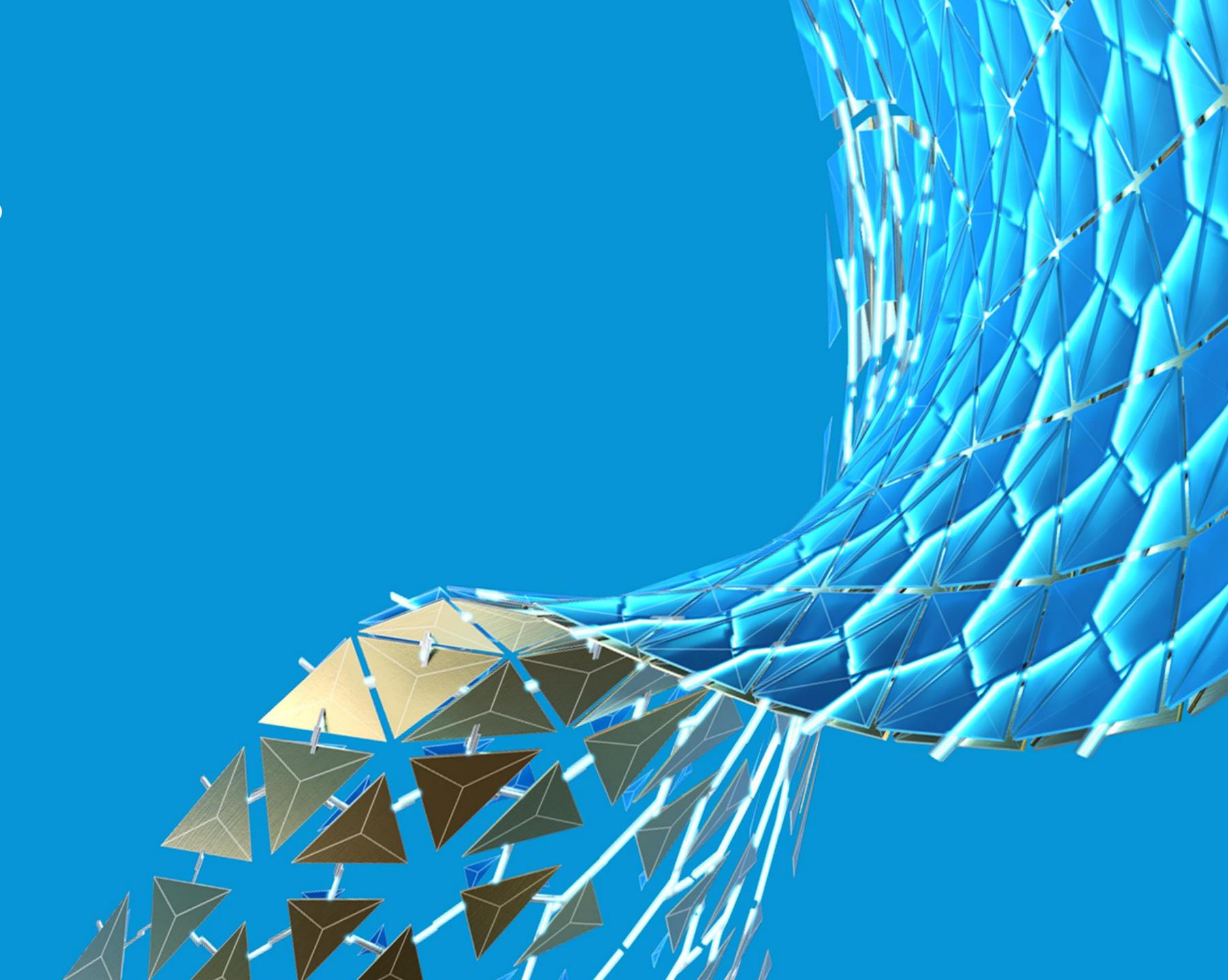
OBJECTIVE 3

Explore simulation outputs and how to use them in iterative design methods

Simulation Workspace

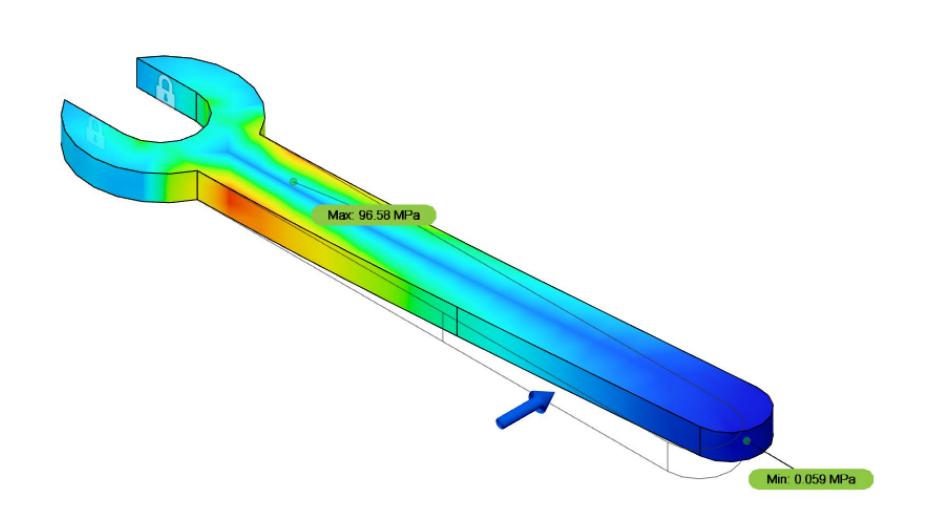


Static Stress



Static Stress

SPANNER



SPICE SHELF BRACKET





Spice Shelf Loading



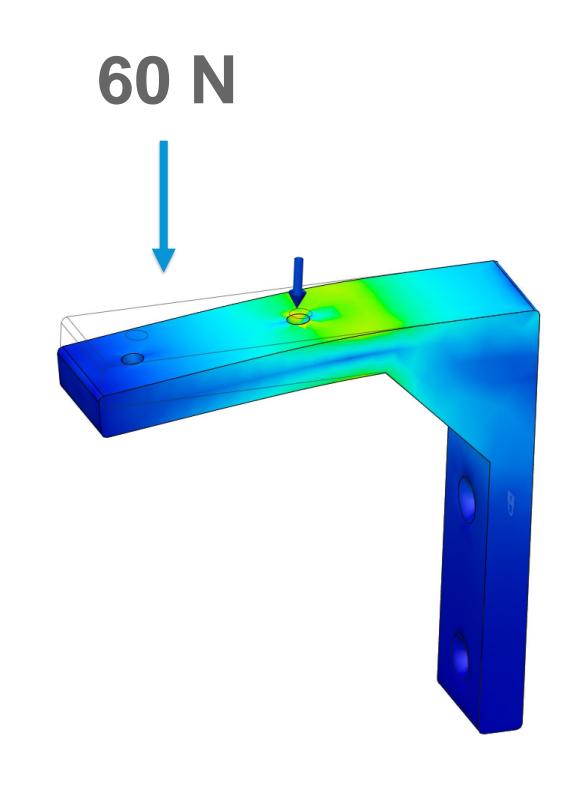
