# **AutoCAD®** Utility Design for the little guy

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**UT10701** 

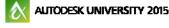


# **Class summary**

Adoption is growing for AutoCAD Utility Design (AUD). Yet many small and mid-size utilities and engineering organizations view AUD deployment as a daunting challenge.

This session will break down the core AUD implementation requirements and walk through a practical process to:

- Identify and document the requirements
- Plan a phased implementation
- Develop a test plan
- Document use cases and job aids so designers can make effective use of the software





# **Key learning objectives**

At the end of this class, you will be learn the following:

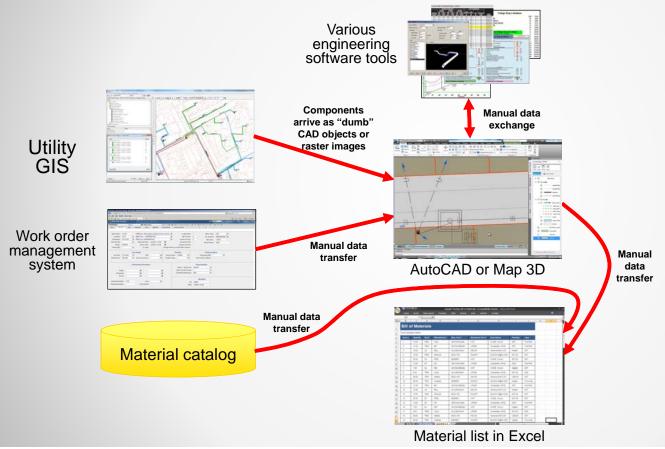
- The benefits of AUD for small and mid-sized utilities
- Required and optional elements of an AUD configuration
- An approach to document AUD implementation requirements
- A practical phased approach for AUD implementation



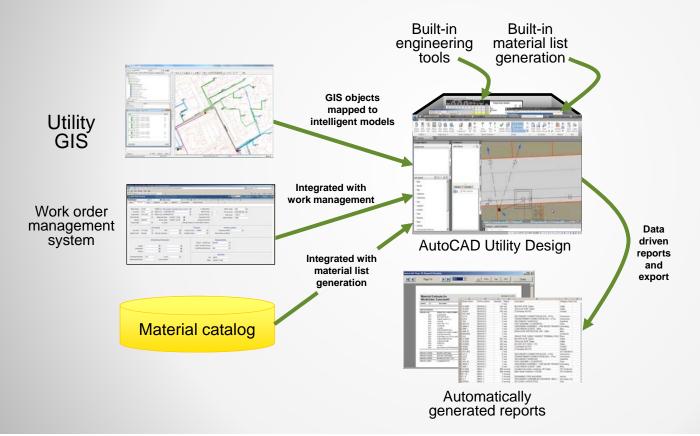
# **Benefits of AUD for small and mid-sized utilities**



# Typical approach today: Multiple tools / manual interfaces



# The promise of AUD: Integrated and configurable solution



- Do layout, engineering, material ordering
- Engineering integrated with design
- Automatically generate project material lists
- Adaptable for your components
- Configurable to handle your design rules
- Imperial or metric
- Reasonably priced

## The dream...

You draw something and magic happens...

- The styling changes to meet your standards
  - The engineering is analyzed (and maybe corrected)
    - Warning messages appear if there are design issues
      - The correct coding appears in the material list
        - Reports/tables summarize all parts of your design



## **Behind the magic**

You draw something and magic happens... As you draw you create data about your design

The styling changes to meet your standards

**++++** 

...based on your layout/data and a bunch of configured information

The engineering is analyzed (and maybe corrected)

...based on your layout/data and a bunch of configured information

Warning messages appear if there are design issues

The layout and data drives everything...

The correct coding appears in the material list

...and AUD needs a significant amount of configuration

Reports/tables summarize all parts of your design

based on your layout matadata and a bunch of configure information

# How do you take advantage of AUD's benefits...

...without years of configuration and megabucks of consultants?



# **But before configuration... #1: What problem are you trying to solve?**

Ask your self – where does your time go?

- Overhead engineering analysis?
- Creating the material order?
- Accurately drafting the design layout?
- Looking things up in the standards catalog?
- → Voltage drop analysis?
- Transferring data from one application to another?
- Creating accurate drawing annotation?





# **But before configuration... #2: Do you have the time and resources?**

Ask yourself – who is going to configure AUD?

- Does the team have the required skill and know-how?
- What's your timeframe?
- What are management's expectations?
- Can you use (and afford) outside assistance?
- Is your team working only part time on AUD configuration?



