Understanding Autodesk PLM 360 Classification

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Your Instructors



Matt Wegmann
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Project Manager & Business Process Analyst

Matt Wegmann is the project manager and leader of launching Autodesk PLM 360 software at Electrical Components International, Inc. (ECI), a global leader in wire-harness manufacturing in multiple markets and regions. In his 6 years at ECI Matt has led multiple process-improvement projects using data analytics and a lean approach to impact quality, quoting, engineering, customer service, planning, sales, and finance.



Hagay Dvir Autodesk Sr. Product Manager, PLM 360

Hagay is the Product Manager on the PLM 360 team who is responsible for the BOM and Classification functionality and other functionality. Hagay has been with the PLM 360 team for more than 3 years, and has more than 15 years experience with PLM software solutions in general and for manufacturing companies in particular.



Other Classes You May Be Interested In

- PL7241-P Linking
 Virtual Reality to Actuality
 - Advanced use cases in PLM 360 using QR codes, iframes and other features
 - Thursday 8:00am

- PL6349-P PLM Safari— Adventures from the Field
 - Autodesk PLM 360
 Multilevel Approval
 - Thursday 8:00 am



Key learning objectives

At the end of this class, you will be able to:

- Understand initial features of classification tool
- Learn how to create a classification schema
- Learn how to use efficient practices for implementation of feature
- Look to the future of classification in Autodesk PLM 360



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ECI Background

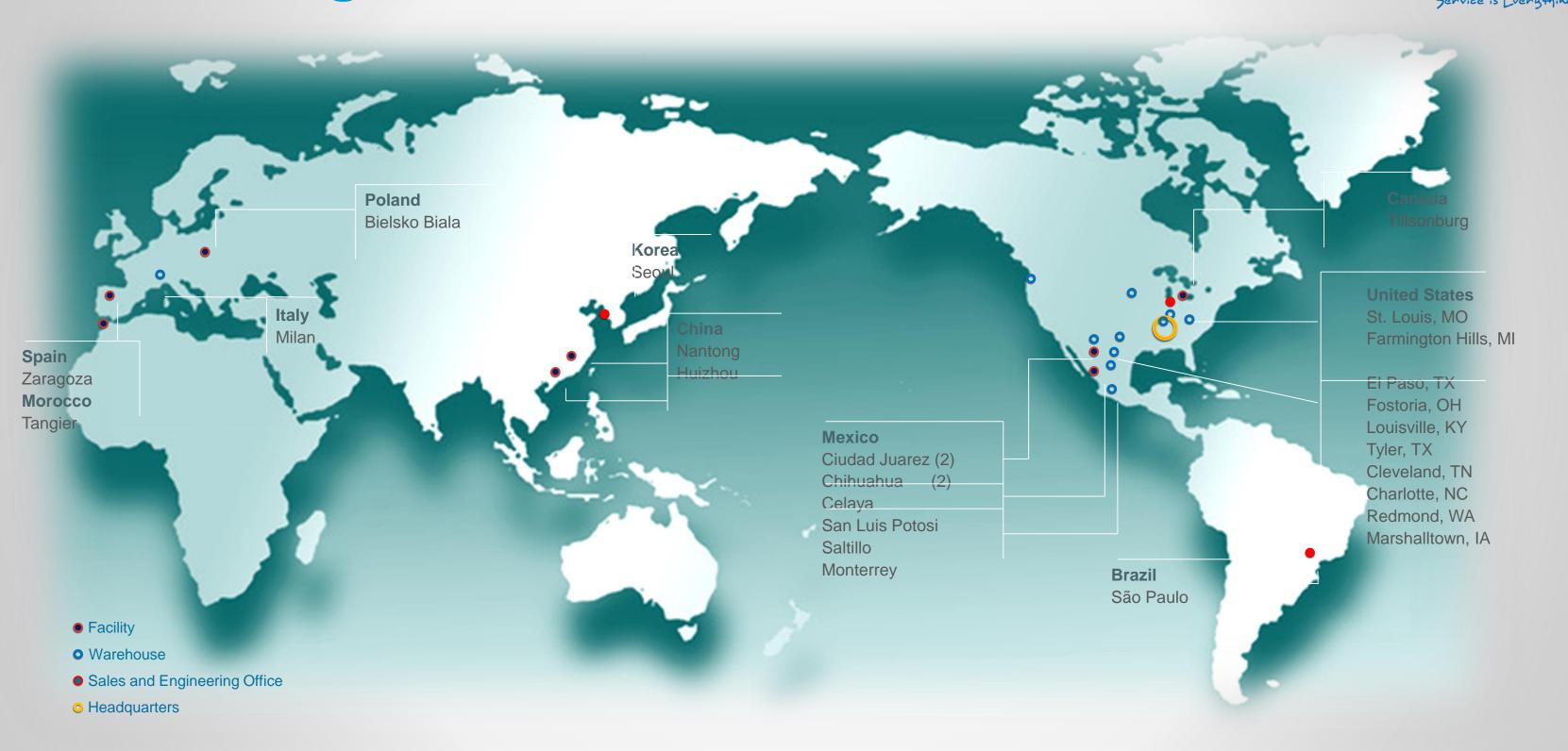






ECI Background







Material Classification & Metadata Management at ECI

Problem Statement:

 ECI lacks normalized material data on a global scale at a time when our engineering departments are becoming more globally focused.