Spice Shelf Loading





 $150 \text{ g x } 35 = 5250 \text{ g} = 5.25 \text{ kg} \sim 6 \text{ kg}$

6 kg x gravity = 60 Newtons



Modal Frequencies

Modal Frequencies

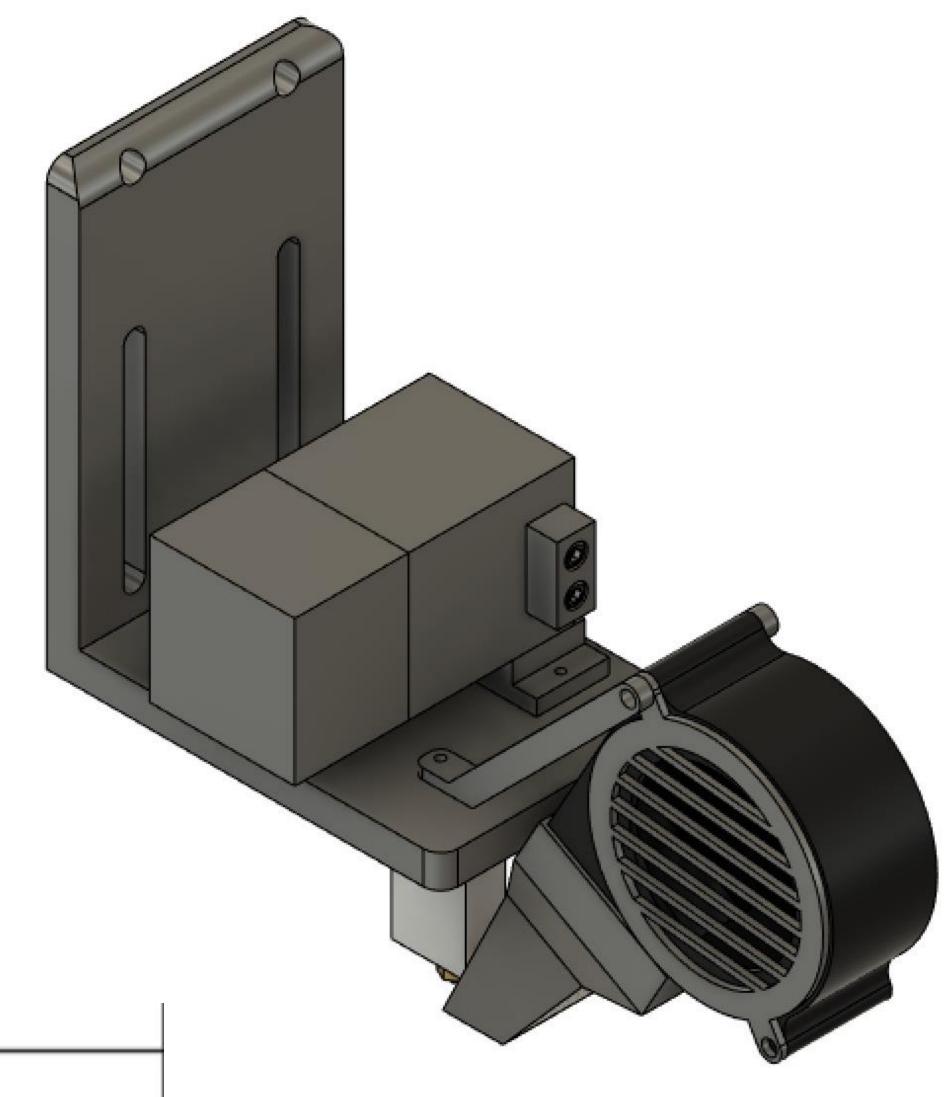
 Don't want driven speed/frequency to be close to the part's natural or resonate frequency