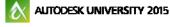
## **But before configuration...**

# #3: Perfection is unlikely so be pragmatic

- Stick with what is practical and useful
- Remember the 80-20 rule
- Magic that only works sometimes isn't worth it
- Think through the process from the designer's *perspective*

Can AUD do it? The answer is almost always YES.

Does it make sense from a cost and usability standpoint...





# Required and optional elements of an AUD implementation





# What's involved in an AUD implementation

Identify the components you use in design (the feature classes)

Determine <u>required attributes</u> associated with each type of component

Define the list of models for each feature class

Figure out what status values you need

Identify the styling for components

Create plan for <u>automatic components selection</u>

Determine basic material ordering approach

Specify common <u>material ordering exceptions</u>

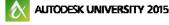
Identify required data-driven callouts and annotation

Identify data-driven tables

Plan the approach for voltage drop, pulling tension, and overhead analysis

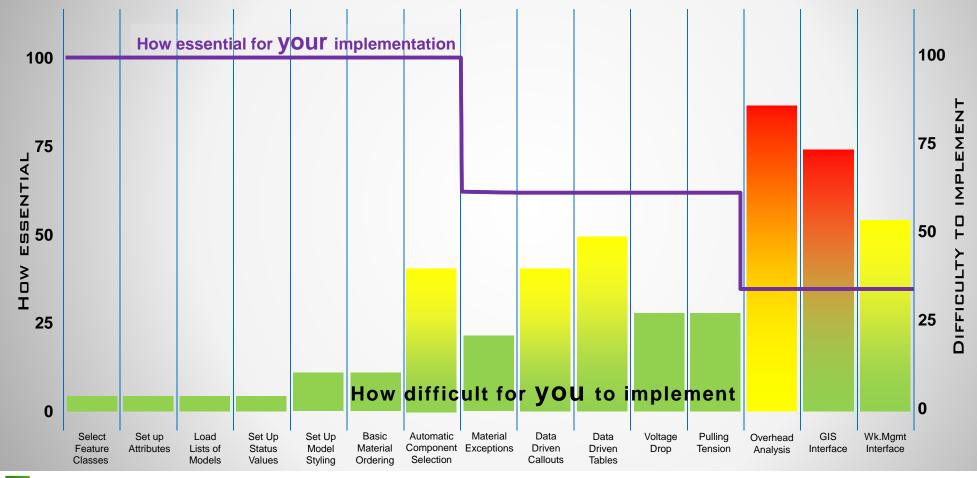
Identify what data comes from GIS and the GIS interface

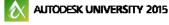
Identify what data comes from wk mgmt system and the interface





# Now before you panic...







# An approach to document AUD implementation requirements





# Why document the requirements?

#### 1: Many things to consider...

Identify the <u>components</u> you use in design (the feature classes)

Determine required attributes associated with each type of component

Define the list of models for each feature class

Figure out what status values you need

Identify the styling for components

Create plan for automatic components selection

Determine <u>basic material ordering</u> approach

Specify common material ordering exceptions

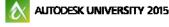
Identify required data-driven callouts and annotation

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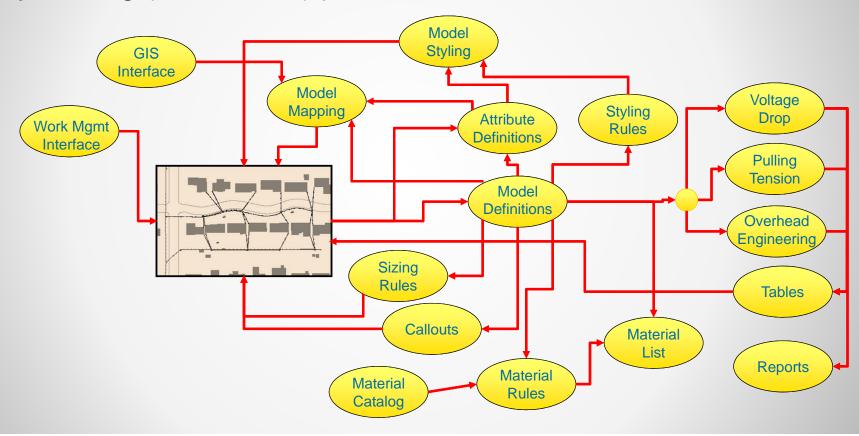
Identify what data comes from wk mgmt system and the interface





# Why document the requirements?

2: Many moving (interrelated) parts...





# Why document the requirements?

#### Get from here...

... to here.