Issues:

- 60,000 Raw Materials Globally
- Multiple ERP Systems/Environments
- Multiple Languages
- Multiple Intelligent Part Numbering Schema



Material Classification & Metadata Management at ECI

Current locations of material metadata:

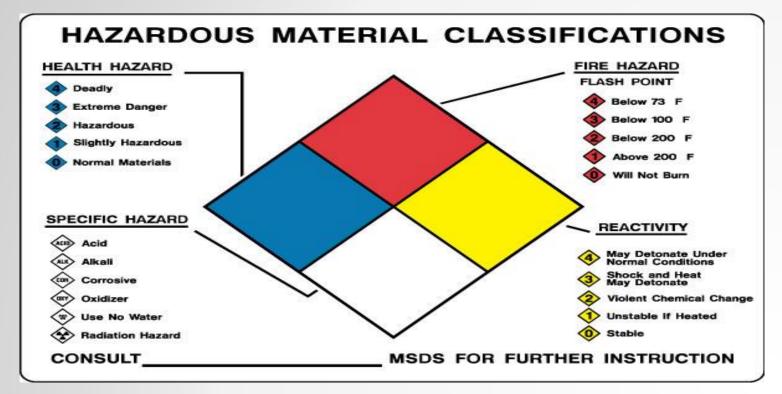
- Part Descriptions & Intelligent Part Numbers
- Individual, Department, or Facility Managed Excel Workbooks
- Supplier Websites & Specification Sheets
- Plant Specific 4 field classification table (Class, SubClass, Data Field, Data)



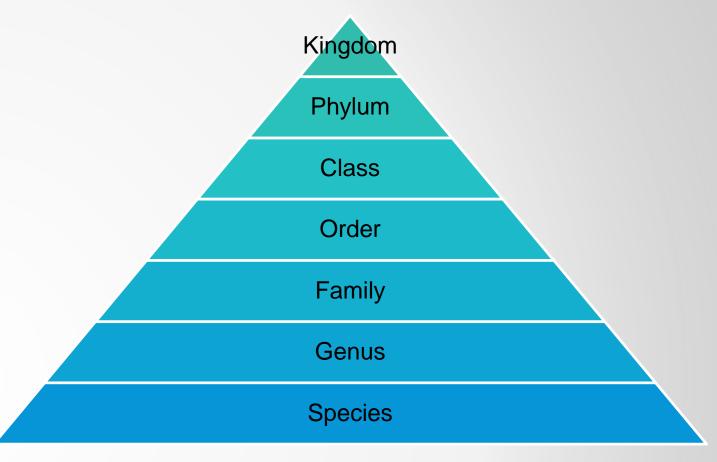
Introduction to Classification



Introduction to Classification



hydrogen	1570		25.	1.50	1.5	i.e		5	1050	.55	5.65.1		15.5	5.5	8.5		50 ×	helium
H																		He
1.0079 lithium 3	beryllium 4												boron 5	carbon 6	nitrogen 7	oxygen 8	fluorine 9	4.0026 neon 10
Li	Be												В	C	N	0	F	Ne
6.941 sodium	9,0122 magnesium												10.811 aluminium	12.011 silicon	14.007 phosphorus	15.999 sulfur	18,998 chlorine	20,180 argon
11	12												13	14	15	16	17	18
Na	Mg												AI	Si	Р	S	CI	Ar
22.990 potassium	24.305 calcium		scandium	titanium	vanadium	chromium	manganese	iron	cobalt	nickel	copper	zinc	26,982 gallium	28,086 germanium	30.974 arsenic	32.065 selenium	35,453 bromine	39.948 krypton
19	20		21	Ti	23 V	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
X 39,098	Ca		Sc 44,956	47,867	50.942	Cr 51.996	Mn 54.938	Fe 55.845	Co 58,933	Ni 58.693	Cu 63.546	Zn	Ga	Ge	As 74.922	Se 78.96	Br 79.904	Kr 83.80
rubidium 37	strontium 38		yttrium 39	zirconium 40	niobium 41	molybdenum 42	technetium 43	ruthenium 44	rhodium 45	palladium 46	silver 47	cadmium 48	indium 49	tin 50	antimony 51	tellurium 52	lodine 53	xenon 54
Rb	Sr		Ÿ	Žr	Nb	Mo	Tc	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ag	Cd	ln	Sn	Sb	Te	Ī	Xe
85.468	87.62		88.906	91.224	92.906	95.94	[98]	101.07	102.91	106.42	107.87	112.41	114.82	118.71	121.76	127.60	126.90	131.29
caesium 55	barium 56	57-70	lutetium 71	hafnium 72	tantalum 73	tungsten 74	rhenium 75	osmium 76	iridium 77	platinum 78	gold 79	mercury 80	thallium 81	lead 82	bismuth 83	polonium 84	astatine 85	radon 86
Cs	Ba	*	Lu	Hf	Ta	W	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	TI	Pb	Bi	Po	At	Rn
132.91	137.33 radium	28250	174.97 lawrencium	178.49	180.95 dubnium	183.84	186.21 bohrium	190.23 hassium	192.22 meitnerium	195.08 ununnillium	196.97 unununium	200.59	204.38	207.2	208,98	[209]	[210]	[222]
francium 87	88	89-102	103	rutherfordium 104	105	seaborgium 106	107	108	109	110	111	ununbium 112		ununquadium 114				
Fr	Ra	* *	Lr	Rf	Db	Sg	Bh	Hs	Mt	Uun	Uuu	Uub		Uuq				
[223]	[226]		[262]	[261]	[262]	[266]	[264]	[269]	[268]	[271]	[272]	[277]		[289]				
*Lanth	anide	series	lanthanum 57	cerium 58	praseodymium 59	neodymium 60	promethium 61	samarium 62	europium 63	gadolinium 64	terbium 65	dysprosium 66	holmium 67	erbium 68	thulium 69	ytterbium 70		
2311111		00.100	La	Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Но	Er	Tm	Yb		
V V A			138.91 actinium	140.12 thorium	140.91 protactinium	144.24 uranium	[145] neptunium	150.36 plutonium	151.96 americium	157.25 curium	158.93 berkelium	162.50 californium	164.93 einsteinium	167.26 fermium	168.93 mendelevium	173.04 nobelium		
* * Acti	nide se	eries	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97 Bk	98	Es	100	101 N/L	102		
			Ac	Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	DK	Cf	LS	Fm	Md	No		