Fan spins at 3000 rpm = 3000 / 60 = 50 rev per second
 = 50 Hz

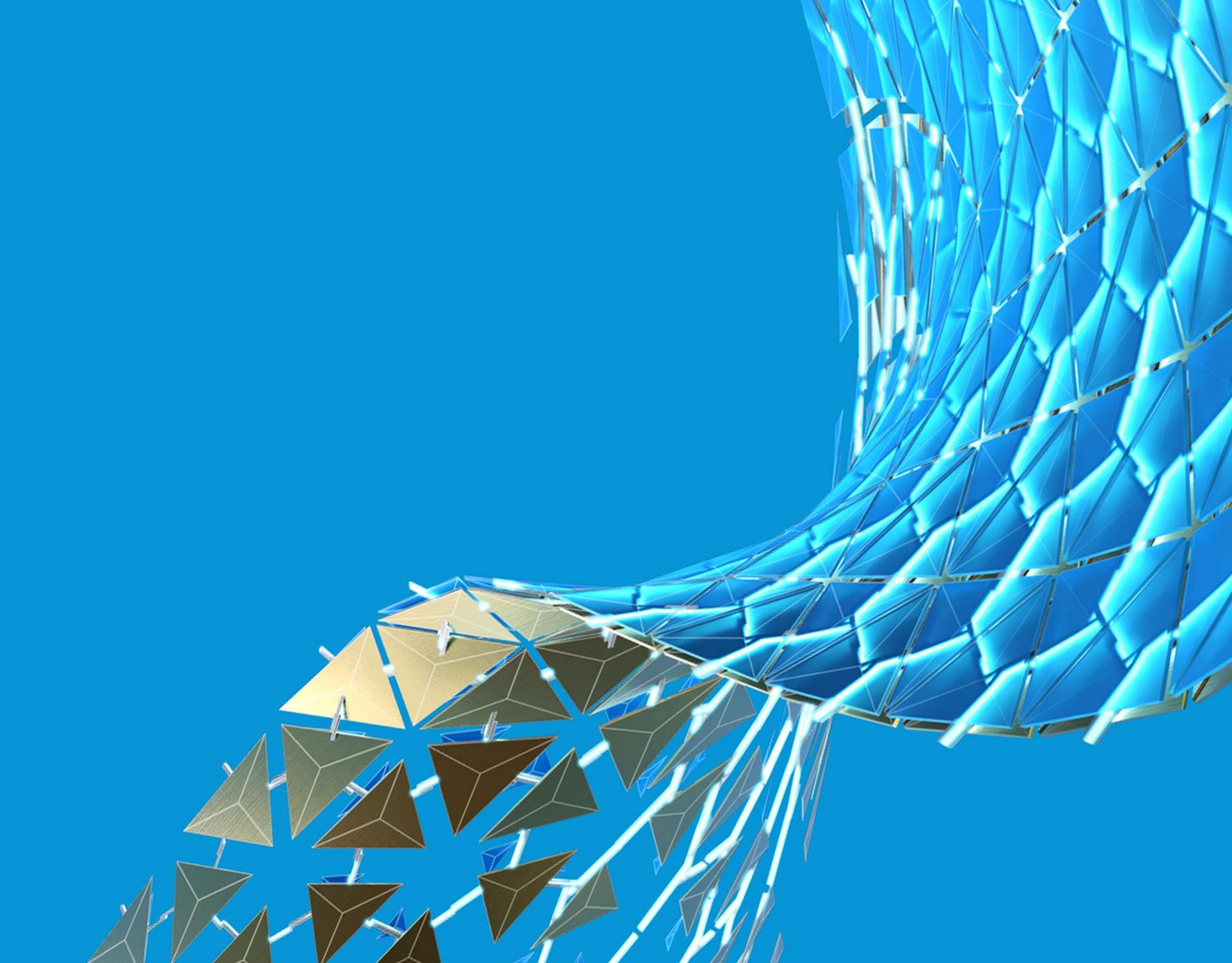
Avoid 50 Hz



Input Power	2.88 W
Rated Speed (RPM)	3000
Airflow (CFM)	10

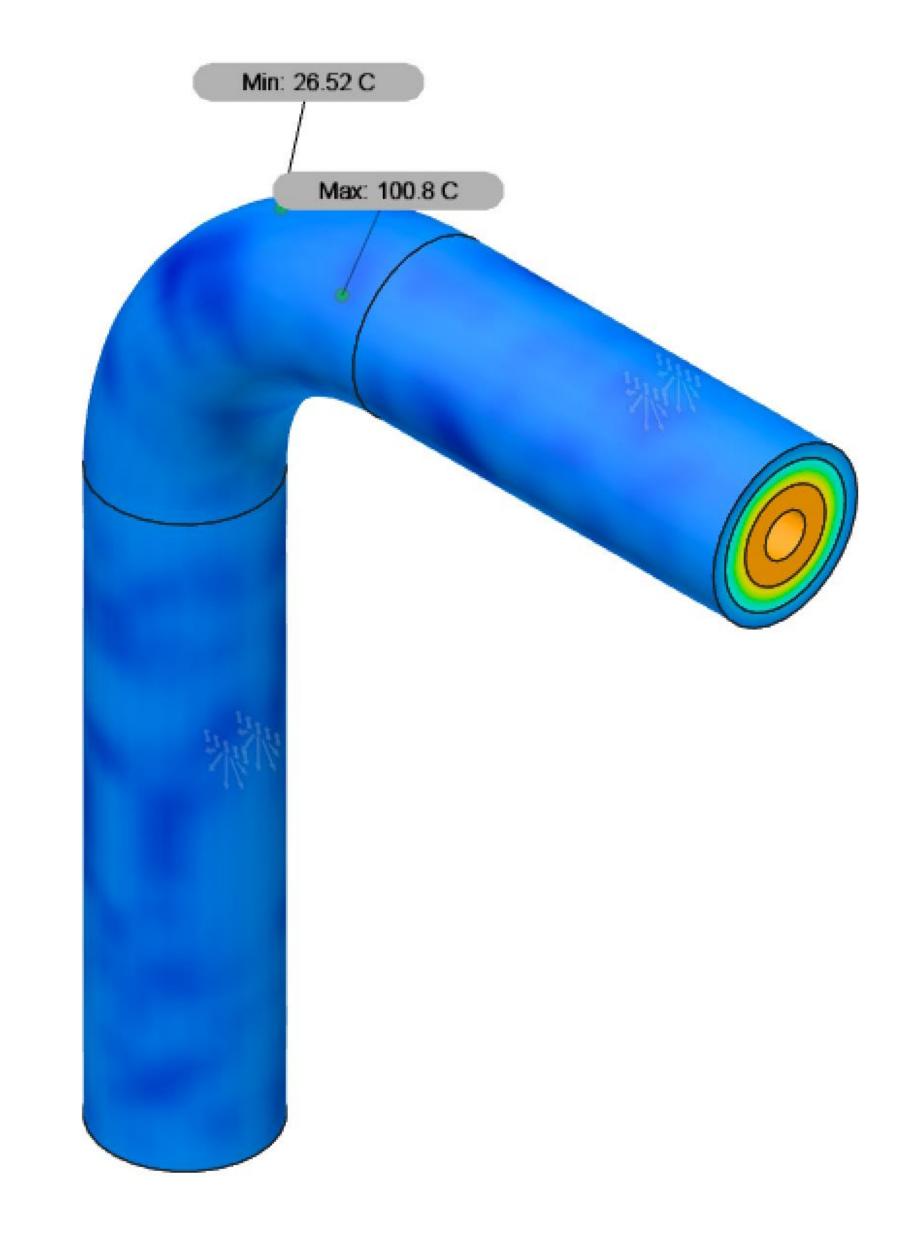


Thermal