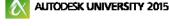
Identify the components you use in design (the feature classes) ☑ Task 1 Determine required attributes associated with each type of component ☑ Detail a Define the list of models for each feature class ☑ Detail b Figure out what status values you need ☑ Detail c Identify the styling for components ☐ Task 2 Create plan for automatic components selection ☑ Detail a Determine basic material ordering approach Configuration Specify common material ordering excer Model Identify Interface hand iven callouts and Identify dameen tables Voltage Plantapproach for volta Mapping Julling tens Drop Interface a data comes from SIS and the Gi Definitions Identity what data comes from wk ingm: system and the interface Pulling Tension Model ☐ Task 4 **Definitions** Overhead Engineering □ Detail b Sizing Rules **Tables** ☑ Detail c ☐ Task 5 Callouts Material □ Detail a Reports Material Rules □ Detail c



#### **Recommended table of contents**

- Use cases and tasks
- Feature classes
- Styling
- Attributes
- Plan for status
- Material ordering & exceptions

- Auto component selection
- Engineering
- Reports and tables
- User interface
- Material catalog import
- GIS interface
- Work management interface





#### **Use cases and tasks**

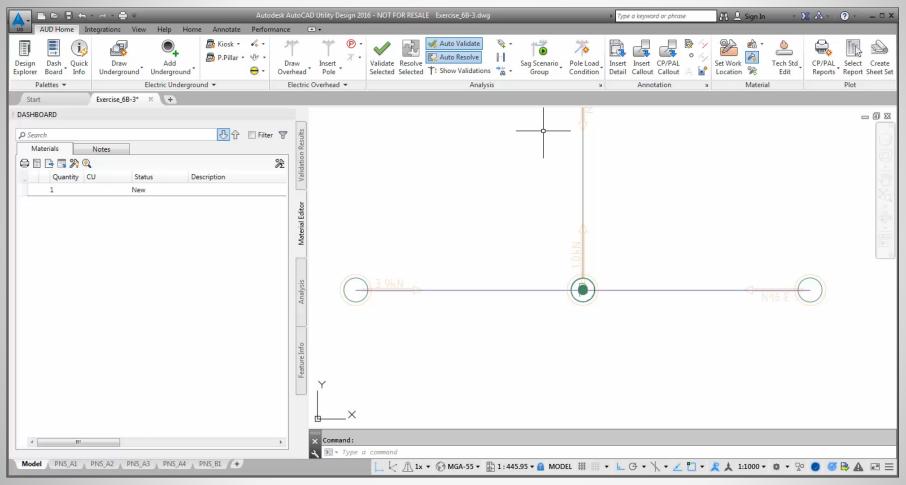
What tasks do you need to perform in a design project?

- Which ones are simple and easy to do with AUD?
- Which ones might be harder?

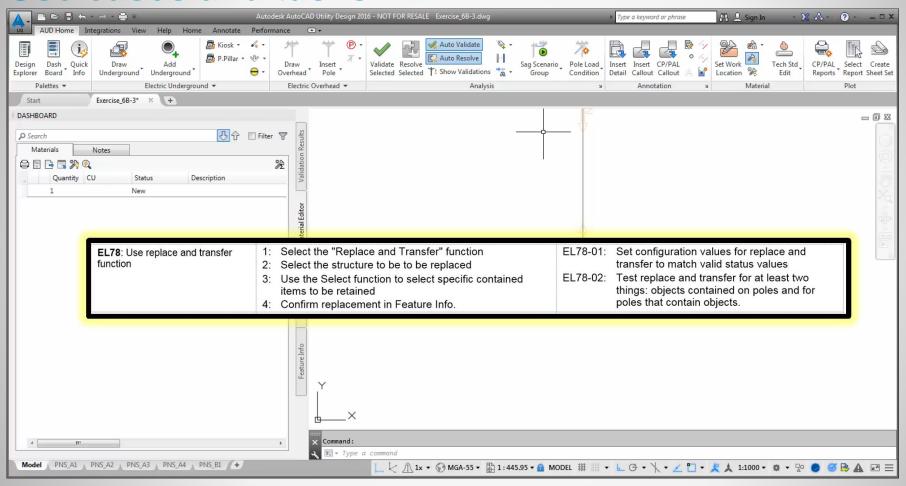
This becomes your list of what needs to be addressed in the rest of the design document



### **Use cases and tasks**



#### **Use cases and tasks**



#### **Feature classes and models**

- Make a list of all significant components in a design
- Think about each type of components:
  - Is it drawn in the main layout?
  - How will the designer select the specific model to use?
  - What attributes characterize each type of component? Which attributes need to be populated to define the models? Which attributes will the user regularly review or update? Are there custom attributes that need to be added?
  - What determines the component's appearance in the design?
  - If the component is included, what assembly/material is ordered? (and are there special considerations regarding materials for this component?)