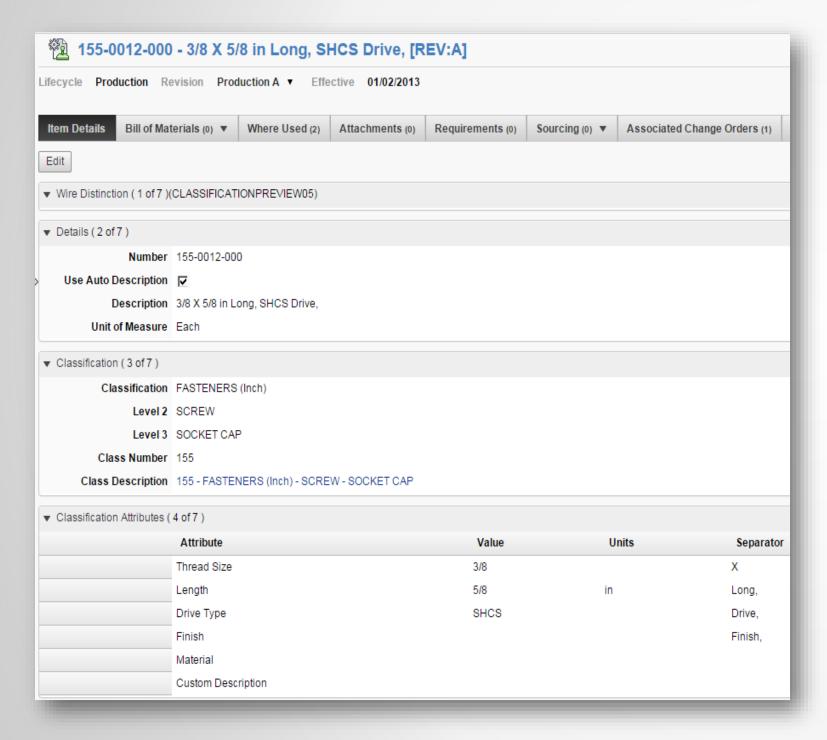


OLA COLEJOATION WIND OBEED DAMAGE								
CLASSIFICATION	WIND SPEED	DAMAGE						
F0	40–72 mph	Mild						
F1	73-112 mph	Moderate						
F2	113–157 mph	Significant						
F3	158–206 mph	Severe						
F4	207–260 mph	Devastating						
F5	260-319 mph	Incredible						
F6	319-379 mph	Inconceivable						





Introduction to Classification



- Current Option in PLM 360
 - Class Section
 - Filtering Picklist from a Classification Workspace
 - Attribute Section
- Issues:
 - Non Variable # Attributes
 - Limited data validations
 - Does not provide any structure to the class or fields