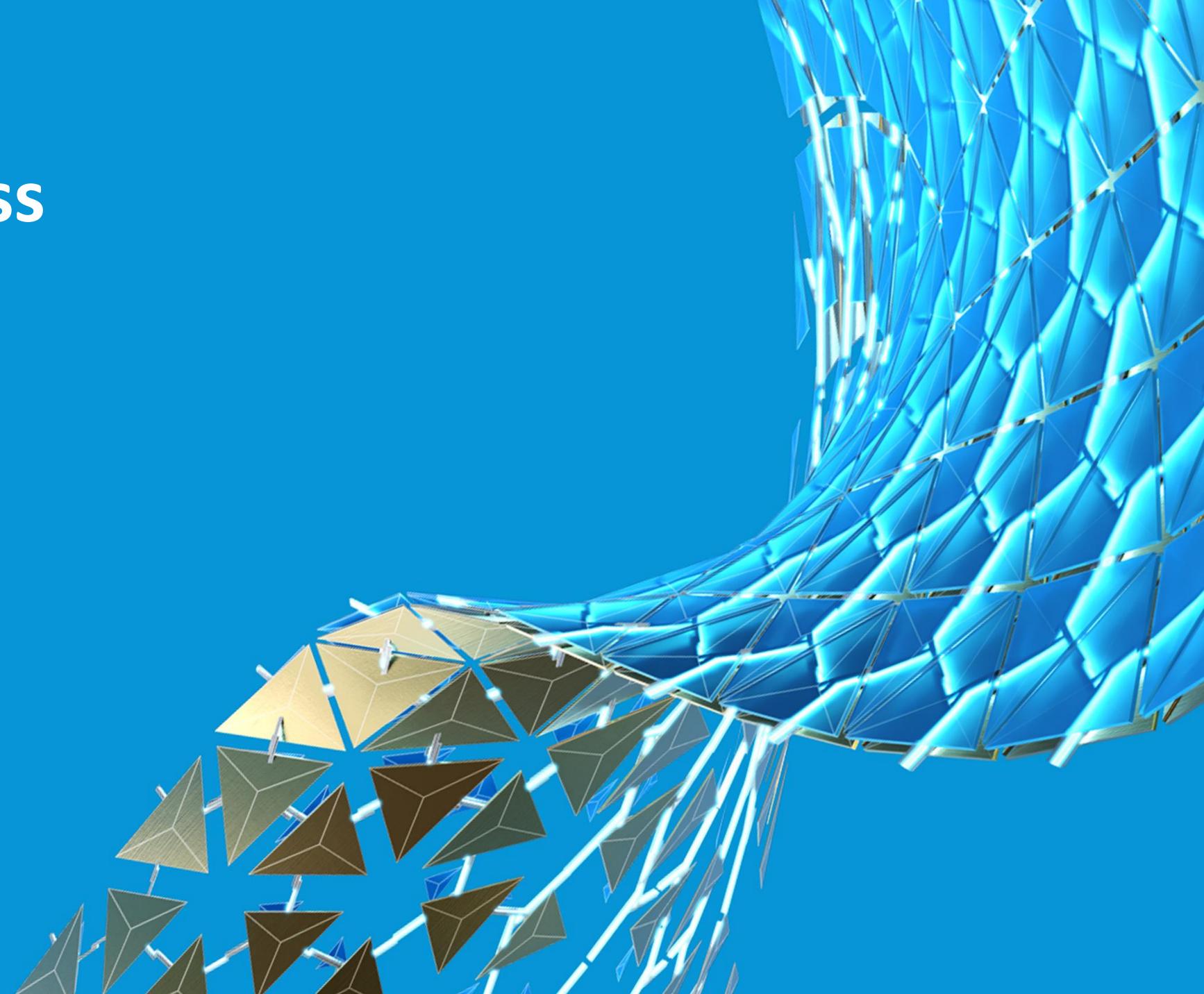


Thermal Analysis

- Used to model thermal problems e.g.
 - Cooling Fins
 - Insulations
- Insulating a Pipe
 - Explore different insulation materials
 - Explore different insulation thicknesses