#### **Feature classes and models**

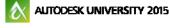
#### 4.1.5 Transformers General data for this feature class OOTB Feature Class: EL\_TRANSFORMER Typical Creation: Set default then use ribbon Data in Symbol: No Special Styling: Callout Handling: See details in callout section No Material Exception(s): Yes (terminations) Feature ID Except.: No Validation: Correct transformer type is used for given context (ex: if pad mounted then must be Above Surface model) Validation: Transformer must have valid primary and secondary connections Need to support banked transformers Other notes:



# **Styling**

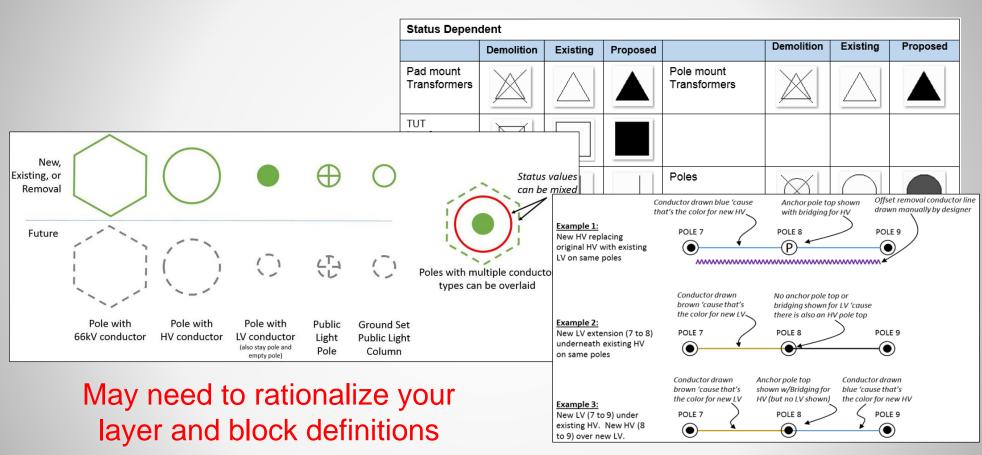
- What is the basic appearance of design components?
- Does appearance change depending on status?
- Does appearance change based on other data?
- How do you draw multiple conductors?
- What callouts/details do you use to clarify the design?

Usually most items are "normal" and there are some exceptions





## **Styling**



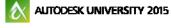


#### **Attributes**

# Every feature class has a large number of model attributes and feature attributes

- Which model attributes need to be populated?
- Are any custom attributes required?
- Are there attributes that users will regularly view or update?
- Are there attributes that should be hidden? (or hidden only some of the time?)

Categorize attributes in terms of how they will be used





### **Attributes**

#### 4.1.5 Transformers

Model attributes to populate		Custom attributes		High-visibility attributes		
CU	Text	Date Installed (F)	Date	Description	1. Key Attributes	
Description	Text	GIS Annotation (F)	Text	Model Group	1. Key Attributes	
kVA Rating	kilo volt-ampere	Bank configuration (M)	Domain	Model Name	1. Key Attributes	
Model Group	Text	Has been ordered? (F)	True-False	Status	1. Key Attributes	
Model Name	Text	Smallworld ID (F)	Text	Status GIS	1. Key Attributes	
Percent Reactance	Real	Status GIS (F)	Text	CU	2. Assess/Update	
Percent Resistance	Real	Style Prefix (M)	Text			
Phase Count	Integer	Tech Standard (M)	Text	GIS Annotation	2. Assess/Update	
Structure Type	Domain (EL_STRUCTURE_TYPE_TBD)	Work Order # (F)	Text	Has been ordered?	2. Assess/Update	
Bank configuration	Domain (PSE_BANKCONFIG_TBD)			Work Order #	2. Assess/Update	
Style Prefix	Text					
Tech Standard	Text			Transformer ID	2: Assess/Update	
Transformer diameter	feet					
Transformer height	feet					
Transformer Type	Domain (EL_TRANSFORMER_TBD)					
Voltage	Domain (EL_VOLTAGE_TBD)					
Voltage 2	Domain (EL_VOLTAGE_TBD)					
Weight	pound					
		<del></del>				

Even at this point you might not be done with attributes!