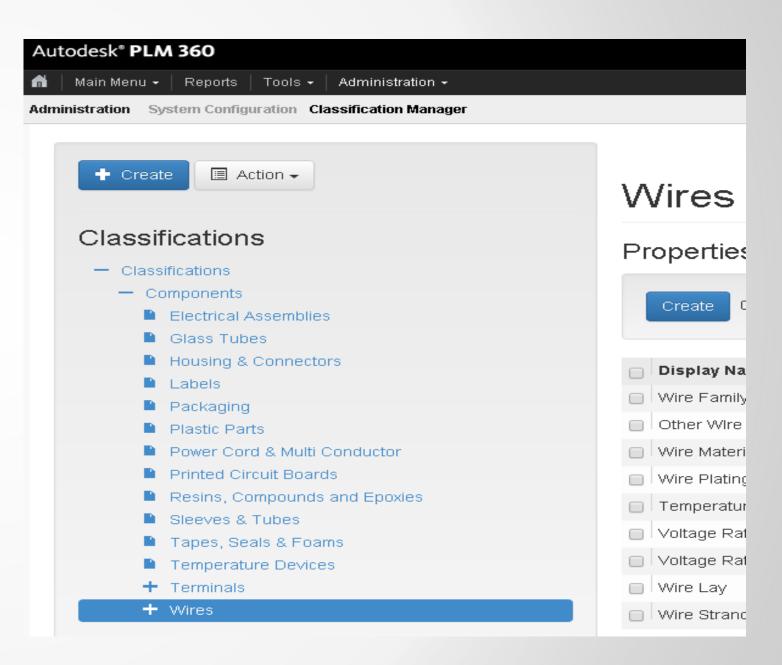


Demo Create A Classification Structure



Demo Recap Classification Admin Screens

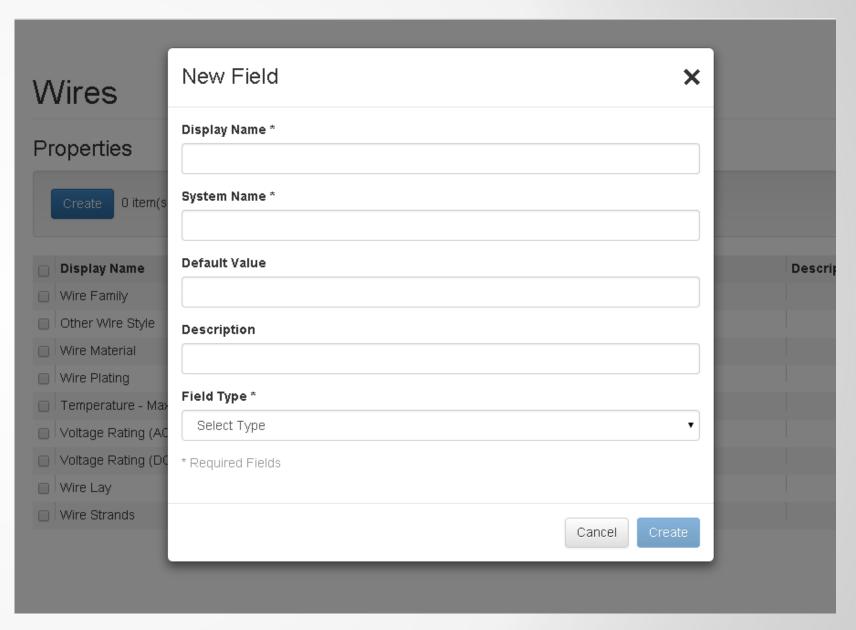
- Create Classification Hierarchy
 - Create a "Root" node
 - Create Classes
 - Fields are inherited





Demo Recap Classification Admin Screens

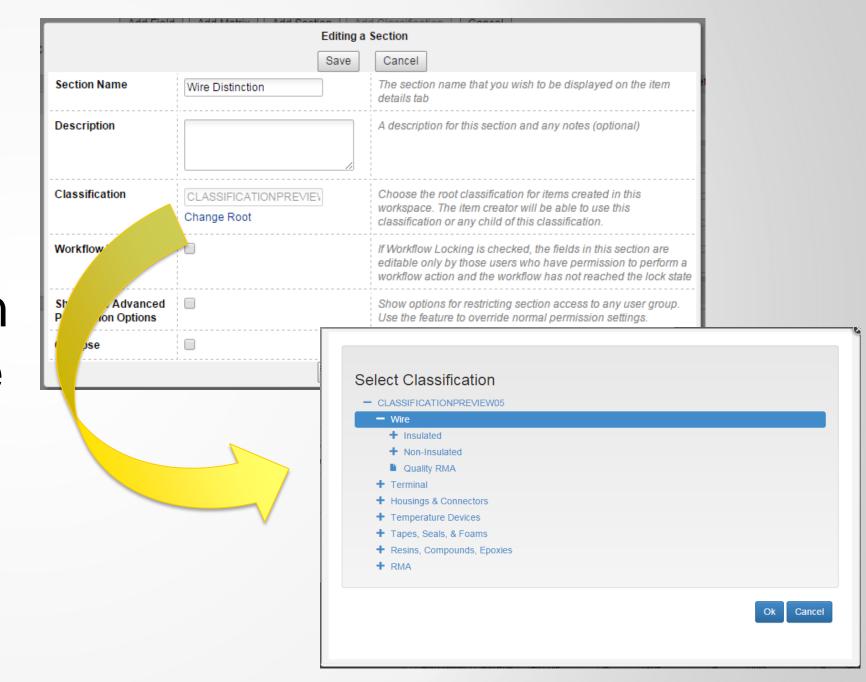
- Create New Fields
 - Unique System Name
 - Field Types
 - Text, Number, Pick list
 - Set pick list defaults
- Constraints & Overrides
 - Required or Read Only
 - Min, Max & Range value constraints
 - Override feature is inherited