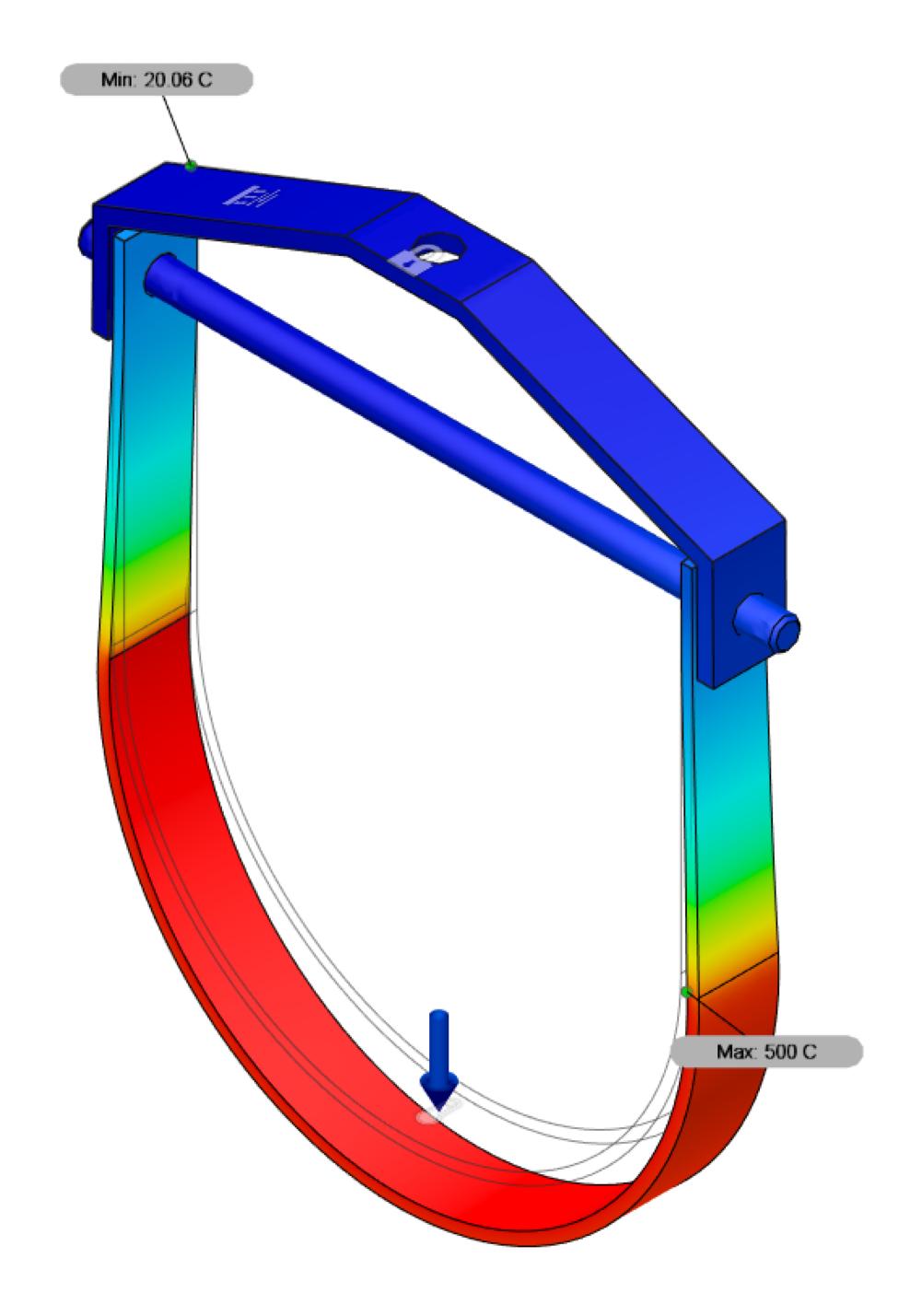


Thermal Stress



Thermal Stress

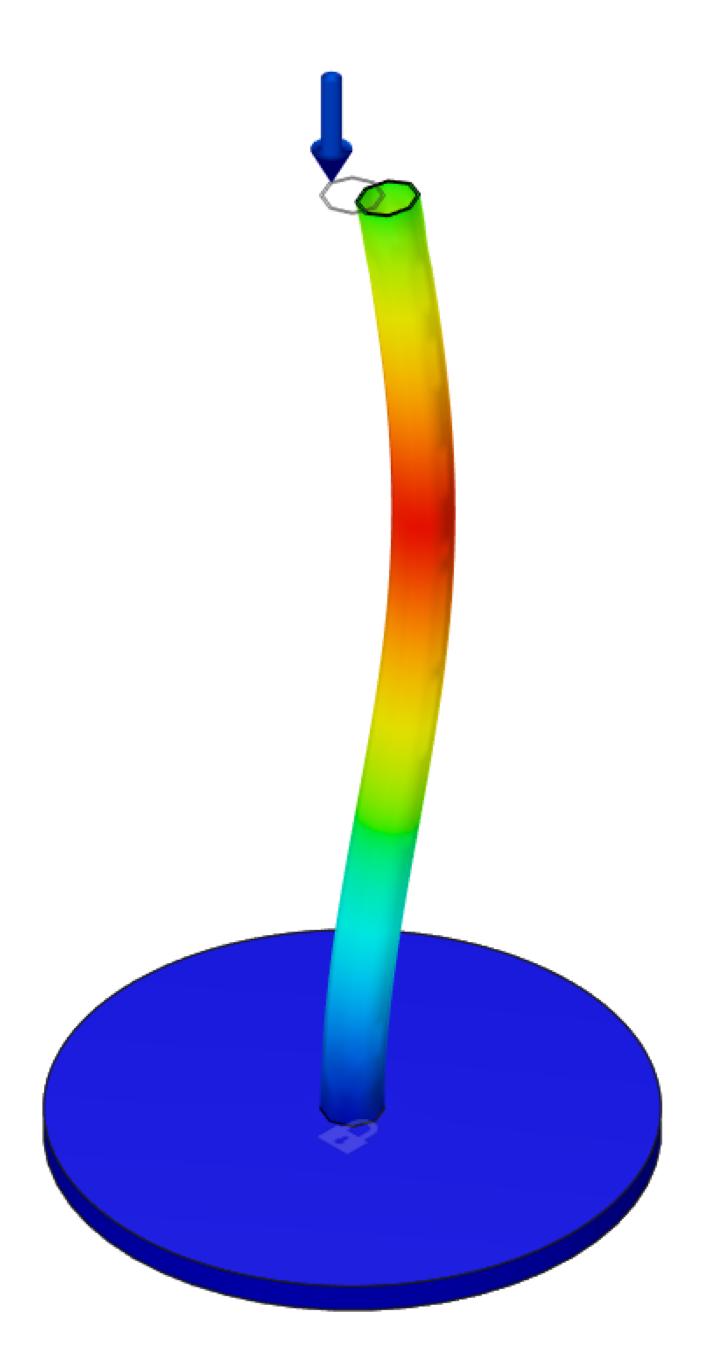
- Simulate both static stress and thermal in the same set up
 - Consider the thermal stress on a high temperature steam pipe hanger



Structural Buckling

Structural Buckling

- Buckling is a sudden change in shape of an object when subjected to compressive forces
- Usually happens when the length is long compared to the cross sectional area of the object
- Very different response compared to standard compression