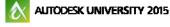




#### **Plan for status**

- Identify status values required for all tasks/use cases
- Determine how status affect...
  - Styling
  - Material ordering
  - Engineering
  - GIS data exchange

Plan up front for incorporating status into design projects





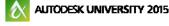
# **Plan for status**

STAT-01: Configured AUD component status values								
Note: These are values that all components in an AUD design (both imported and drawn) must have.								
Status Value Description (what it means for a component to have this status)								
Proposed	Item will be added during construction							
Proposed (duplicate)	Proposed (duplicate) STAT-02: Status effect on import, analysis, ordering, and styling							
Existing (unchanged)					le Category			
Existing (modified)	Proposed	Yes Yes (Order item)		proposed				
Demo	Proposed (duplicate)	STAT-03: Required	STAT-03: Required status interactions with GIS					
Existing (proposed)	Existing (unchanged)	Value set by Will be AUD Status					ported to GIS	
Existing (abandoned)	Existing (modified)	incoming GIS data	mapped to	mapped Va		mapped to		
Deactivate	Demo	n.a.		Proposed		<b>→</b>	PROPOSED	
	Existing (proposed)	n.a.		Proposed	d (duplicate)		No	ot exported
	Existing (abandoned)	IN SERVICE or OUT OF SERVICE	<b>→</b>	Existing (	Existing (unchanged)		Not Exported	
	Deactivate							
L		n.a.		Existing	(modified)	<b>→</b>		SERVICE or OF SERVICE
		n.a.		Re	emove	<b>→</b>	REMOVE	FROM SERVICE
		PROPOSED	<b>→</b>	Existing	(proposed)		No	ot Exported
		ABANDONED or REMOVED FROM SERVIC	<b>.</b> →	Existing (	(abandoned)		No	ot Exported
		n.a.		Aba	andon	<b>→</b>		ANDONED
		n.a.		Fı	uture	<b>→</b>		SED (for poles) se not exported



# Material ordering and ordering exceptions

- Identify basic material ordering requirements (the "Basic Material Ordering rule")
- Detail known material ordering exceptions
  - Write out the logic of how exceptions will work
  - Determine when the user should take over!
- Test (on paper) against uses cases and tasks
- What additional data will a designer need to specify?
- Can adding model attributes help?





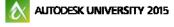
# Auto component selection (a.k.a. "sizing")

- Identify when automatic selection should occur...
  - During design layout
  - When imported from GIS
  - When engineering changes are required

When is this needed (vs. "would be nice..."

 Document the logic for when and how components will automatically be selected

This logic will directly determine how AUD's sizing rules will work





# **Auto component selection**

F			
SZ-FR03	Framing selection wil  Pole material Configuration Wire size	<ul><li>be based on selecting the</li><li>Conductor phase</li><li># of circuits</li><li>Voltage</li></ul>	<ul><li>component that matches:</li><li>Style (horizontal, vertical, wing)</li><li>Conductor deflection angle</li></ul>
SZ-GF02	tees, HV Tapping Tee automatically selected  # of connected pipe  Material of connected  Purpose of connected  Intersecting angle of	es, Caps, Transition fittings d based on the following cr	of connected pipes onnected pipes ) ow selection)

Do you have fields for all this data?
Have you populated all this data?
At what point does it make sense to go manual?





## **Auto component selection**

#### Example of gas fitting selection logic

If 1 pipe connecting	Go to section 1P
If 2 pipes connecting	Go to section 2P
If 3 pipes connecting	Go to section 3P
If 4 pipes connecting	Go to section 4P
1P (one pipe connecting)	Fitting Model Group = "CAP"  Fitting material must match pipe material  Fitting nominal diameter must match pipe nominal diameter  Otherwise choose model "Default"

Be sure you can explain the logic on paper before you try to write the rule

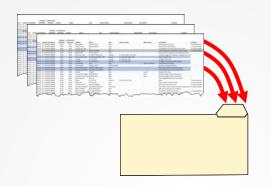
2P (2 pipes connecting) Selection depends on material and diameters)	If pipes are both the same material and same diameter go to 2P-1 If pipes are the same material but different diameters go to 2P-2 If pipes are the same diameter but different materials go to 2P-3 Otherwise choose model "Default"
2P-1 (same matl/same dia.) Must be an elbow	Fitting Model Group = "Elbow" Fitting material must match pipe material Fitting nominal diameters 1 and 2 must match pipe #1 diameter If connection angle>42 then Fitting angle=90° Else if connection angle >1° then Fitting angle=45° Else choose model "Default"
2P-2 (same matt/diff. dia.)  Must be a reducer or reducing elbow	Fitting material must match pipe material Fitting nominal diameter 1 must match diameter of larger pipe Fitting nominal diameter 2 must match diameter of smaller pipe If connection angle < 2° then Model Group = "Reducer" Otherwise Model Group = "Reducing Elbow" If no models match choose model "Default"
2P-3 (diff. mat'l, same dia.) Must be a transition fitting	Model Group = "Transition Fitting" Fitting nominal diameter must match pipe 1 diameter If connection angle <2" then Model Group = "Transition" Otherwise choose model "Default"
2P-4 (soft split connection)	Model Group = "Tapping Tee"  Fitting nominal diameter 1 must match pipe 1 diameter  Fitting nominal diameter 2 must match pipe 2 diameter  Fitting material must match pipe 1 material  If no models match choose model "Default"
3P (3 pipes connecting)	If all 3 diameters and all 3 material the same and one angle is 180 and the other angle is 90 then  Fitting Model Group = "In-line Tee"  Fitting material must match pipe 1 material  Fitting nominal diameter must match pipe 1 nominal diameter  Otherwise choose model "Default"