Demo Recap Associate Class Root To Workspace Section

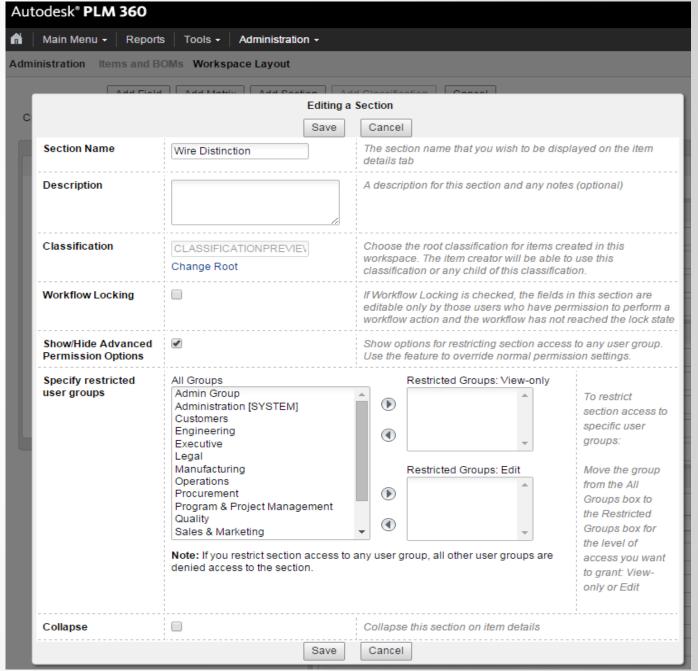
- Items in a workspace are classified by adding a Classification Section to the Workspace
- Any level in the classification structure can be used as the root for a workspace
- Items in the workspace can be classified anywhere below that root





Demo Recap Associate Class Root To Workspace Section

- Classification section performs similarly to a normal item detail section
 - Name/Description Fields
 - Permission restriction tools



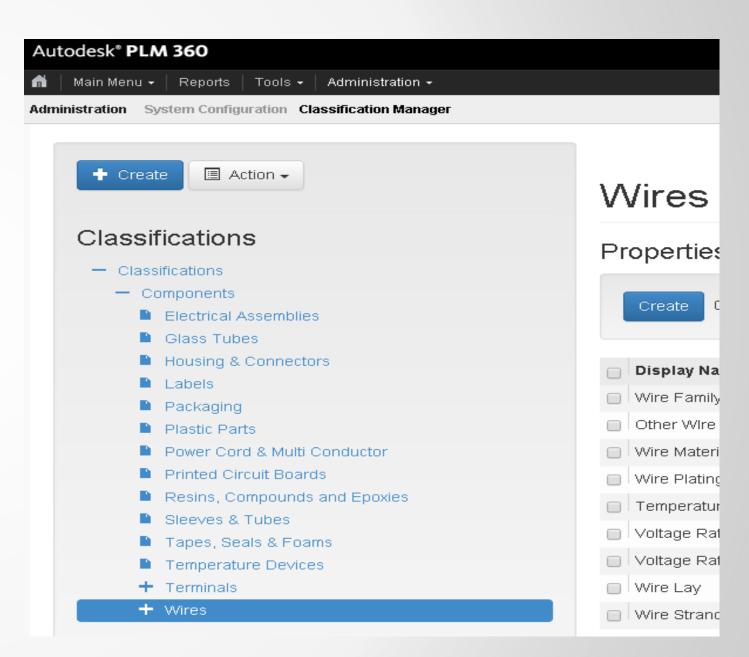


Set Root Class Level 0

- It creates a Root Node for a workspace to 'anchor' to
- Separates your mutually exclusive classification hierarchies
- Examples Components, RMA, NPD_Entry

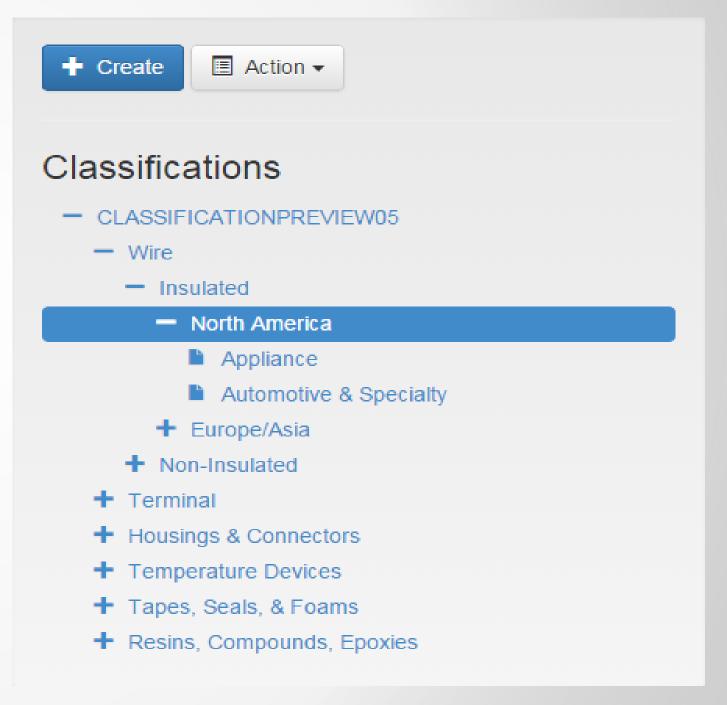
Plan Hierarchy

- From General to Specific
- Experimentation and rapid changings will work for small classification trees
- Larger enterprise wide structures will require advanced planning and testing





- Tradeoff between Fields and Classes
 - Hierarchy should be guided by metadata captured in the fields
 - No need to add classification level if that class selection does not require additional or unique metadata.
 - Non-field dependent choices can be put in pick list field and scripted into class name/description if desired