Bar Stool Example



Tested for: 110 kg

Width: 38 cm

Depth: 36 cm

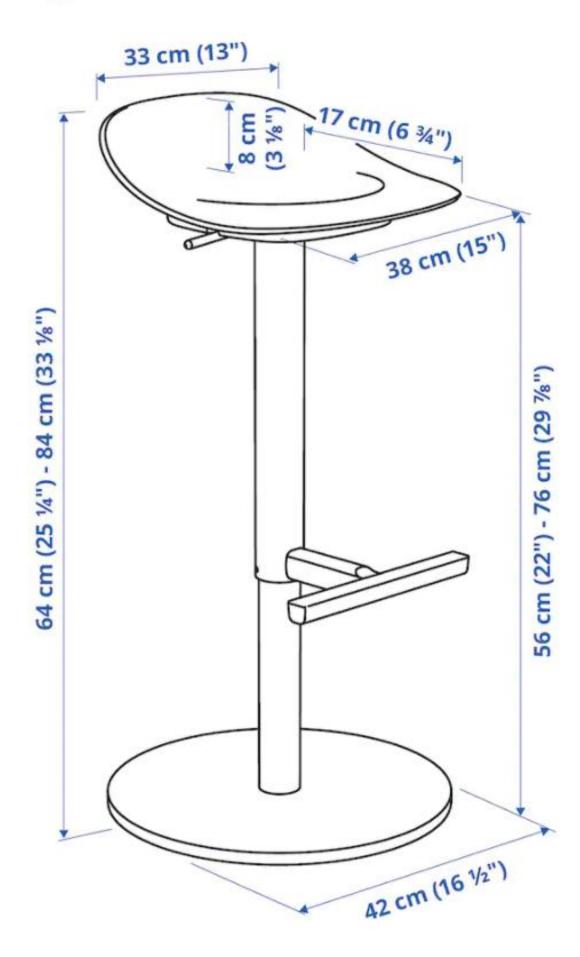
Height: 84 cm

Diameter: 42 cm

Seat height: 76 cm

Min. seat height: 56 cm

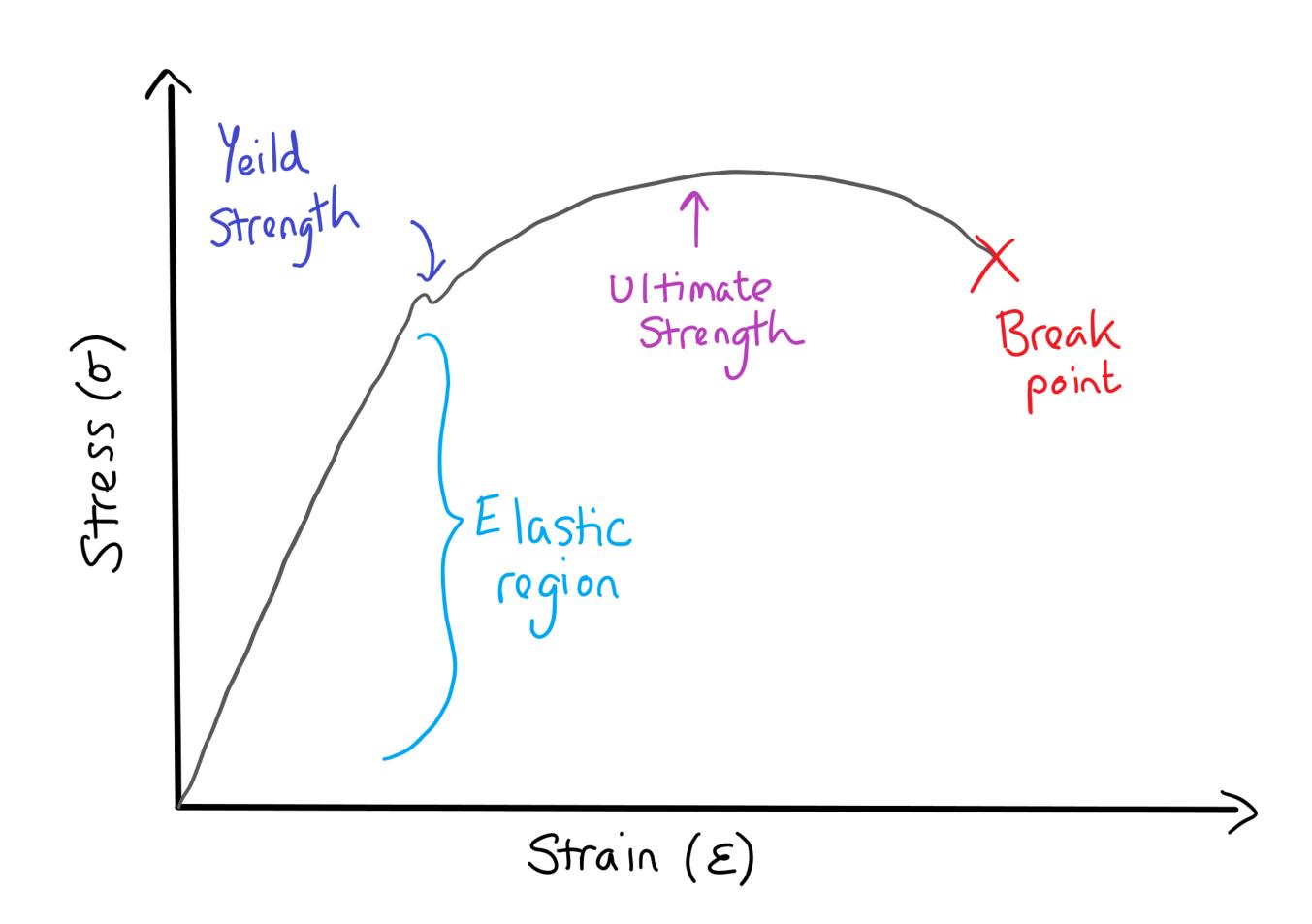
Max. seat height: 76 cm



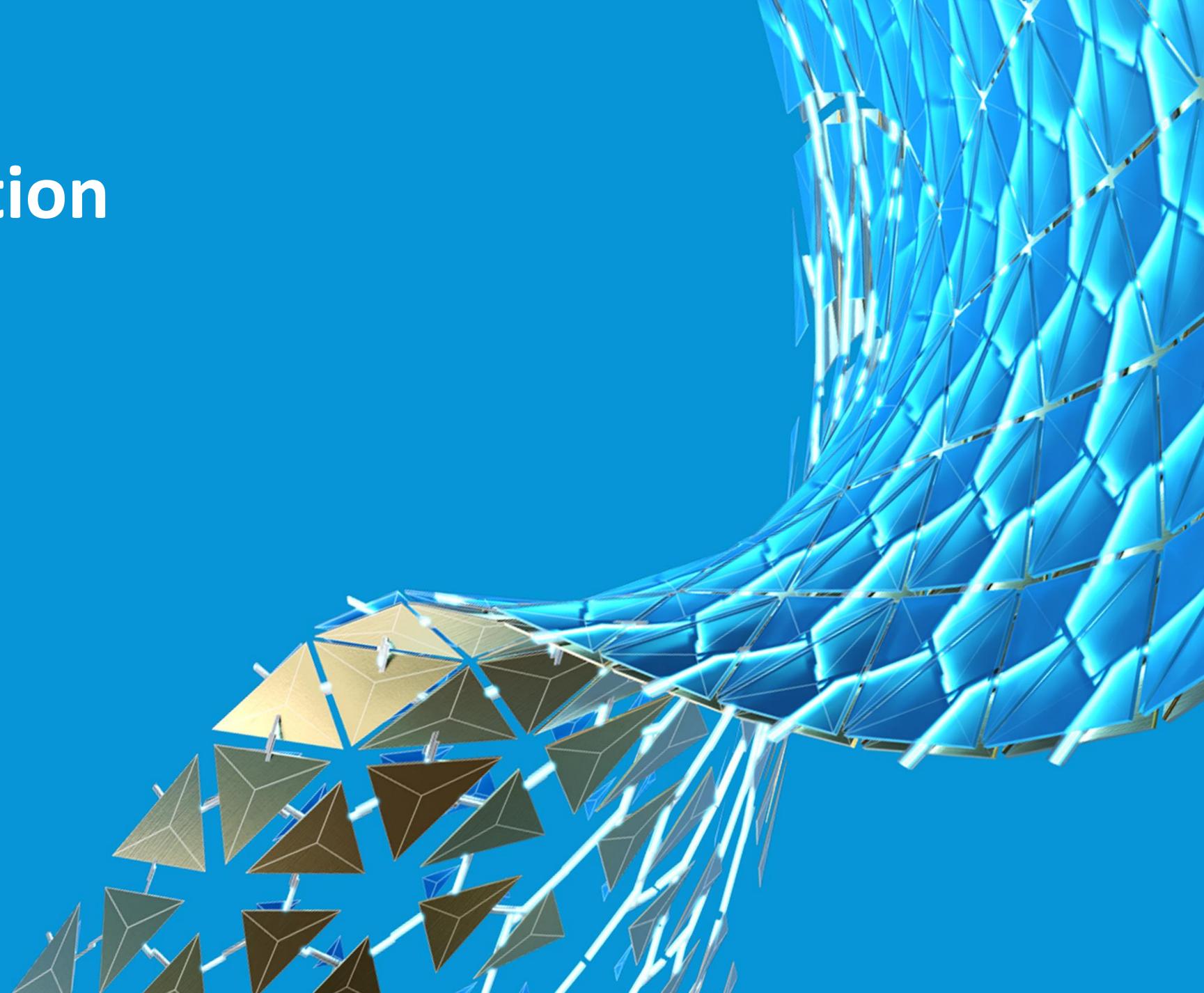
Nonlinear Static Stress

Nonlinear Static Stress

Take into account the non-linear properties of materials



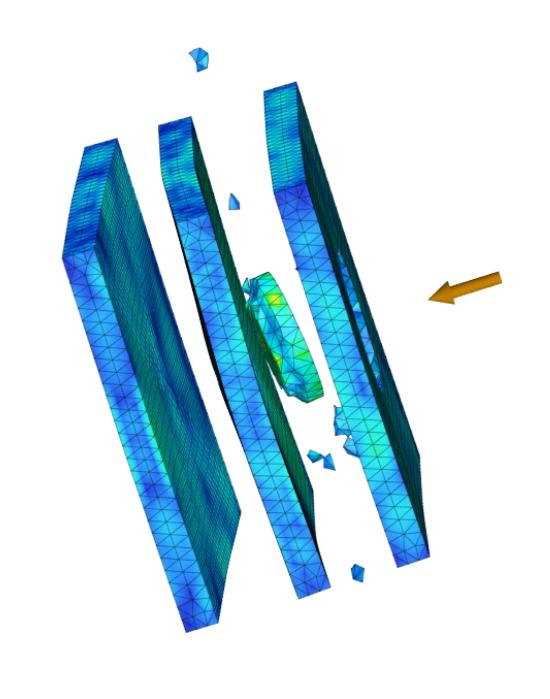
Event Simulation