# **Reports and tables**

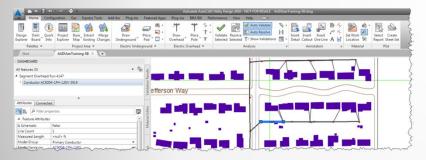
What reports are needed for your job package(s)?



What is the format or layout of the reports and tables?

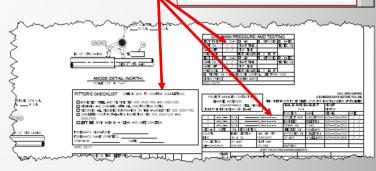
TYPE or KVA PRIMARY SPEC & CLASS VOLTAGE FIG NUMBE

Where within AUD will the data come from?



What tables commonly appear in design drawings?

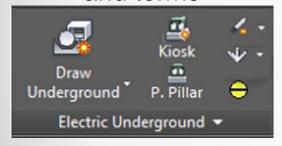
- Decide what reports and layouts are required
- Learn to use the available tools
- Identify where data comes from



### **User** interface

- Consider tasks and use cases -- what will users want?
- Leverage the UI for model selection

Customized symbols and terms



Customized ways to select specific models



Create a checklist of UI changes that includes notes on what the macros will need to do

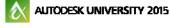




### **Engineering**

- Key questions to ask before you go crazy...
  - What do you do today?
  - What problem are you trying to solve?
- Understand AUD's capabilities
  - What process is practical for the designer?
  - Is AUD close to what you need?

Find the balance between what you need and what AUD can do

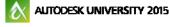




### **Material catalog import**

- What information is needed in AUD?
- Where does that information reside today?
- Who maintains it?
- How do you get it into the required SQLite format?
- What is the long term maintenance strategy?

Work with the organization(s) that have the data to find a strategy that works

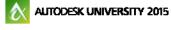




### **GIS** interface

- What information should be imported from the GIS
  - What MUST be imported to do design?
  - What would be useful from a design perspective?
- Consider 3 cases...
  - New design building off existing components
  - Designs that modify existing components
  - Designs that remove or replace existing components

Be pragmatic about what make sense for GIS data exchange



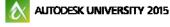


### Work management interface

### Project initiation

- What project information is needed during the design
- What information might added by the designer
- Where is information stored
- How is information used
- What are the steps of the project initiation process

Walk through the likely scenarios Write them down

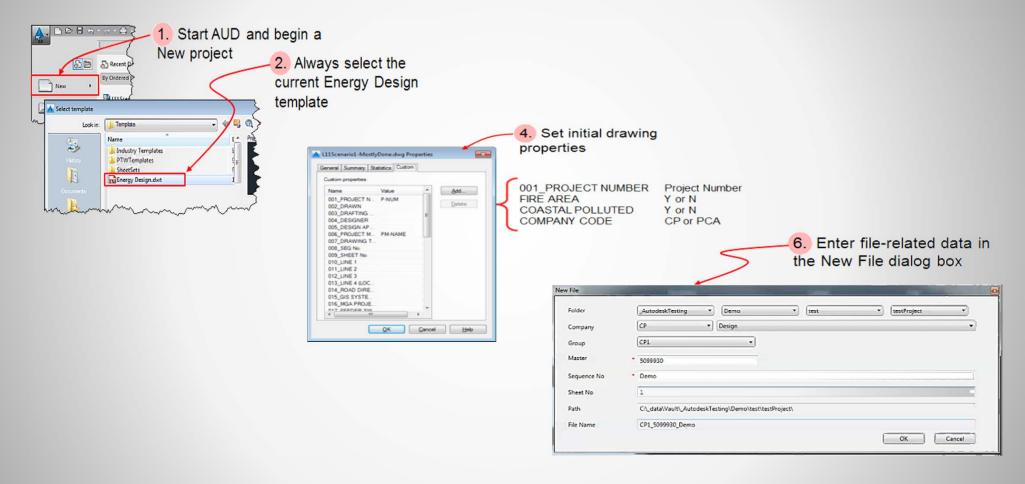




# All of this messiness is what you need to capture in a design document!



### A good example of why you should think it through...







### But back to the original points...

What do you want

AUD to do for you?

in phase 1

How are you going to get there?