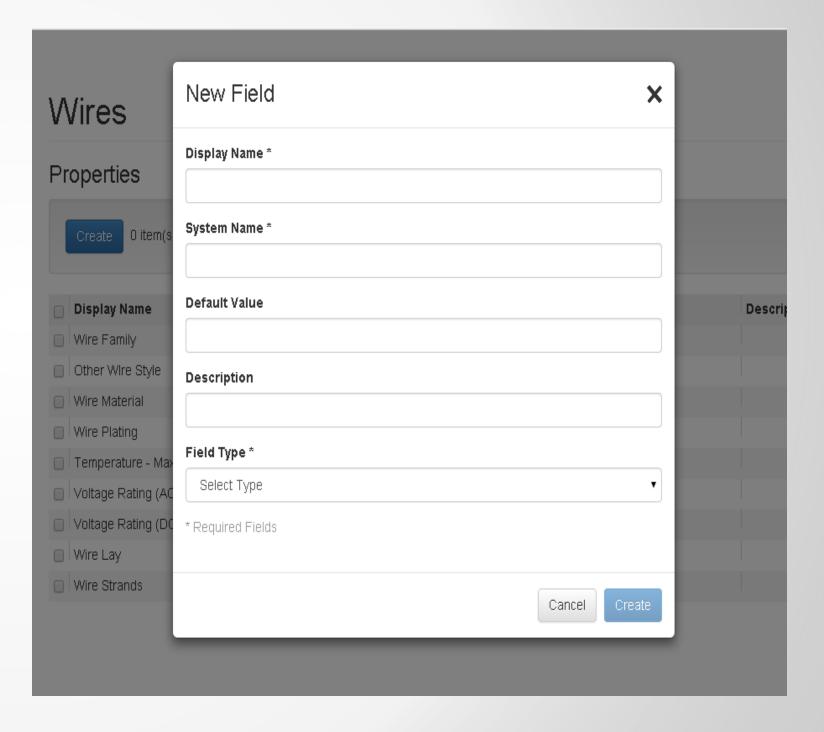


Use Pick Lists

 Faster data entry, Consistency in naming, Reduce typing errors

Class Name as a Field

- If you need the class name in a script or on screen, make it a Read Only field
- Consistent Tree & System Naming Practices
 - Fields can be shared across the entire classification manager, could lead to confusion.
 - Example Root level 0 + Field Name or Field Name_(Code)





Demo How To Create (Intelligent) Part Numbers And Auto-Description



Demo Recap Intelligent Part Numbers & Auto Descriptions

- Requires
 - Class Specific Prefix
 - Prefix Specific Sequence Number
 - Other Item data
- Common Construction

[Prefix]-[Sequence]-[version]-[other]

- Examples
 - AU-554-A27
 - HNBR-60-BE





Scripting With Classification

- Classification Data
 - item.classification.property_name
 - item.classification['property_name']
- Sequencers
 - var seqNameArray = Sequencer.list()
 - var seq = new Sequencer(seqName[, start[, step]])
 - var next = seq.nextValue()