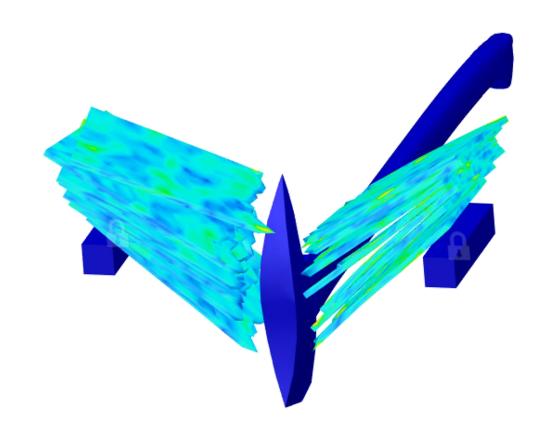
Event Simulation

SNAP FIT CONNECTOR

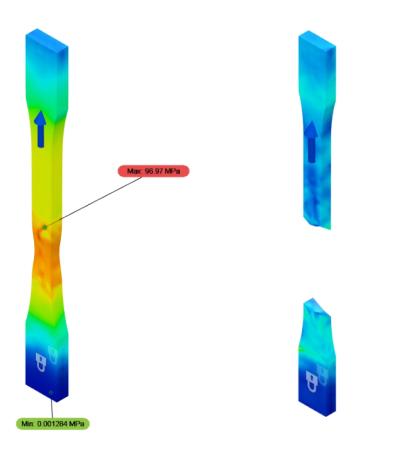
WALL IMPACT



AXE CHOP

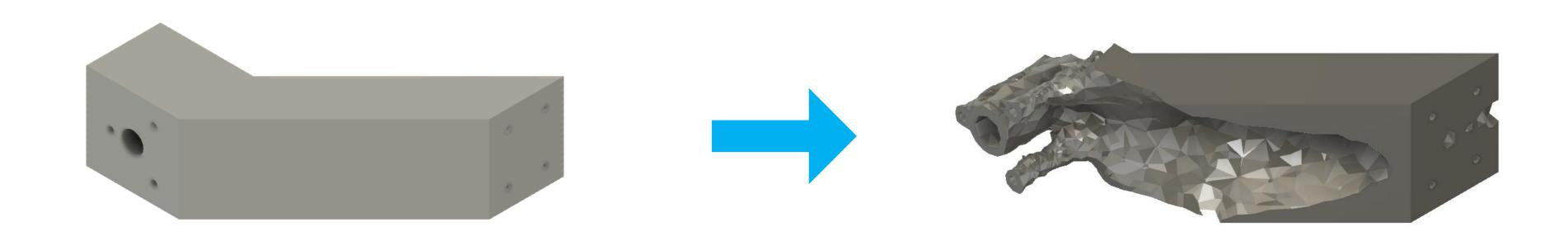


TENSILE TEST



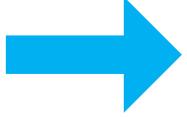
Shape Optimization

SHAPE OPTIMISATION



GENERATIVE DESIGN

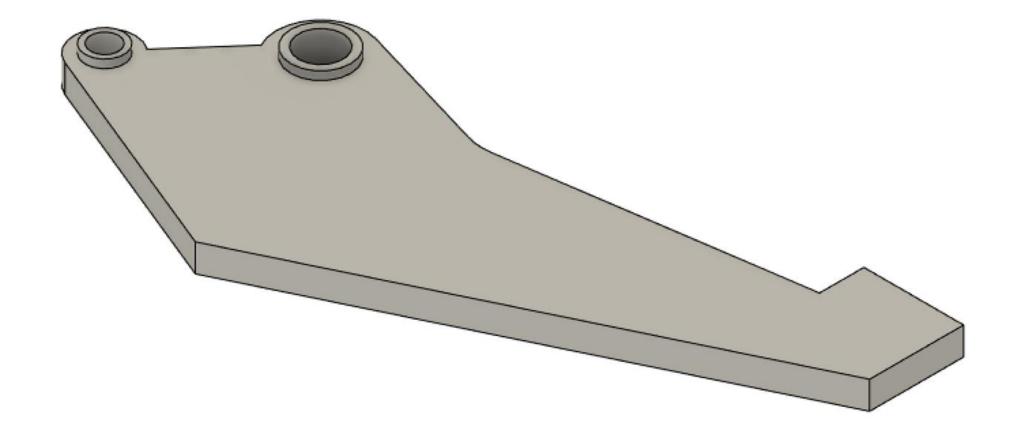


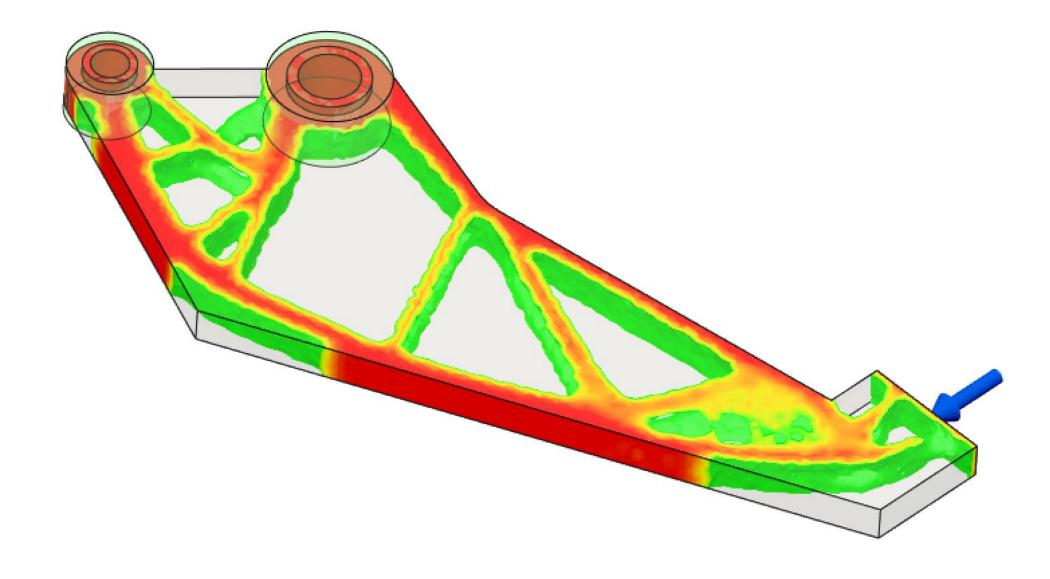




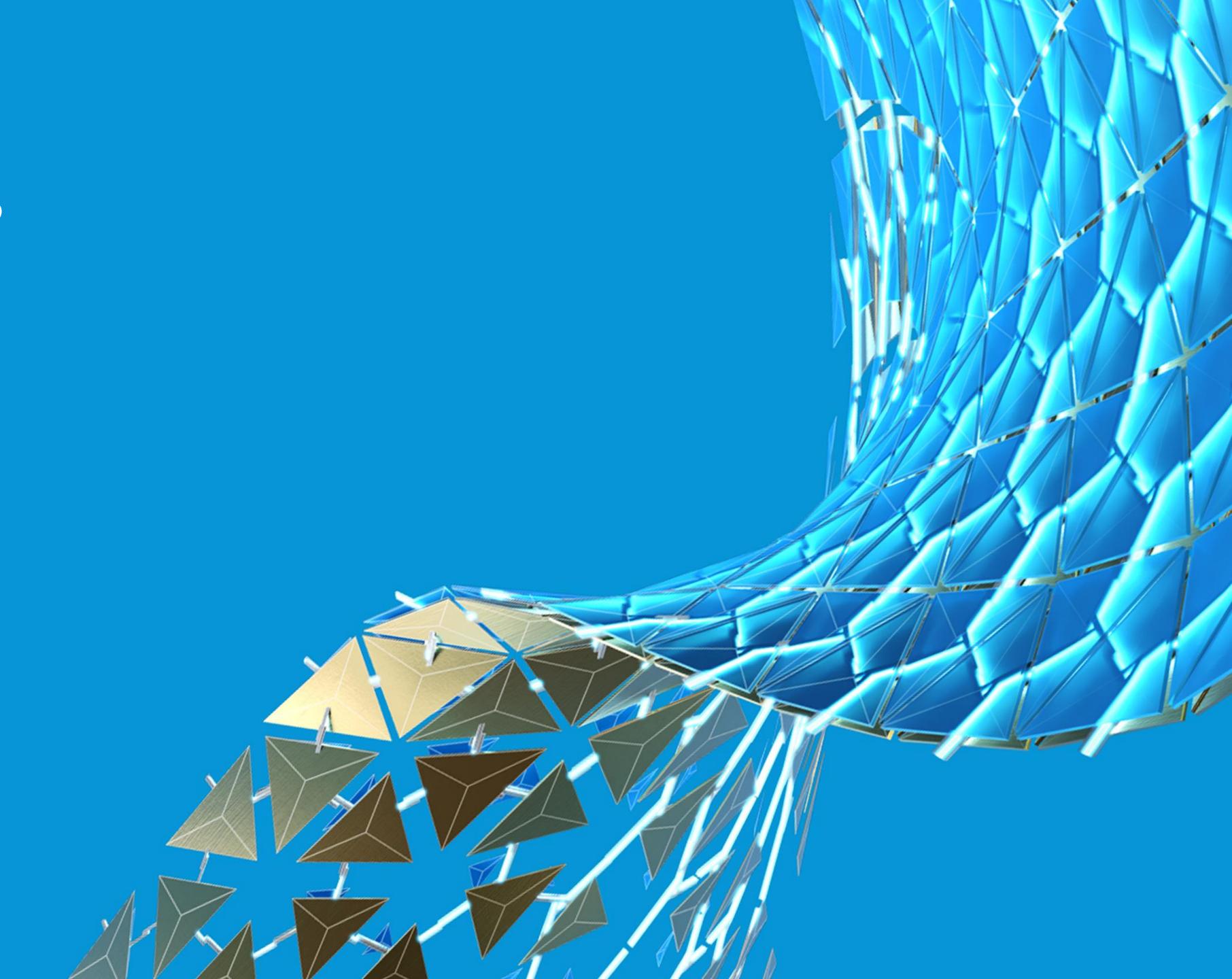
Shape Optimization

- Mass target
- Remove material along non-critical paths
- Iterative design influence





Conclusions



Summary

OBJECTIVE 1

Learn about the basics of setting up a simulation in Fusion 360

OBJECTIVE 2

Learn how to understand which simulation study type to choose

OBJECTIVE 3

Explore simulation outputs and how to use them in iterative design methods

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3D Printing PPE: A Three Minute Face Shield Solution



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