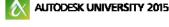




### But back to the original points...

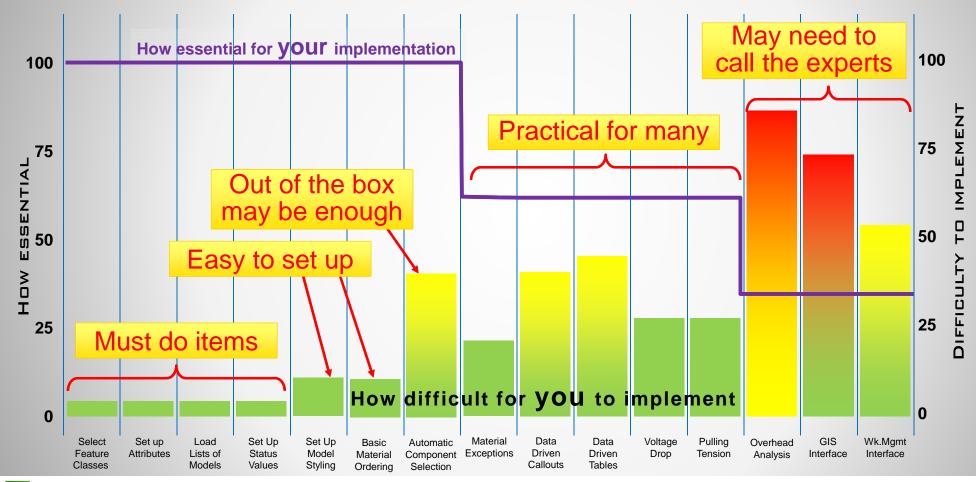
- What problems are you trying to solve?
- What resources are available?

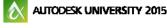
Are there any shortcuts?





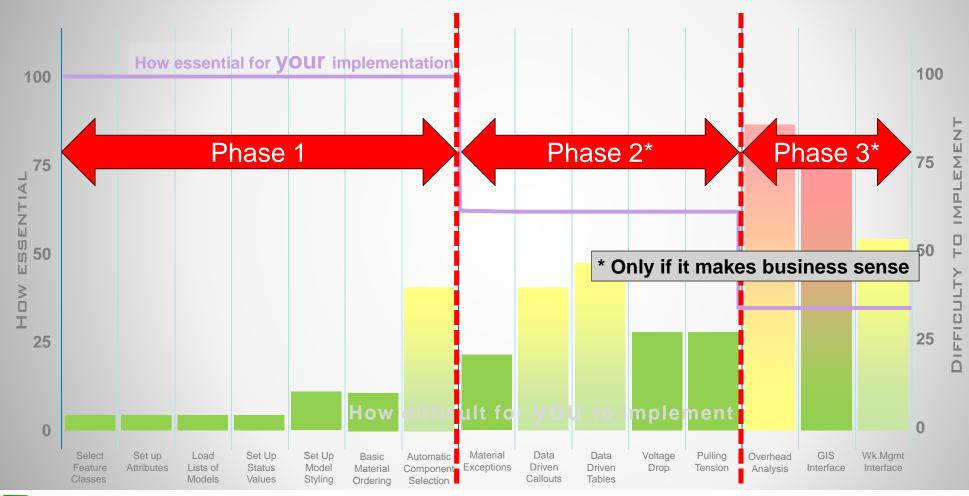
### For the smaller utility or consultancy...

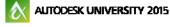






### **Phased implementation**







### Plan a phased implementation

### Phase 1: Top priorities

Define / load material catalog
 Can be tricky – more info in a moment

Define priority feature classes
 What components do you always use?

Configure model attributes
 Only for essential stuff

Load initial sets of models
 Use simple CSV load for now

Create blocks / styling for models
 Shortcuts available – more info shortly

Configure GIS import process
 Maybe the same as you do today?

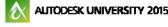
Define basic material ordering ——— Can you handle exceptions manually?

Create layouts / title block
 Clean up your existing stuff

Perform initial deployment

Plan catalog update process

Think about support and maintenance





### Plan a phased implementation

And phase 2 (and later phases)?