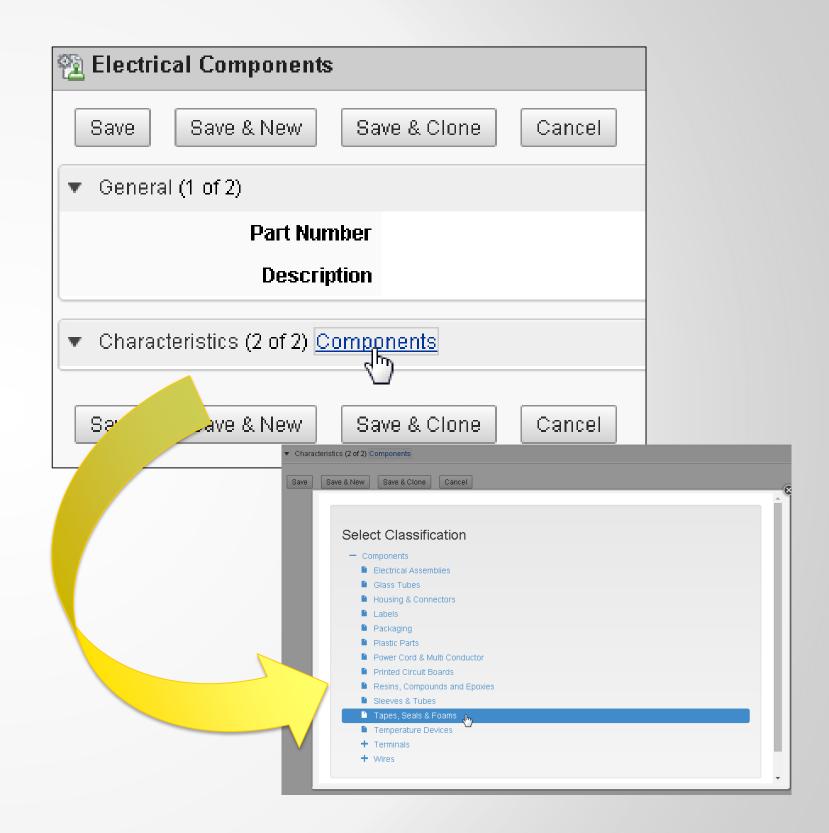


Demo User Screens



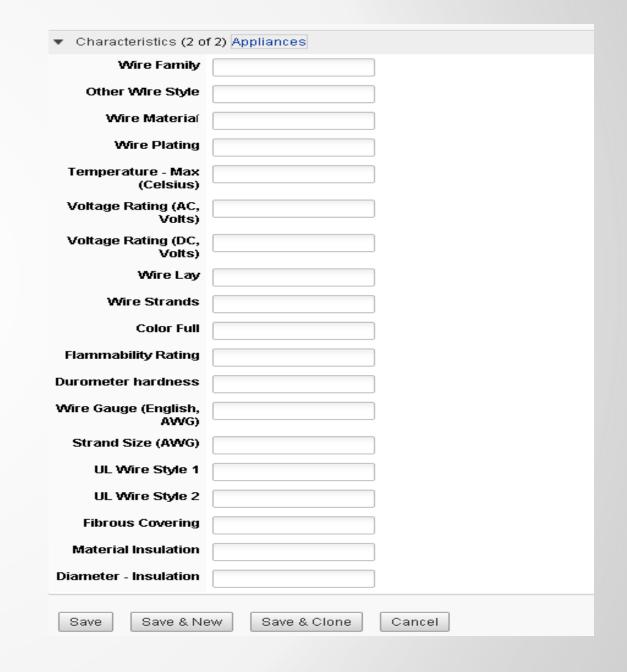
Demo Recap User Screens

- Classification Section has hyperlink
- Clicking on the button opens an in browser pop up
- The user selects the class
- The related fields appear within the classification section
- Reclassification of an item will not lose data.





- New UX adds value
 - Class dependent fields
 - Field Restrictions and Validations will reduce data entry errors.
 - Item entry is similar to current item details fields, minimal training
- Use description for units of measure notes to users.





Demo Alternative Use Cases



Demo RecapAlternative Uses

- Classification service solves more than traditional classification and material attribute management
- It allows fields to be dependent based on user selections through a logical tree.
- Examples:
 - New Product Development Multiple Entry Points into same process – Sales/Marketing, Engineering, Quality
 - Quality RMA or 5 Why— Customer or Reason specific fields
 - ECO reason code deep dive Supplier, Customer, or Internal Change



Feature Road Map





High Level Roadmap

Technical Preview

Available Now Limited functionality Enabled by request

First Release

Basic classification structure with Field inheritance

Field Constraints

One class per WS

Classification data import

Future

Multi-Classification

Class properties in Reports and Views

Standalone Field Manager

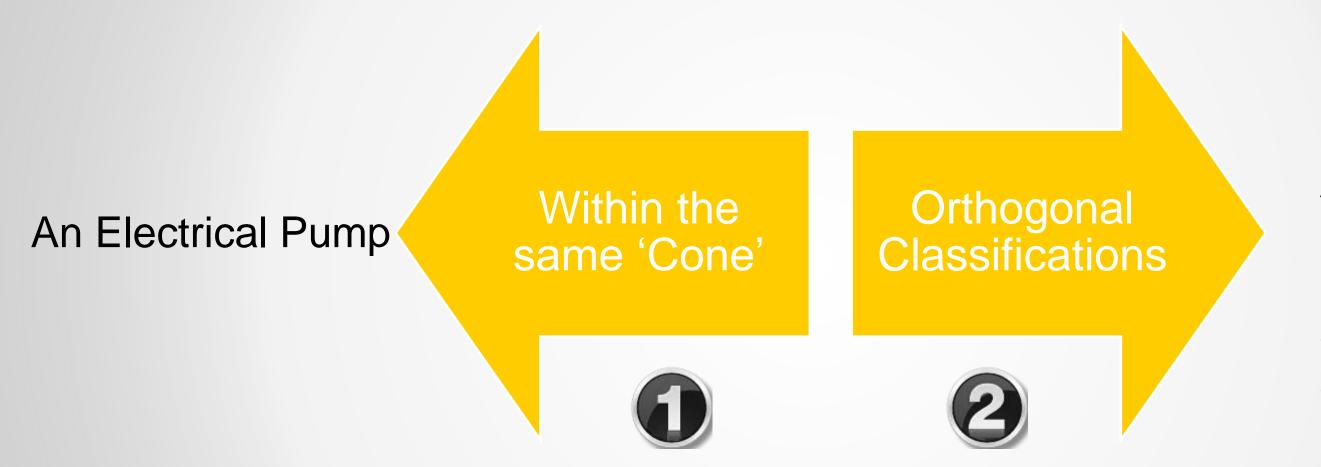
Catalogs and smart Search in Catalog

AUTODESK®





Future Plans Multi-Classification

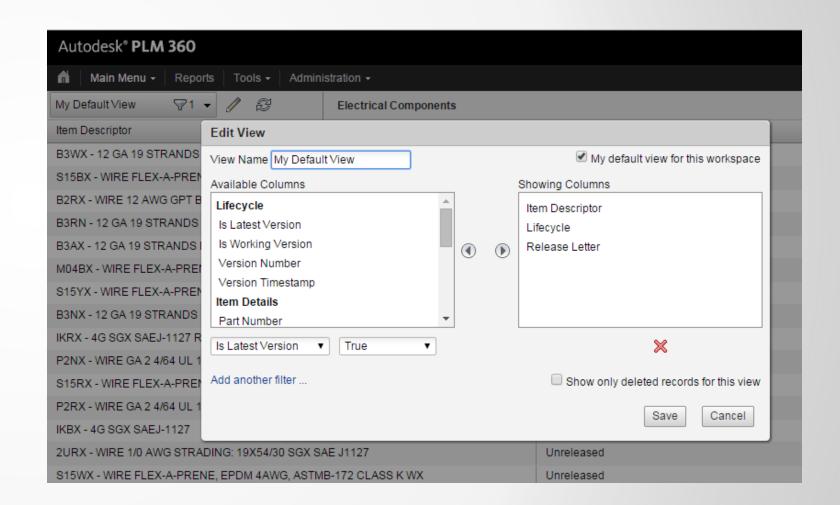


Item is a pump AND
Item is a customer-driven NPI object



Future Plans Class Properties In Reports And Views

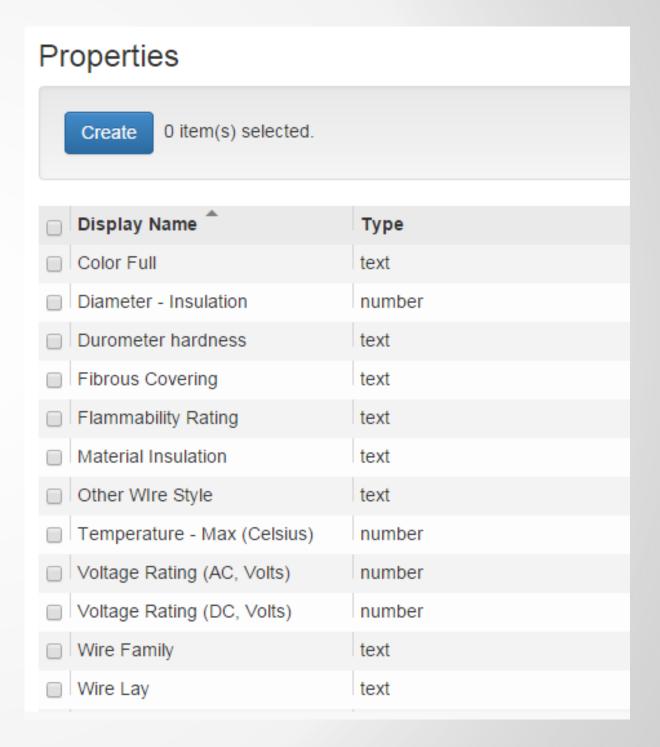
- Workspace Traversal by Class
- Classification Properties in
 - Workspace Views and BOM Views
 - Reports
 - Print Views
 - Advanced Print Views
 - Search





Future Plans Standalone Field Manager

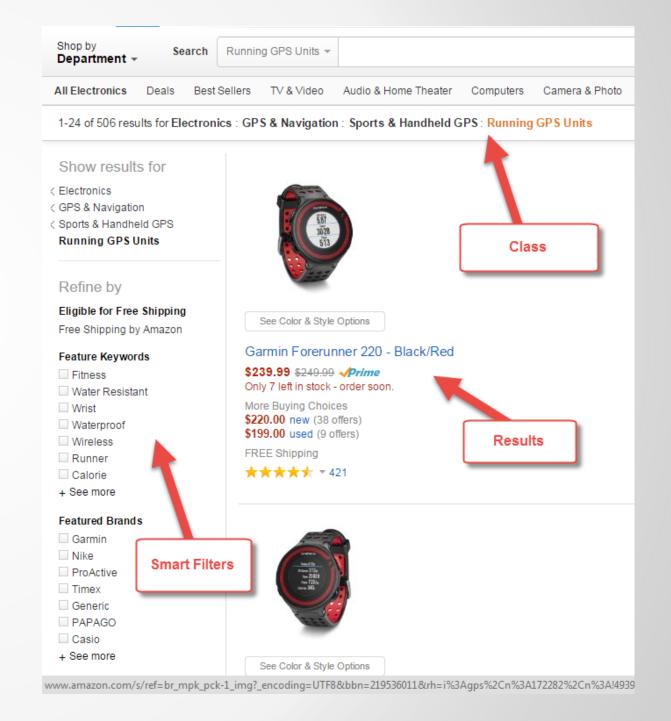
- Share fields across multiple root nodes
- 'Where Used' on fields
- Ad-Hoc association of fields to Items





Future Plans Catalogs and Smart Searches

- Navigate down the structure to define context
- Use class-specific properties to run contextual filters
- Find what you are looking for and add it to your BOM (or do something else with it)





Recap & Questions





Key learning objectives revisited

- Understand initial features of classification tool
- Learn how to create a classification schema
- Learn how to use efficient practices for implementation of feature
- Look to the future of classification in Autodesk PLM 360



Questions to ask your Organization



- Where do we start?
- What fields are class specific?
- What fields are required in each class?
- What fields can be shared across the Hierarchy?
- Who will preform the data transformation, cleaning & structuring tasks?
- Data migration strategies?



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