## Getting to a basic implementation in less time



### Tips and tricks for faster implementation

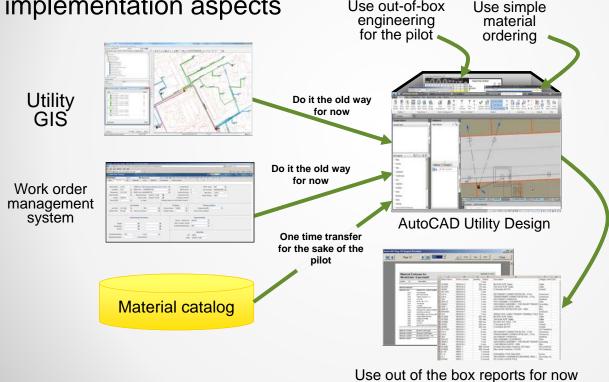
- Do a pilot
- Creating the material catalog
- Smart styling
- Smart material ordering
- Comment everything!



### **Doing a pilot:**

Learn enough to have some confidence

Basic, but enough so you have a feel for many implementation aspects



Use out-of-box

- One-time transfer of material catalog information
- Representative set of feature classes & models
- Smart styling
- Smart material ordering
- Annotation???
- Engineering???



### The material catalog challenge

- Must be in SQLite format
- Must be the right table structure



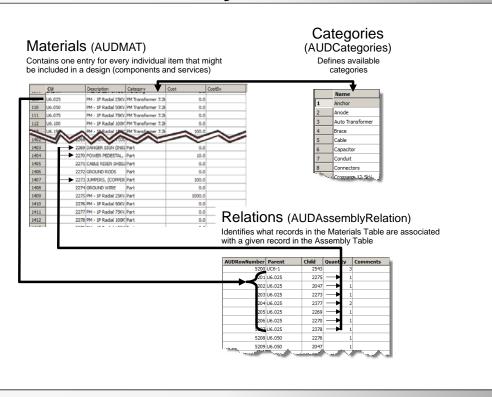


### The material catalog challenge

### What you've got

#### CU RUS Standard I.D. **Material Description** Item # Qty Material Exte Cost A1.1 Single Primary Support Insulator, pin type \$5.50 Pin, pole top, 20" A1.1 \$7.93 A1.1 Bolt, machine, 5/8"x req'd length \$1.68 A1.1 \$0.00 A1.1 \$1.11 Spool insulator Washer, square, 2 1/4" A1.1 d \$0.13 A1.1 Bolt, single upset \$2.75 Single Primary Support-Offset Neutral Assembly \$5.50 A1.2 Insulator, pin type A1.2 Pin, pole top, 20" \$7.93 A1.2 Bolt, machine, 5/8"x reg'd length \$1.68 A1.2 Screw, lag, 1/2"x4" \$0.40 A1.2 Locknuts \$0.00 A1.2 Spool insulator \$1.11 A1.2 3 Washer, square, 2 1/4" \$0.13 \$47.88 A1.2 Bracket, offset, neutral A2.1 Double Primary Support Insulator, pin type \$5.50 A2.1 Pin, pole top, 20" \$7.93 A2.1 \$1.68 Bolt, machine, 5/8"x reg'd length A2.1 Washer, square, 2 1/4" \$0.13 \$2.75 Bolt, single-upset

#### What you want





### **Smart styling**

- The appearance of most objects is based on 2 things...
  - Status of the object
  - The specific model

Status Dependent							
	Demolition	Existing	Proposed		Demolition	Existing	Proposed
Pad mount Transformers	X			Pole mount Transformers	X		
TUT transformers							
Junctions	X			Poles	$\boxtimes$		



### **Smart styling**

- Add a model definition attribute "Style Prefix"
- Define styles with rigid naming
- Create a single rule that works in all cases

Choose style by name "[Style Prefix] – [Status]"



### **Smart material ordering**

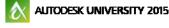
- Consider material-related model attributes
- Define your "basic material ordering rule" as a subrule
- Create a maintainable approach

```
Add material CU: [Model Name ] < Add Text... > Quantity: 1 Status: [Status ]

Set Attributes:

Material Cost = choose value where [Electric Special Order ] equals

Special Order = [Electric Special Order ]
```

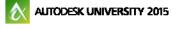




### **Comment everything**

- What feature classes are you using?
- What models did you add?
- What blocks have you updated?
- What rules have you added?
- What rules have you changed?
- What work remains?

Did you write it down?
Have you created a spreadsheet?
Are you creating your implementation checklists?





### Considering AUD? It's time to roll up your sleeves and get to work!





